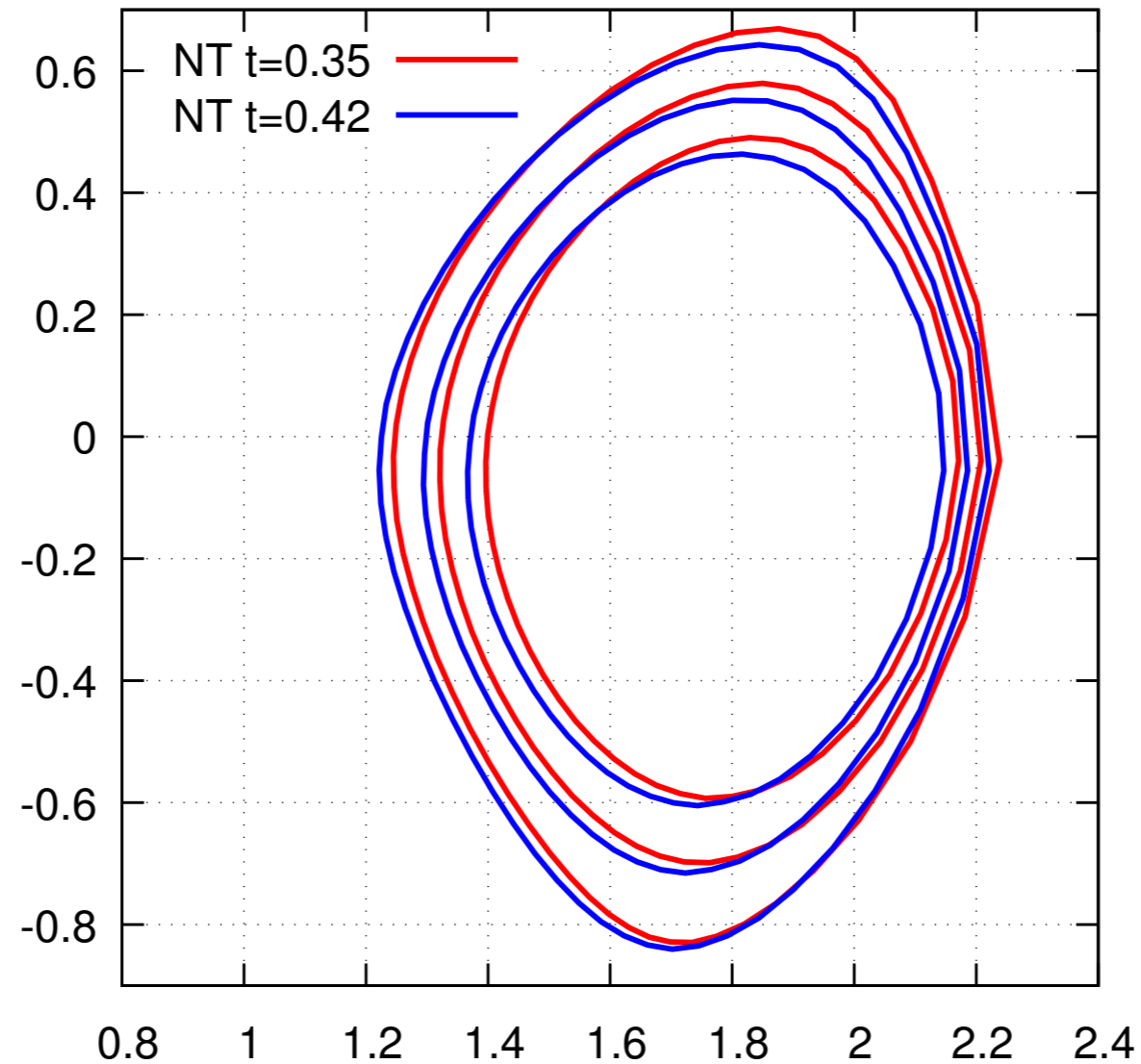


Physics insights into NT core turbulence



Justin Ball

2021 Annual TSVV 2 Workshop

2 December 2021

Milestones

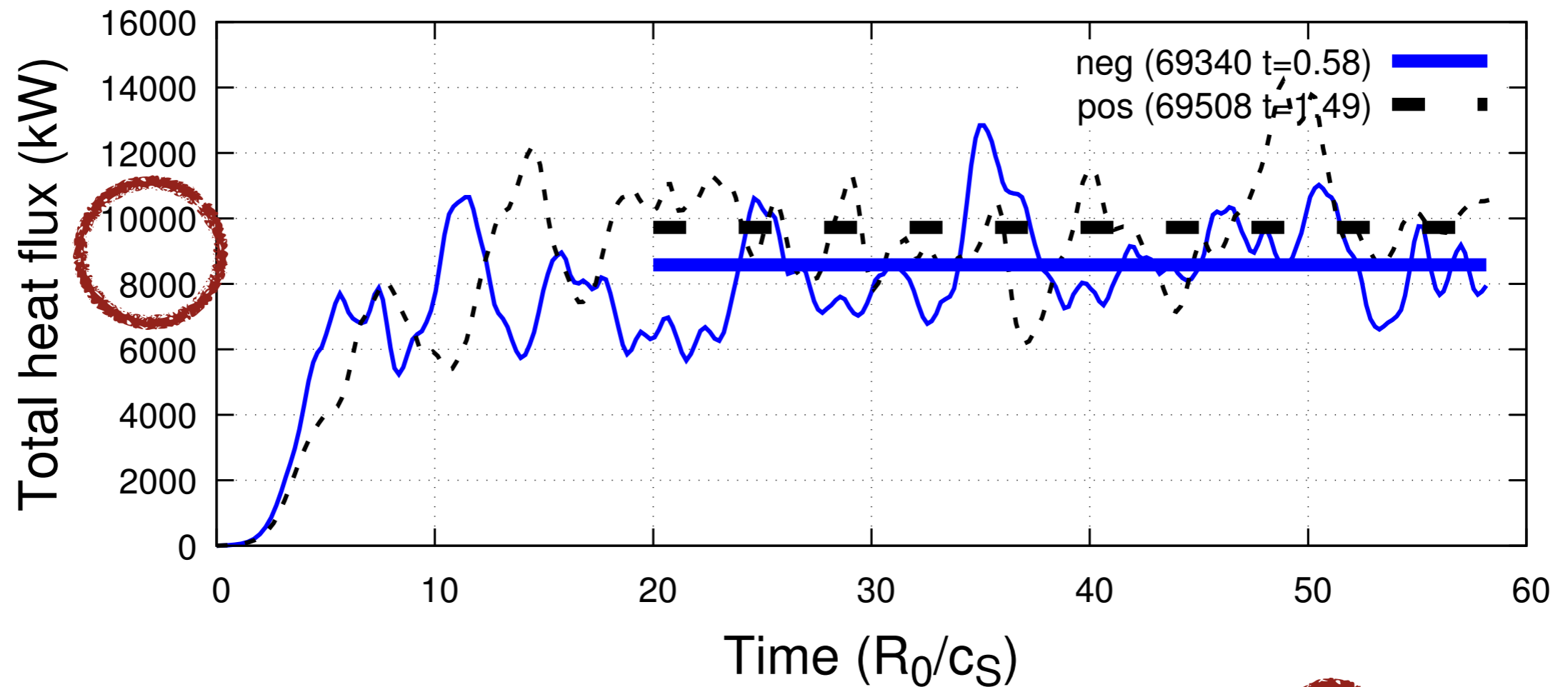
Milestone	Description	Target date
M1.1.1	Use local electrostatic GK simulations to assess magnetic equilibria and plasma profiles for consistency with design objectives	5.2021
M1.1.2	Perform local electrostatic GK simulations of PT and NT equilibria and swap individual geometric coefficients and plasma parameters to identify the dominate terms	11.2021
M1.1.3	Perform comprehensive study of critical gradient and stiffness as a function of minor radius using local GK simulations	3.2022

