



SP D.3 – ERO modelling of erosion, migration in GyM and AUG

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Beneficiary: ENEA

Linked third parties: Politecnico di Milano, ISTP-CNR



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The framework: erosion/deposition simulations in GyM and AUG with ERO2.0

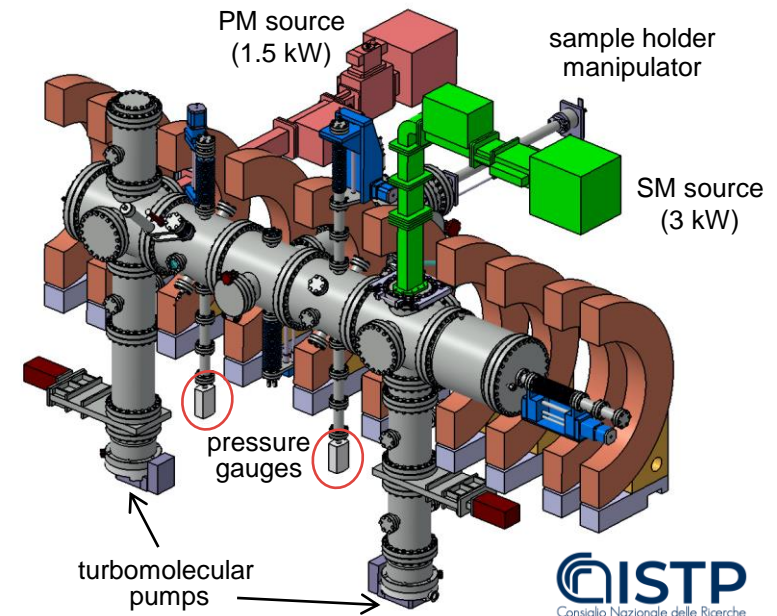


Aims of the work at PoliMi and ISTP-CNR in the context of WP PWIE – SP D3

- Study erosion and morphology evolution of model surfaces, varying roughness and incidence angle
- Couple SOLPS-ITER and ERO2.0 in linear device
- Study erosion and global migration in GyM
- Perform global simulations in AUG with existing SOLPS-ITER plasma background

The linear plasma device GyM @ISTP-CNR, Milano

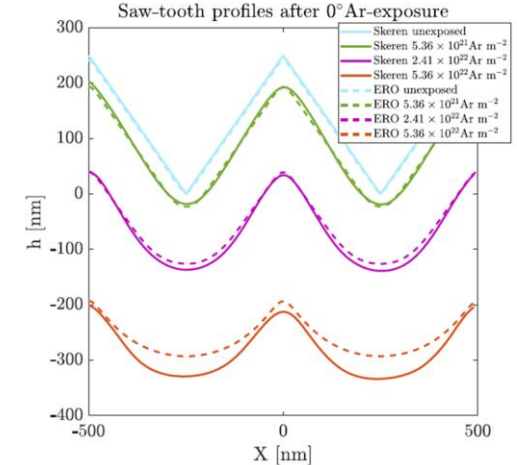
Working pressure	up to 10^{-3} mbar
Magnetic field	$B_{\max} \approx 0.13$ T $I = 600$ A
Microwave source power	$P_{\max} = 4.5$ kW
Plasma characteristics	n_e up to 10^{17} m^{-3} $T_e \approx 5-10$ eV
Ion flux on on target	up to 10^{21} $m^{-2} s^{-1}$
Fluence on target	up to 10^{25} m^{-2} obtained working in steady state for 7 hours





Comparison ERO2.0 / literature analytical models

- Motivation: considering aspects not included in ERO2.0, e.g. crystalline orientation
- Simulations performed with initial sawtooth morphology and Ar plasma
- Good agreement at low fluences (single crystal case)
- Assessed the influence of randomly oriented grains



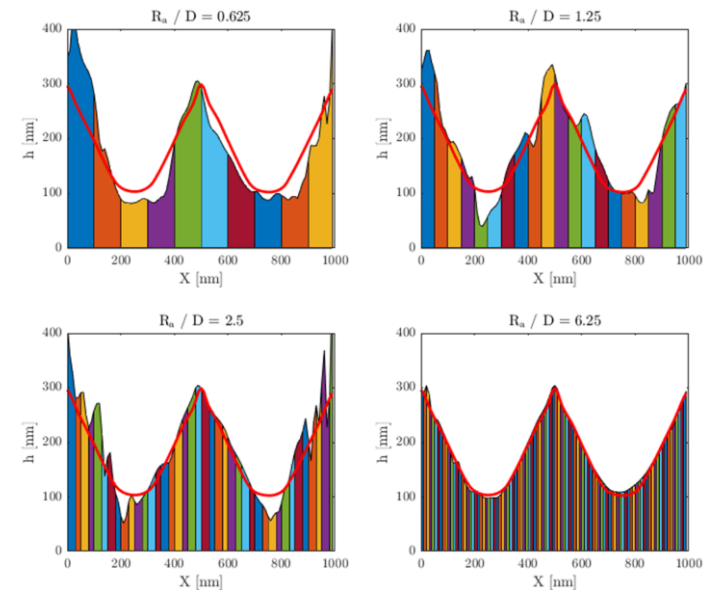
Evolution of realistic experimental surfaces

