



# Stellarator database

G. Fuchert (IPP)

EUROfusion meeting on multi-machine database activities in 2020/1

2021-04-29



Max-Planck-Institut  
für Plasmaphysik



This work has been carried out within the framework of the EUROfusion Consortium and has received funding from the Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018 under grant agreement No 633053. The views and opinions expressed herein do not necessarily reflect those of the European Commission.

- **Where are we?**
  - ISHPDB (International Stellarator and Heliotron Profile DataBase)
  - ISHCDB (International Stellarator and Heliotron Confinement DataBase)
  - Empirical scaling ISS04
- **Physics questions**
  - What happens for stellarators at high beta, low collisionality?
  - Why does W7-X not follow ISS04 and what does that mean for fusion?
- **Which data do we need?**
  - More than we have.
- **Additional considerations**
  - Open science / open data
  - Stakeholder interests
  - Interests of EUROfusion

- **Profile database for selected physics topics**

- Easy to navigate and high relevance of the data
- Small number of profiles per topic and highly individualized data sets

## International Stellarator-Heliotron Profile Database

### Public Data

#### Disclaimer

The International Stellarator-Heliotron Database is pursued under the auspices of IEA Implementing Agreement for Cooperation in Development of the Stellarator-Heliotron Concept (2.10.1992). The content of this web-site is the intellectual property of the International Stellarator-Heliotron Profile Database collaboration. Any publication from material stored on this web-site requires agreement from the collaborators. As for the access to LHD data, [LHD\\_DataUsageAgreement](#), [ResearchProposal](#), should be sent to yokoyama @ lhd.nifs.ac.jp.

#### Information

Confinement Data

CERC

High Beta

Validation of Neoclassical Transport

High Performance

High Ti

H-Mode

Edge Turbulence

Plasma Flows

Pellets

Modeling and code verification

#### Update Information

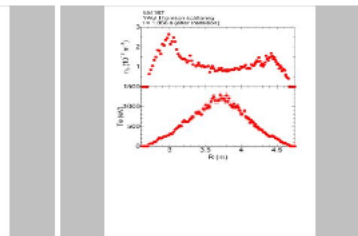
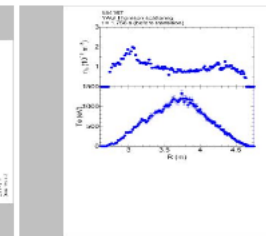
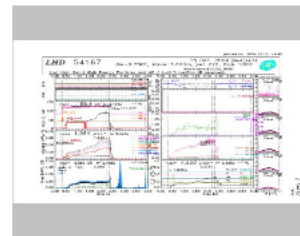
#### How to access?

Software

Stellarator Turbulence

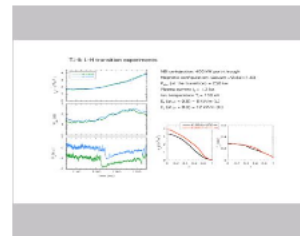
#### LHD H-Mode data

054167  
 shot info  
 txt  
 UFILE  
[lhd\\_054167\\_001756\\_v0001\\_0d.dat](#)  
[lhd\\_054167\\_001756\\_v0001\\_2d.dat](#)  
[lhd\\_054167\\_001856\\_v0001\\_0d.dat](#)  
[lhd\\_054167\\_001856\\_v0001\\_2d.dat](#)  
 xml  
 Confinement Data

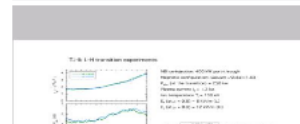


#### TJ-II H-Mode data

018998  
 shot info  
 txt  
 UFILE  
[tjii\\_018998\\_001150\\_v0001\\_2d](#)  
 Configuration Data  
[018998.zip](#)  
 xml  
 Confinement Data



019002  
 shot info  
 txt  
 UFILE  
[tjii\\_019002\\_001171\\_v0001\\_2d](#)  
 Configuration Data