Outline

- **Matching the experimental heat flux for TCV equilibria**
- Swapping geometric coefficients for DEMO equilibria
- DEMO equilibria with hybrid electrons
- Preliminary DIII-D simulations

Issue with simulations of TCV equilibria

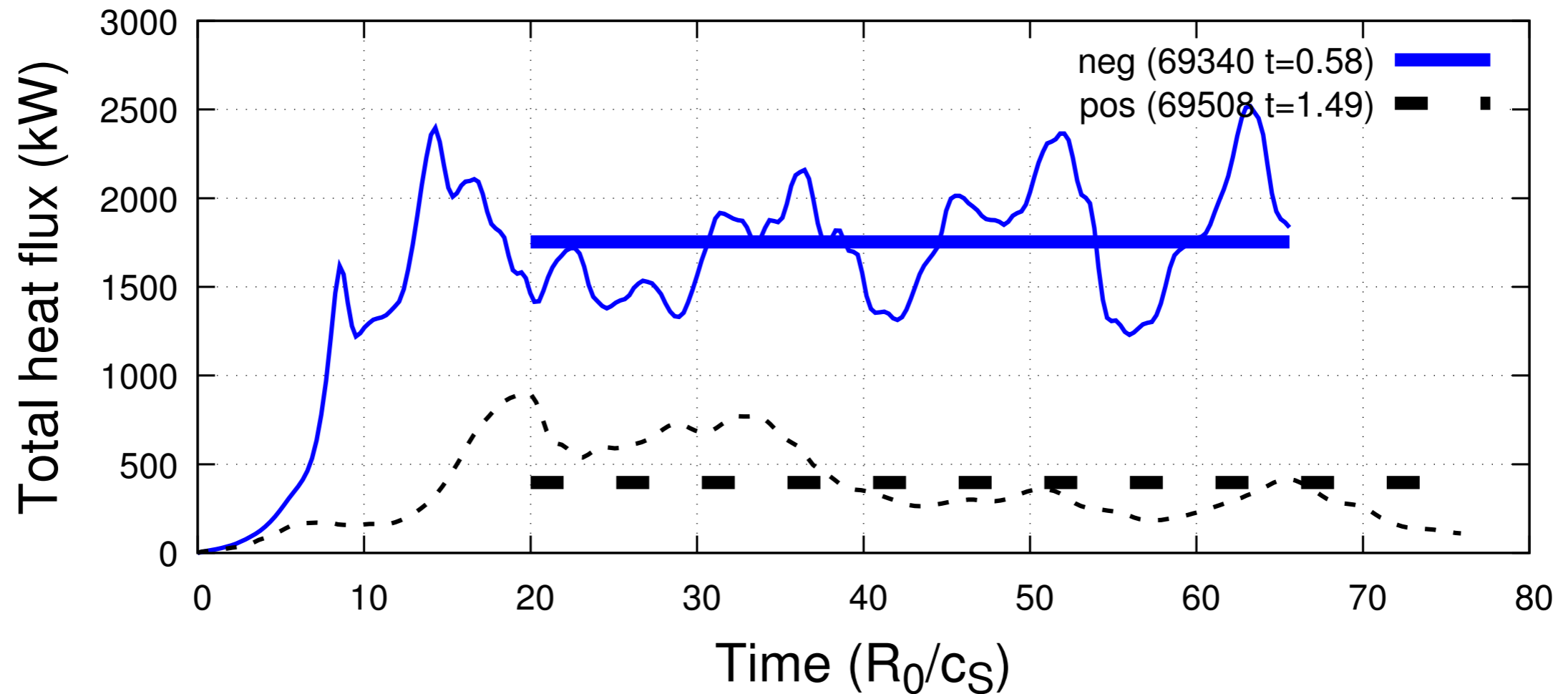
- Previously, there was a factor of >10x discrepancy with experimental results



Description	Constants of comparison	Machine	Discharge	Time (sec)	elong	delta	betaN	P_nbi (kW)
Diverted, PT	Ip, betaN, ne	TCV	69508	1.49	1.43	+0.28	1.12	735
Diverted, NT	Ip, betaN, ne	TCV	69340	0.58	1.42	-0.28	0.97	362

