



## WP 3.1

## 1D reduced models

Nakia Carlevaro





# Framework: WP3 - Implementation, application and verification of reduced EP transport models

 Largely based on the results of WP1 and WP2, WP3 contains the detailed description of the plans for implementation, verification and validation of the advanced transport models.

o Key Persons: N. Carlevaro, M.V. Falessi, A. Biancalani

o Collaboration: P. Lauber, G. Meng, X. Wang, F. Zonca

Main objective: optimize and validate the mapping procedure partially developed in MET (details in the next slides) to situations of practical interest.

• Analysis/prediction of avalanches (non-diffusive transport) triggered by EPs.



### Mapping Procedure

- Aim: reproduce radial transport of EP using a reduced 1D model (bump-on-tail)
  - o low computational effort
  - o predict relevant phenomena beyond QL
- Local mapping:  $u = (1 s)\ell$ .
- Application to the ITER 15MA baseline scenario (PPCF 58, 014019 (2016)) w/ 27 TAEs
  - Relevance of convective transport (breakdown of diffusive paradigm).



- **1D transport more efficient transport: r**ealistic redistribution averaged on the whole EP addressing the detailed **modulation of wave-particle power transfer**.
  - drive reduction  $\gamma_D/\omega_0 = \alpha \ \gamma_D^{AE}/\omega_{AE}$  with  $\alpha \leq 1$





- Redistribution of a set of EP tracers which maximize the power exchange can be proper described with  $\alpha = 1$  (CNPS Talk, paper to be submitted).
- Single toroidal mode number: cut the phase space into infinitesimal/ independent slices by fixing two constants of motion  $\mu$  and  $K = E - \omega_{AE}P_{\phi}/n$



- Co-p tracers: most resonant slice K = 1.5 MeV and  $\mu = 164 keV$ .







#### Modeling beyond the QL approach

• MET results (EPS 2021): hierarchical description of the 1D VP system

$$\partial_t f_k = -ikv f_k + \frac{e}{m} \sum_{k'} E_{k'} \partial_v f_{k-k'}$$
$$\partial_t E_k = -i\omega_p E_k + \frac{2\pi e\omega_p}{k} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} dv f_k$$

Spatial homogeneous initial conditions: dynamics of k = 0

$$\partial_t f_0 = \frac{e}{m} \sum_{k'} E_{k'} \partial_v f_{-k'}$$

• Diagonal reduction:  $f_k$  is assumed to receive mainly contribution from the correspondent harmonics (k' = k) (no mode-mode interaction):

$$\partial_t f_k = -ikv f_k + \frac{e}{m} E_k \partial_v f_0 \implies f_k(t,v) = \frac{e}{m} \int_0^t dt' E_k(t') e^{ikv(t'-t)} \partial_v f_0(t',v)$$

• Dynamics of EP distribution function:

$$\partial_t f_0(t,v) - \frac{e^2}{m^2} \sum_k \left[ E_k \,\partial_v \left( \int_{-0}^t dt' E_k^*(t') e^{ikv(t'-t)} \partial_v f_0(t',v) \right) + c.c. \right] = 0$$

- Using external spectrum: well **prediction until saturation**.

• In the mapping framework: diagonal VP system implemented to describe realistic **temporal mesoscales**.





### GK Simulations (details in A. Biancalani talk)

- GK PIC **code ORB5 sims** are in plan to provide a further test-bed for reduced models.
- EP transport carried by Alfvén modes studied with ORB5 in simplified configurations [e.g. Biancalani-PPCF-2017, Cole-PoP-2017] and experimental configurations [Hayward-Schneider-NuFu-2021].
- EP transport carried by EGAM also studied with ORB5 [Biancalani-JPP-2018, Novikau-PoP-2020] and compared with 1D reduced models
   [Biancalani-JPP-2018] --> good estimation of the nonlinear width of the EP distr. funct. modified by the EGAM in velocity space (see figure).



- EP-turbulence direct or indirect interaction has raised interest of our community.
- In this project: EP transport carried by Alfvén modes and EGAMs in the presence of turbulence with ORB5 simulations and comparison with reduced models.



#### Workplan details

 Define mapping procedure moving to global dynamics implementing coherent summation over different slices: estimation of the corresponding weight invoking the global/reduced wave-particle power exchange.

**Systematic implementation to study reference cases** and w/ possible QL upgrading: DTT and ITER inductive scenarios; AUG cases for validation with the experiment.

- **Extension of the 1D reduced models** to cases with ZS and turbulence: benchmark w/ fully gyrokinetic simulations using ORB5 (see WP 3.6). Discrimination for relevance of ZS and turbulence.
- **Milestones (**no updates/changes)
  - 2021 M1: Implementation of the 1D "mapping" in general geometry.
    2022 M2: Interface of the 1D "mapping" in the ITER/IMAS workflow; Investigation of the influence of turbulence on the 1D "mapping".





- **Deliverables** (no updates/changes)
  - 2022 D1: Validated 1D reduced model for EP transport in ITER/DTT.
  - 2023 D2: Systematic statistical analysis of test particle transport and assessment of diffusive vs. non diffusive behaviors (WP3.2).
- Manpower allocation (tentative)
  - N. Carlevaro, M.V. Falessi, F. Zonca: BPS simulations, mapping extension (global description and slices).
  - P. Lauber, G. Meng, X. Wang: LIGKA/HAGIS simulations, reference case selection/analysis.
  - A. Biancalani: fully GK simulation (ORB5) benchmark (ZS/turbulence).

#### Exchange of data

- IMAS compatibility for the "mapping" planned in M2 (2022).
- Quantities needed for reduced model: drives/damping for spectrum (linear theory), mode structure (resonance width).



#### • Diagnostics

**EURO***fusion* 

- Mapping initial step: slice identification (G. Meng); details of power exchange.
- ZS/turbulence.
- Simplified benchmark case
  - First step (M1 end 2021): single reference case (one population drive, high saturation) for moving to global mapping representation.
  - Specific WP workshops.
- No travel needed for this initial stage.