- **ISHCDB (International Stellarator and Heliotron Confinement DataBase)**

- Extensive data set from many different stellarators

- **Empirical cross-machine scaling ISS04**

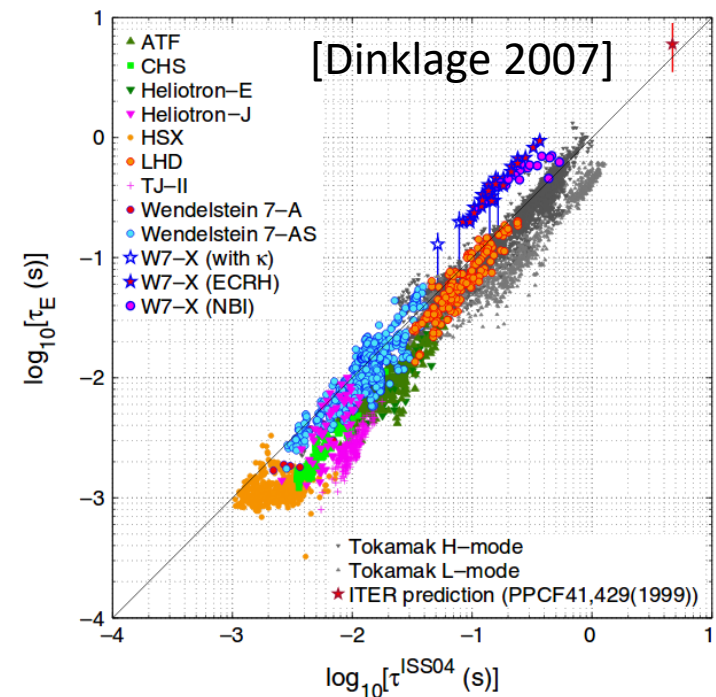
- [Yamada2005]

$$\tau_{\text{ISS04}} = 0.134 a^{2.28} R^{0.64} P^{-0.61} \bar{n}_e^{0.54} B^{0.84} t_{2/3}^{0.41}$$

- (very) different stellarators show a similar scaling behavior
- **BUT** with different prefactors (configuration or renormalization factor)
- $\tau_E = f_r \cdot \tau_{\text{ISS04}}$
- Indications that ISS04 **not** valid at high beta

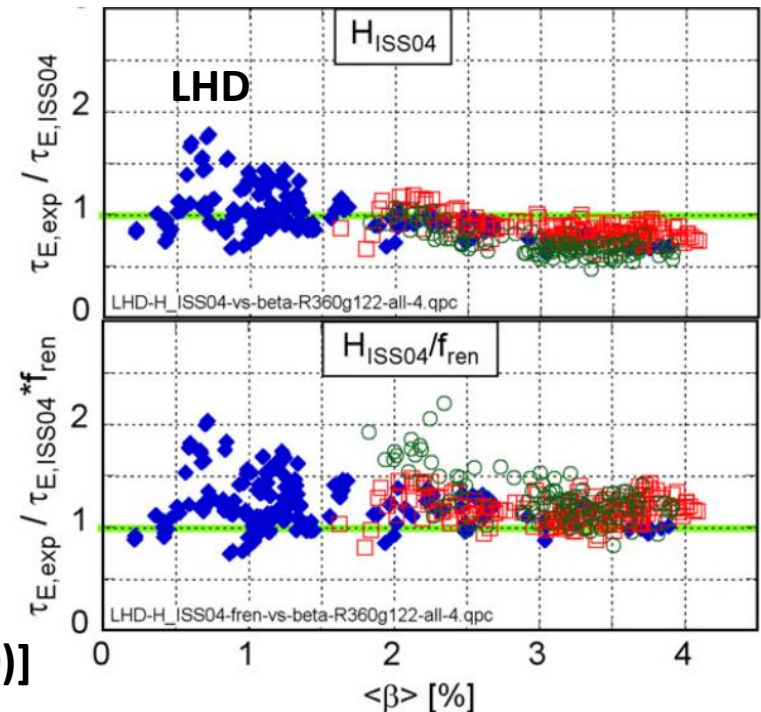
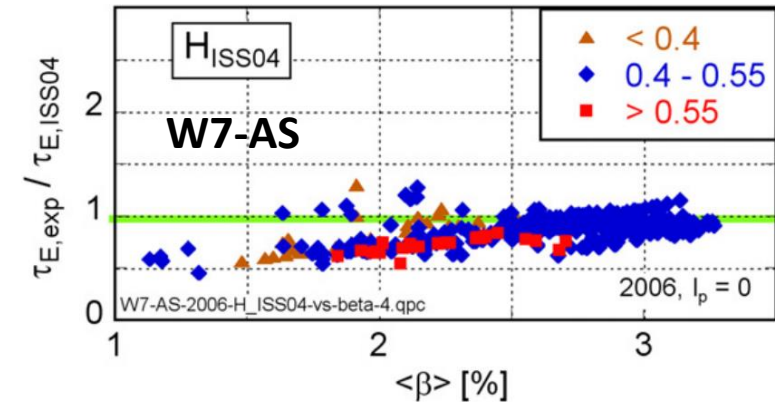
- **The two most important questions:**

- What determines  $f_r$  (optimization!)?
- What happens at high beta / low collisionality?