Simulations of TCV equilibria

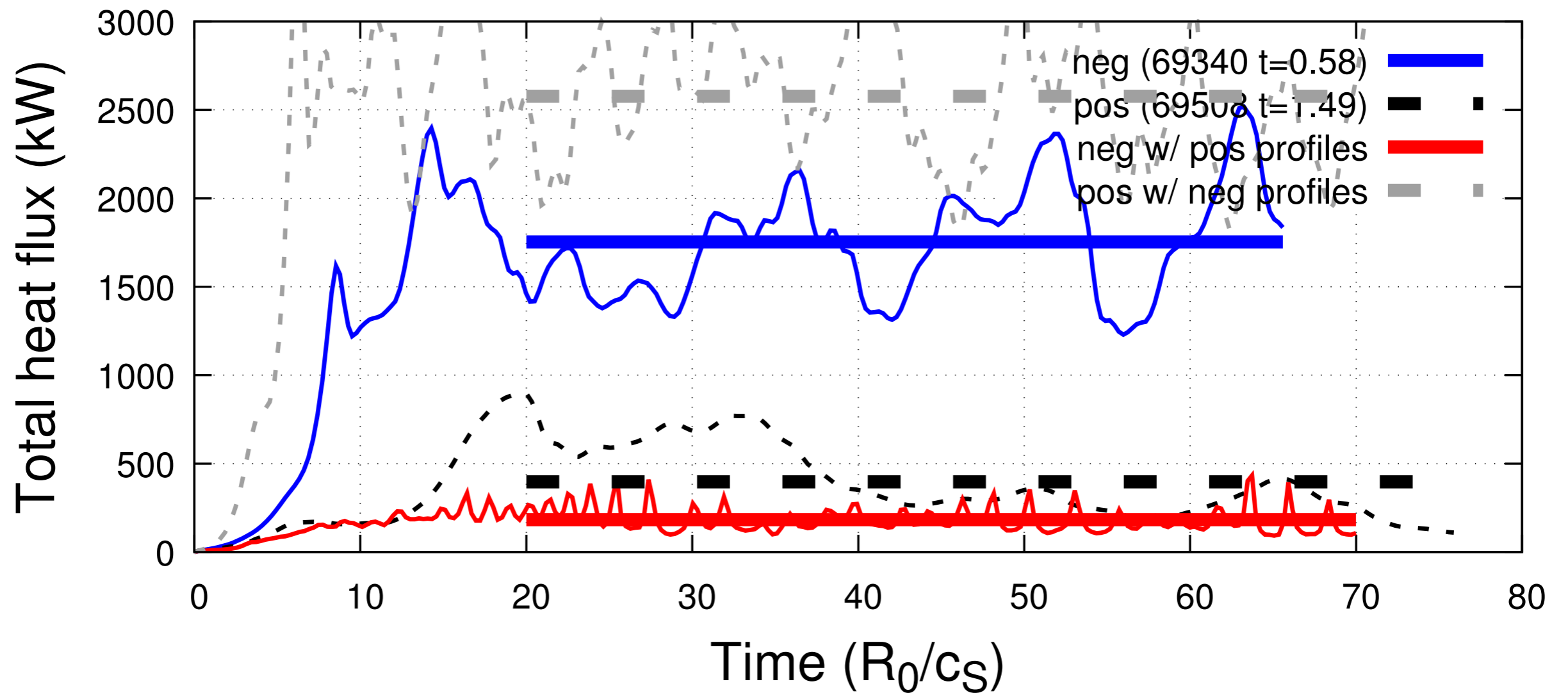
- Largely resolved by including collisions



Description	Constants of comparison	Machine	Discharge	Time (sec)	elong	delta	betaN	P_nbi (kW)
Diverted, PT	I_p, β_N, n_e	TCV	69508	1.49	1.43	+0.28	1.12	735
Diverted, NT	I_p, β_N, n_e	TCV	69340	0.58	1.42	-0.28	0.97	362

Simulations of TCV equilibria

- Negative triangularity is still stabilizing, holding the profiles constant

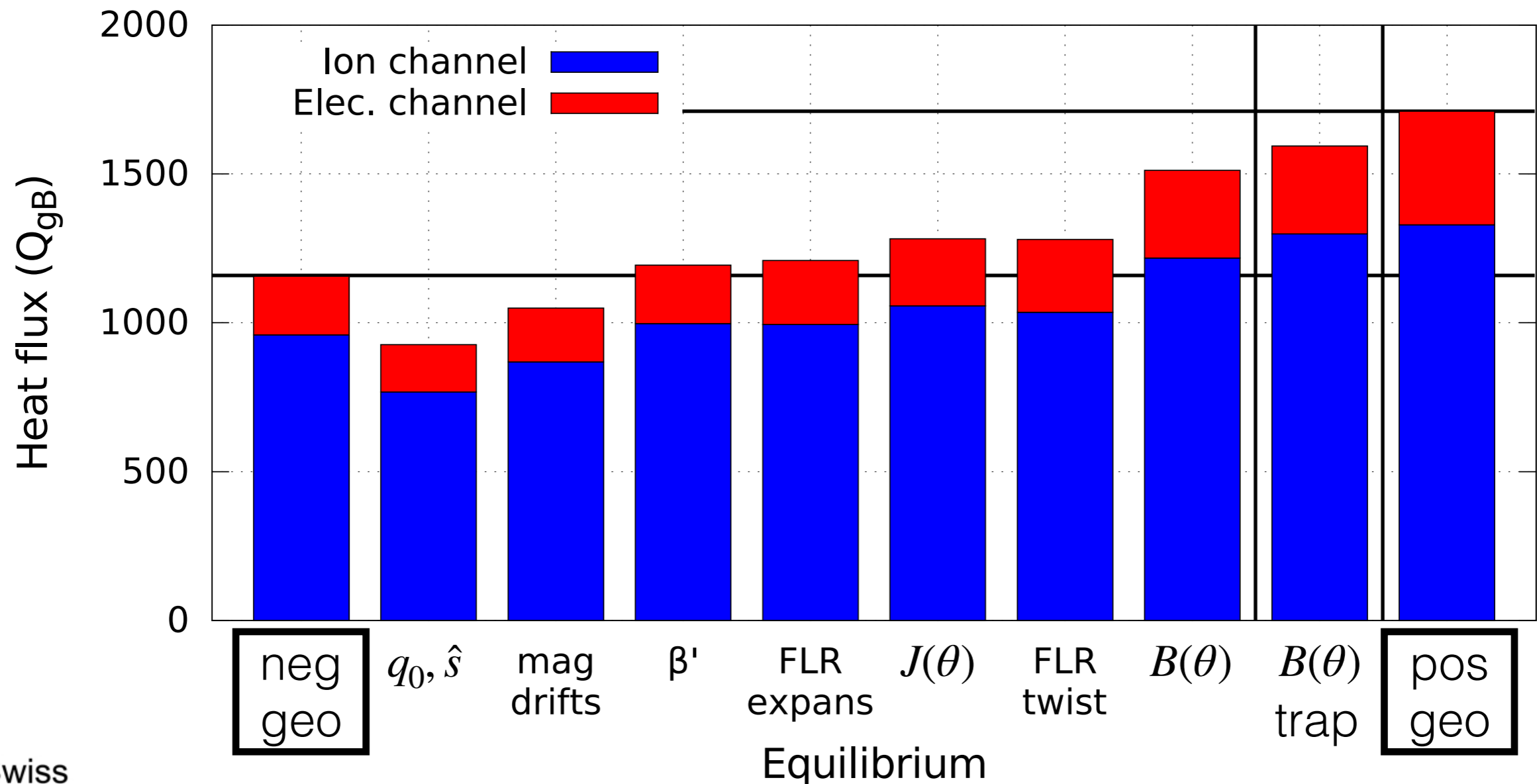


Outline

- Matching the experimental heat flux for TCV equilibria
- **Swapping geometric coefficients for DEMO equilibria**
- DEMO equilibria with hybrid electrons
- Preliminary DIII-D simulations