- AFM-generated input morphology
- Assessed role of sheath-tracing on erosion rate
- Need for further code improvements

Related publications

G. Alberti et al 2021 Nucl. Fusion 61 066039

G. Alberti et al 2021, PFMC-18 conference





- Support towards further development of ERO2.0
 - ➔ put in evidence the relevant physics to be introduced in ERO, e.g. crystallinity, in collaboration with code developers (J. Romazanov, A. Kirschner)
- Study of erosion and morphology evolution at the nanoscale
 - ➔ assess the dependence of erosion on roughness and incidence angle
 - ➔ preparatory work for comparison between ERO2.0 simulations and model samples exposed in GyM

ERO2.0 global migration in GyM: plans for 2021



SOLPS-ITER coupling with ERO2.0 in linear device

- Production of ERO2.0 inputs from SOLPS-ITER solution

➔ from 2D plasma background to 3D volume: specific issues in a linear device

- Use of He-plasma background from SOLPS-ITER simulations in GyM:

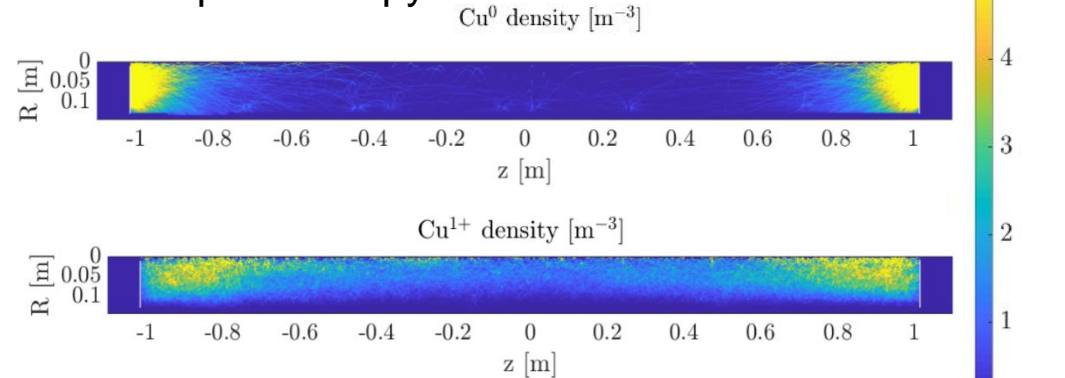
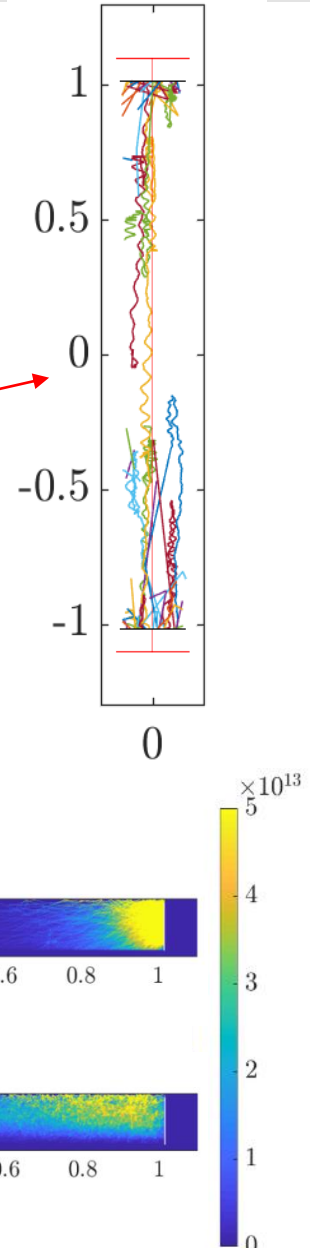
Full machine configuration

➔ Study of erosion/deposition on GyM wall and **migration**, changing wall material (Cu, Be, W). NO yields available on ERO repository for He plasma on Fe

Sample holder configuration

➔ Erosion and global transport from exposed samples, to find optimal position for catch-up plates / QMB

➔ Possible comparison with experimental spectroscopy measurements in GyM (after 2021)





- As preliminarily discussed in WP TE, ERO2.0 simulations of erosion/deposition experiments and migration in AUG
 - ➔ L-mode D-plasma, starting from already existing SOLPS plasma background produced under MST1-19-T10-AUG
 - ➔ Comparison with VTT ERO simulations
 - ➔ assess the role of main chamber sources and flows on divertor markers erosion/deposition experiments. Need for AUG 3D geometry



Thank you!