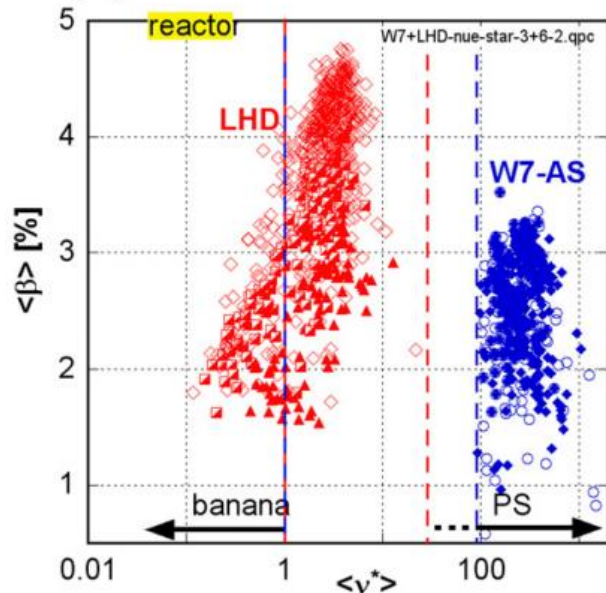


# High-beta scaling

- **W7-AS data inconclusive**
  - No strong degradation in global performance
- **LHD sees a high-beta degradation**
- **Collisionalities not yet reactor-relevant**
  - Great importance of W7-X



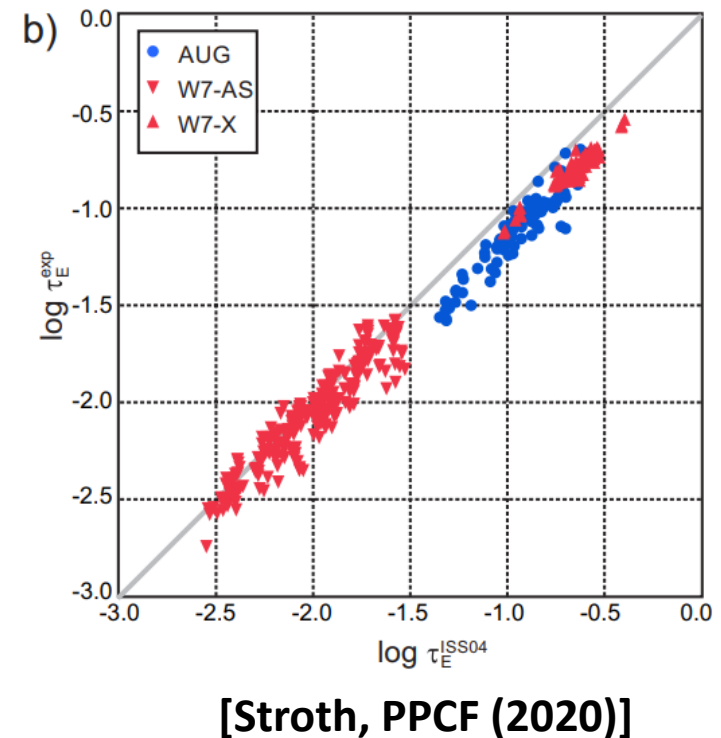
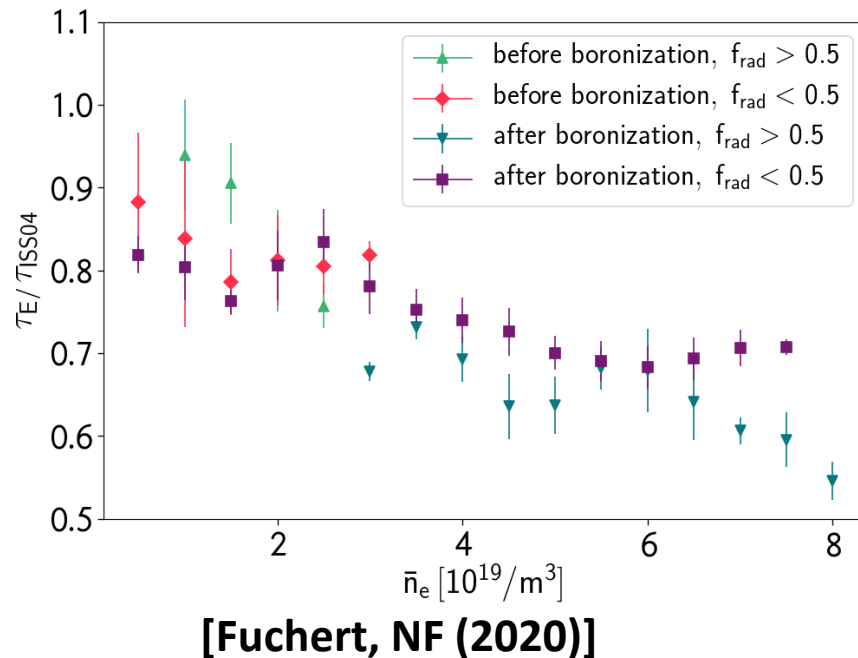
High- $\beta$  Collisionalities in W7-AS and LHD