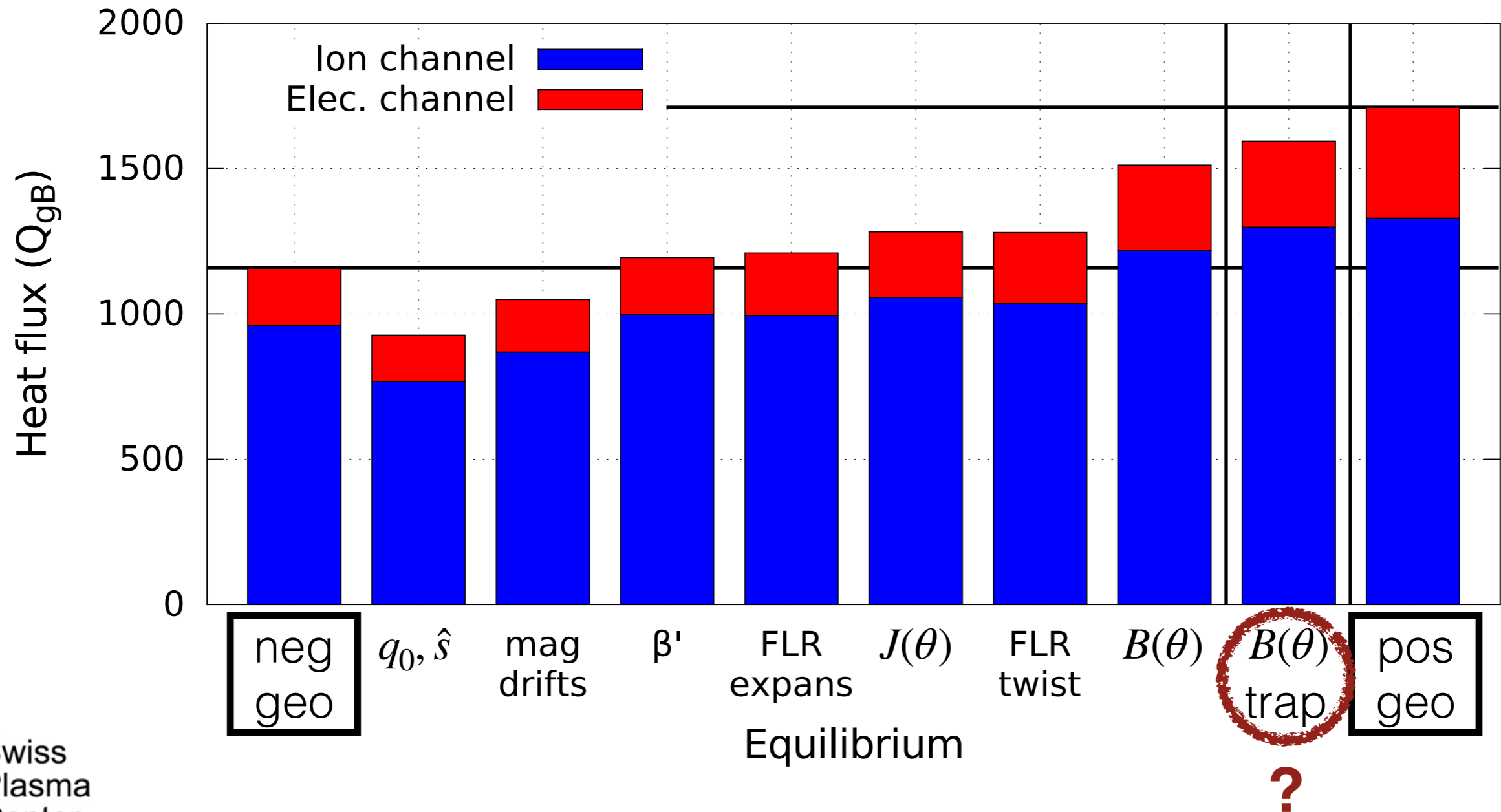
DEMO equilibria with ITG-driven turbulence

- When preparing to repeat geo. coeff. swapping with TCV equilibria, I discovered a bug in particle trapping simulation



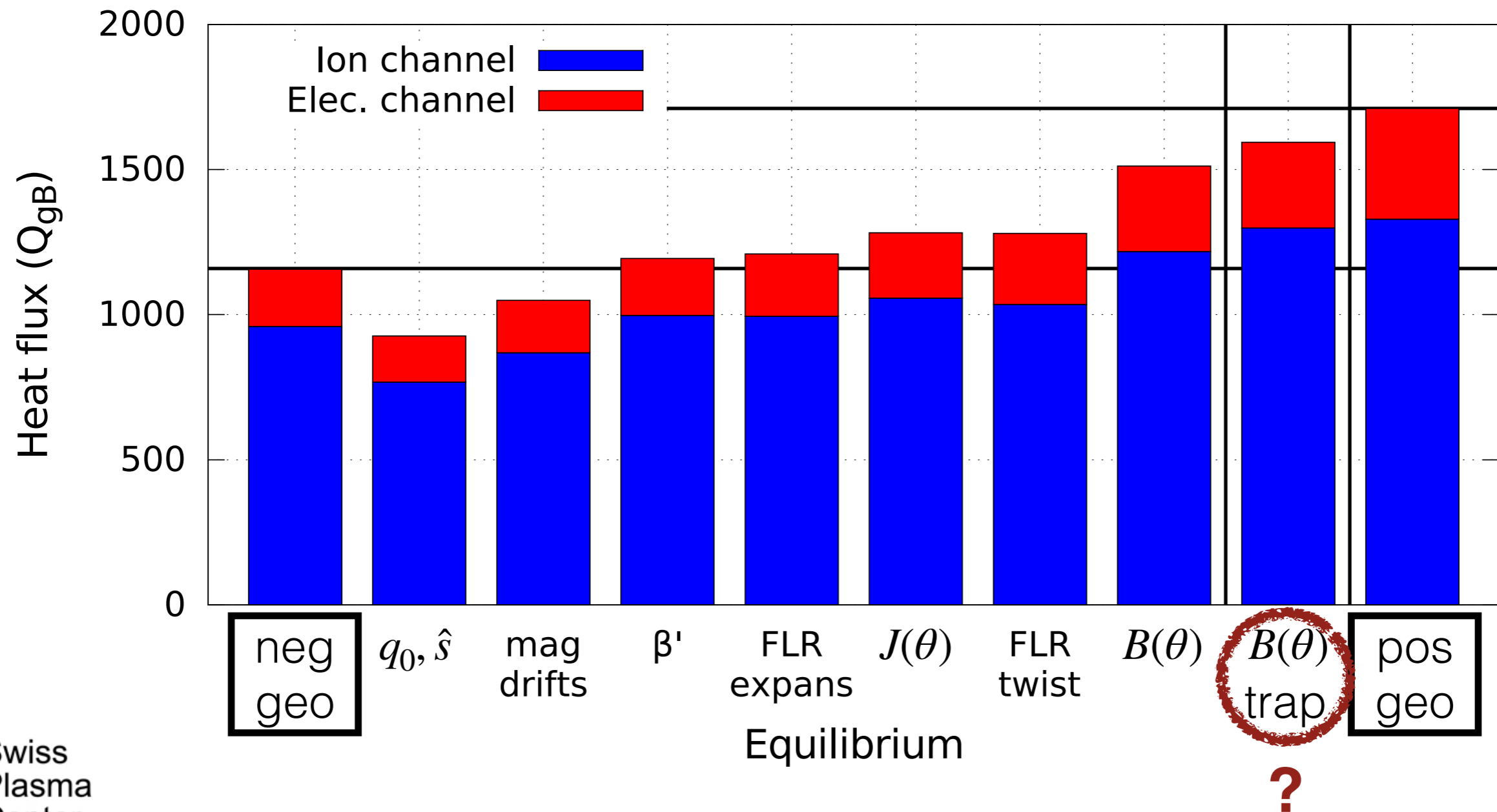
DEMO equilibria with ITG-driven turbulence

- When preparing to repeat geo. coeff. swapping with TCV equilibria, I discovered a bug in particle trapping simulation



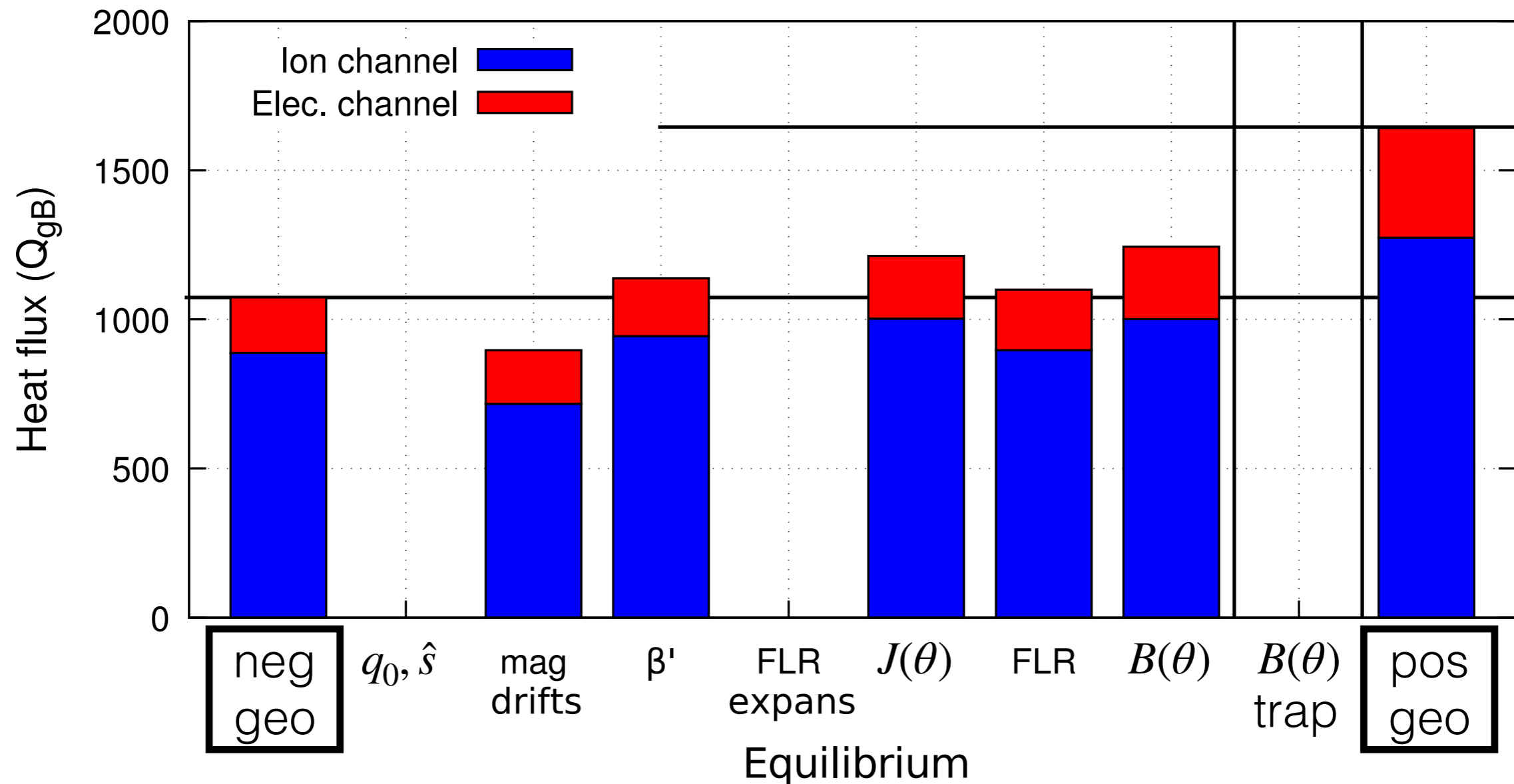
DEMO equilibria with ITG-driven turbulence

- Fixing it causes a slowly-building high-wavenumber mode that dramatically reduces the time step



DEMO equilibria with ITG-driven turbulence

- Repeating the $B(\theta)$ simulation gives a somewhat lower result (but within statistical error bars)