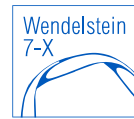
[Weller, NF (2020)]

## • Global energy confinement time

- Essentially in line with ISS04 for low densities.
- Weaker density scaling for higher densities (not yet high beta).
- Probably due to electron-heating together with turbulent transport.
- No sufficient database for a high-beta scaling, yet.



# Which data do we need?



- **The current database is rather old and lacks important data**

- Especially from LHD (high-beta experiments) and W7-X (anything).
- There were efforts in the past few years to extend the database.
- But the „data providers“ were not too collaborative (including me...).

- **BUT**

- We know that the „boring plasmas“ (meeting the selection criteria for ISS04) in essentially all devices, including W7-X, roughly follow ISS04.
- Reactor-relevant regimes are not meeting the selection criteria (especially high radiation).
- **My personal opinion:** There is little value in just adding W7-X to the old database, derive „ISS2X“ and find that it is „roughly the same“. We will not learn anything that we don't know already!

- **ISHCDB is lacking crucial data to answer the relevant questions**
  - „Geometric“ quantities (elongation, effective helical ripple,...).
  - Reduced profile information (Te/Ti, density peaking,...).
- **The data structure requires flexibility**
  - Not all data may be available for every experiment.
  - Important quantities may have to be added later on, reflecting new insight.
- **Ideally, the data could be traced back to the „raw data set“**
  - „Manually“ possible for the ISHCDB
- **Unified structure with the tokamak universe?**
  - see next slide

- **Open science / open data topics are becoming increasingly important**
    - Data of fusion experiments is complex: Many different physical quantities, different dimensionality, only meaningful with meta data.
  - **Funding agencies and authorities will likely establish requirements**
    - **FAIR** principles: **F**indable, **A**ccessible, **I**nteroperable, **R**eusable
    - Challenge: It is unclear how these requirements will look like.
    - It seems foolish not to be prepared, especially if we set up an extended database.
  - **Prepare the data set for automated analysis**
    - Possibly part of the FAIR principles.
    - Probably even in our own interest.
- **Who defines the requirements and who is implementing them (external input to minimize additional work load?)**

- **Collaborators: Can all data be gathered and stored?**
  - „political clearance“ for existing (and legacy) experiments in different countries
- **EUROfusion**
  - Input for the EUROfusion roadmap and „Mission 8“
  - Benchmark cases for theory support (TSVV)
- **Fusion community**
  - Comparison of different reactor concepts:
    - Tokamaks and stellarators
    - Different stellarator concepts

- **Reactor-relevant questions cannot be answered with the current database**
  - Important data is missing.
  - The scaling-approach itself needs to be revisited.
- **New data has to be added**
  - Just expand the old data structure?
  - Or setup a more modern structure?
  - Possibly even covering tokamak and stellarator data?
  - Metadata not meeting FAIR principles.
- **Stakeholder interests**
  - Realizing projects with many international partners cumbersome
  - EUROfusion goals require a comprehensive database