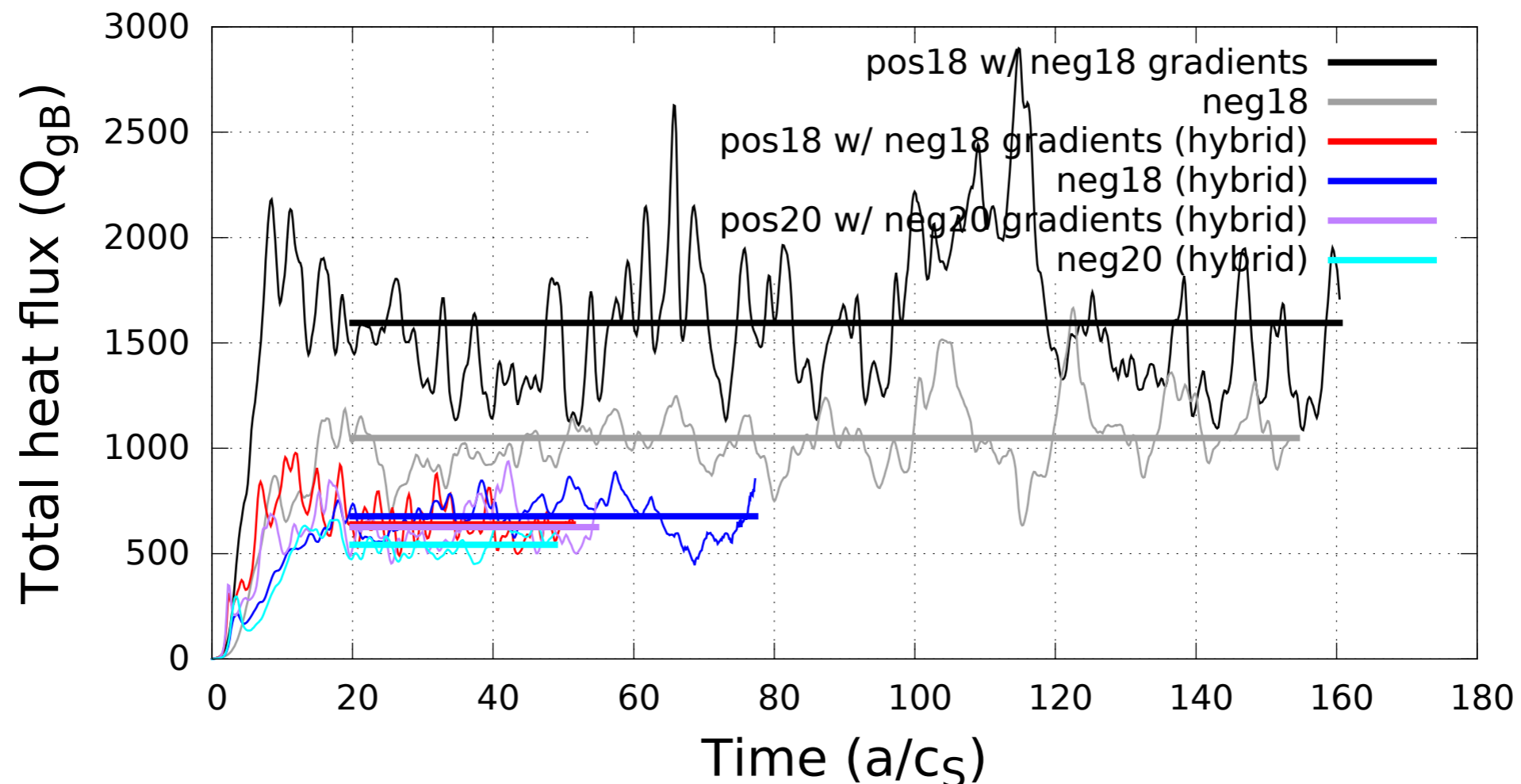


Outline

- Matching the experimental heat flux for TCV equilibria
- Swapping geometric coefficients for DEMO equilibria
- **DEMO equilibria with hybrid electrons**
- Preliminary DIII-D simulations

DEMO equilibria with hybrid electron model

- Hybrid electrons show little difference between positive and negative triangularity
- However, the hybrid negative triangularity simulations show same slowly-building, high-wavenumber mode as before

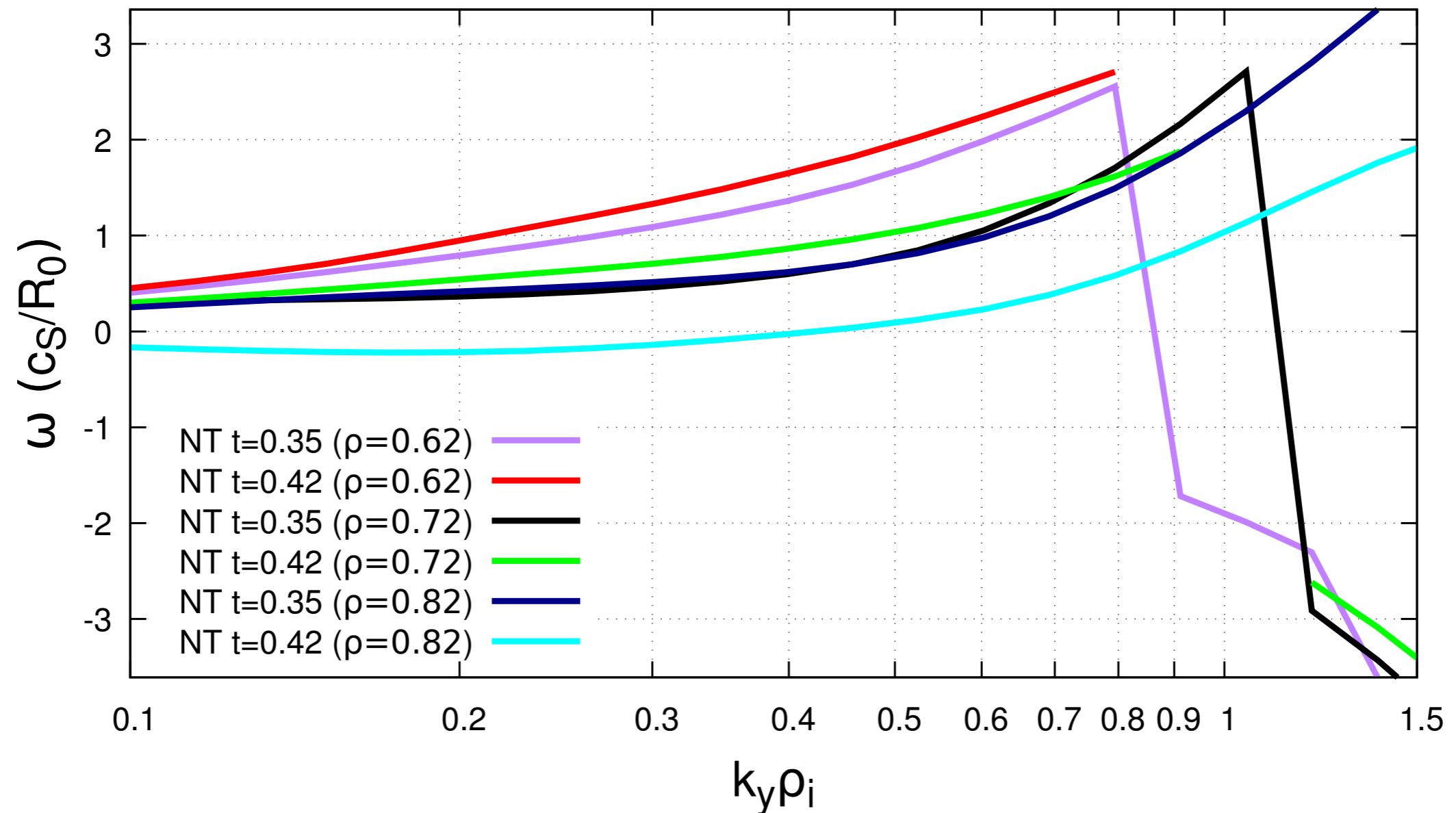


Outline

- Matching the experimental heat flux for TCV equilibria
- Swapping geometric coefficients for DEMO equilibria
- DEMO equilibria with hybrid electrons
- **Preliminary DIII-D simulations**

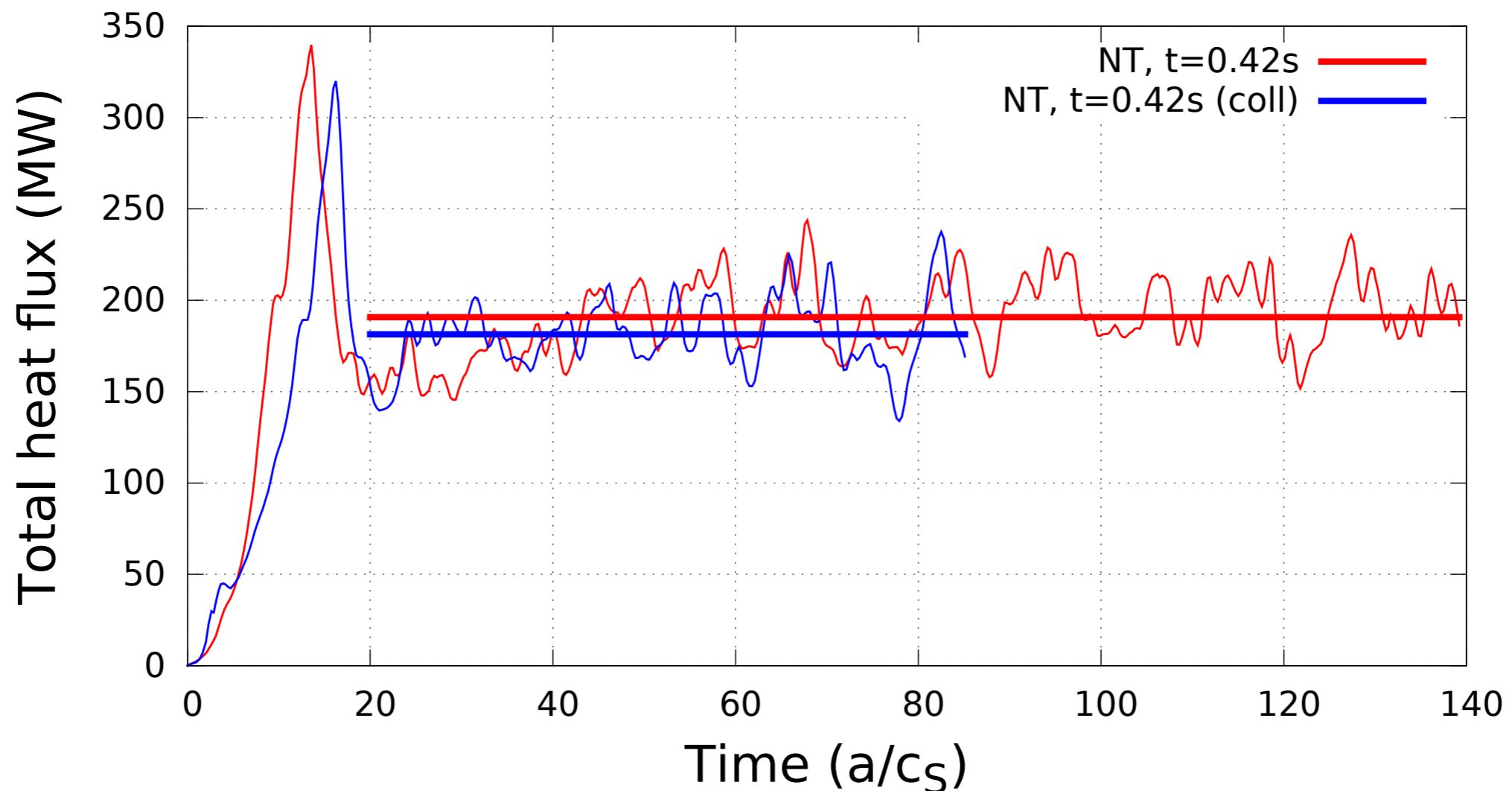
Preliminary analysis of DIII-D NT equilibria

- Indicates that ITG turbulence is dominant



Preliminary analysis of DIII-D NT equilibria

- Nonlinear heat flux is x10 too high (again...), even including collisions
- Potentially due fast ion stabilization from NBI? Under-resolved?



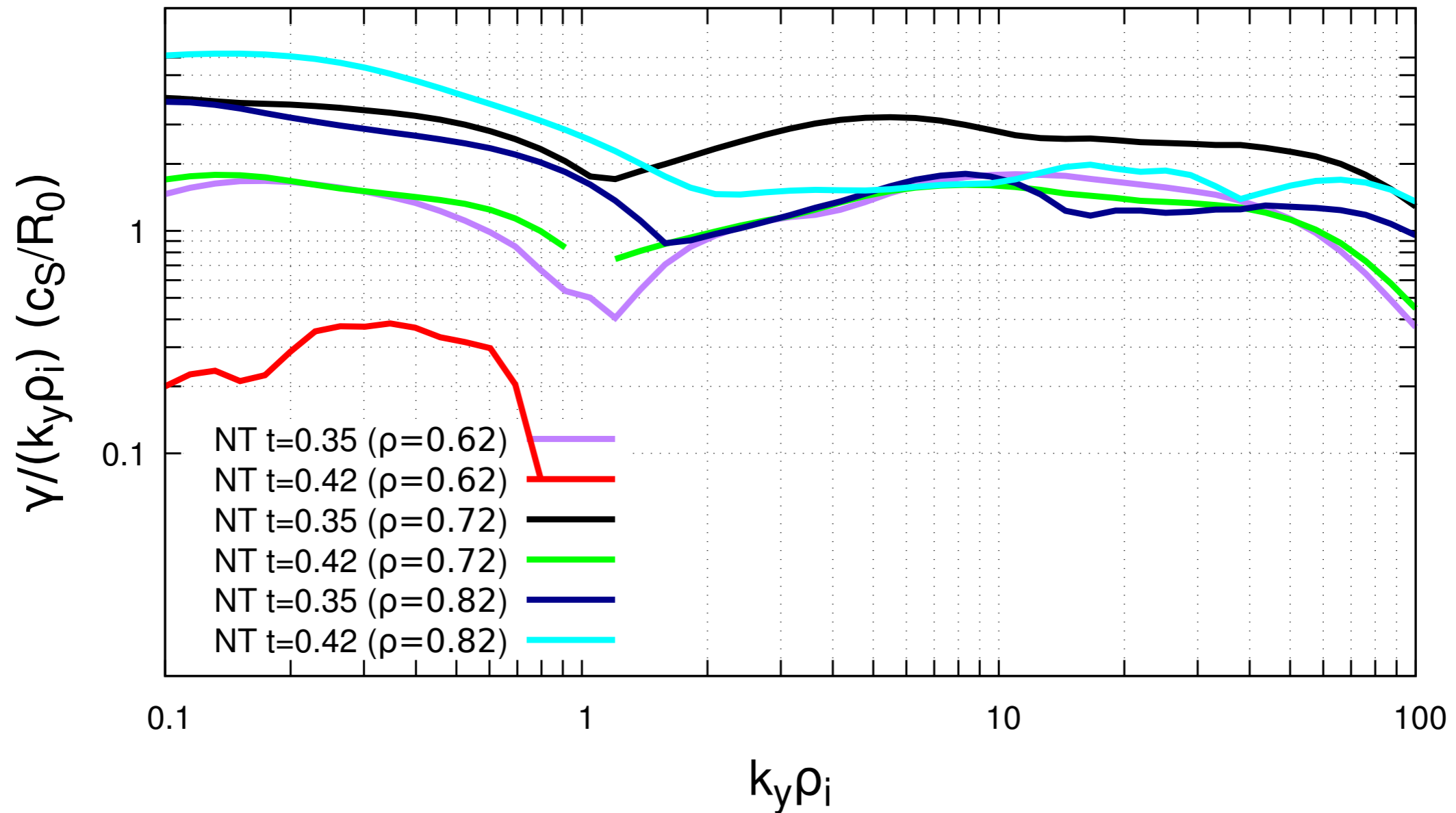
Takeaways and future plans

- Simulations of TCV equilibria need to include collisions
- Swapping geometric coefficients is on-going
 - DEMO results are less clear than previously thought
 - Repeating with TCV equilibria is underway
- DIII-D equilibria are ITG dominated
 - Still need a comparable PT equilibrium and to get realistic heat fluxes

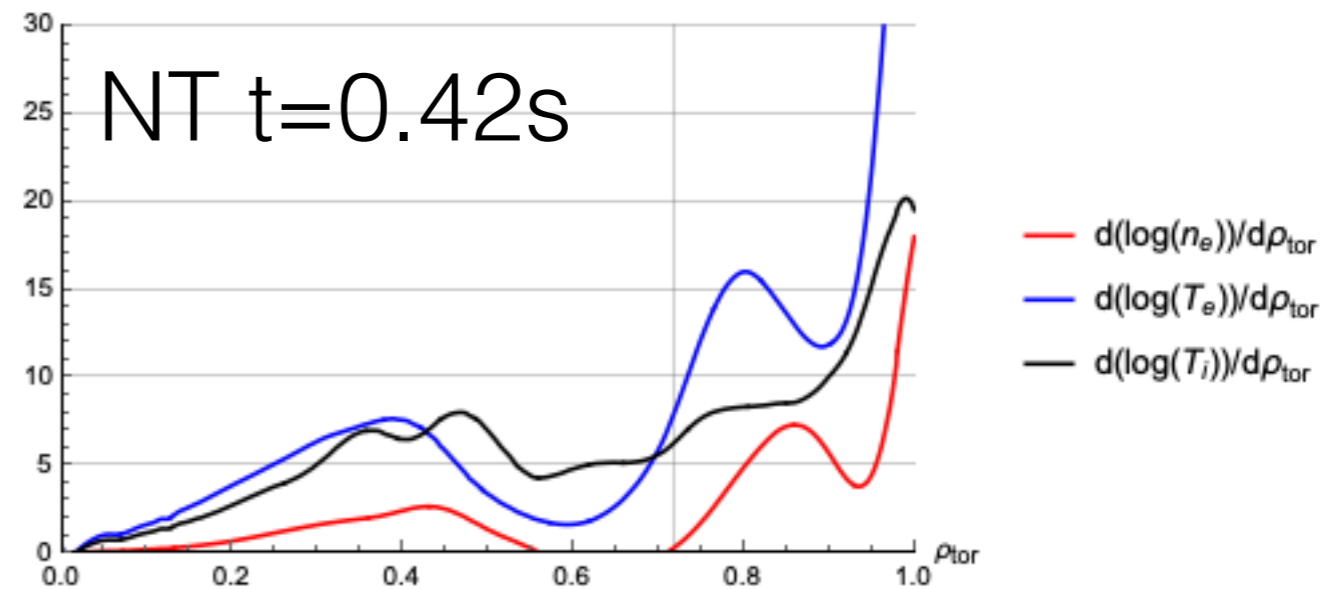
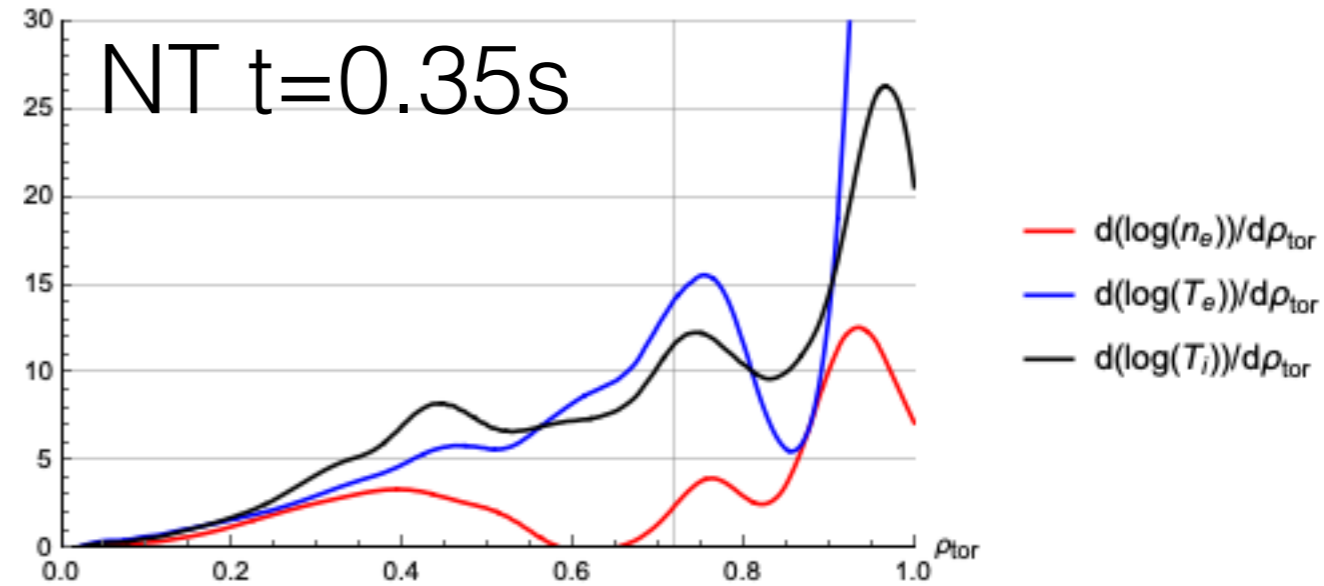
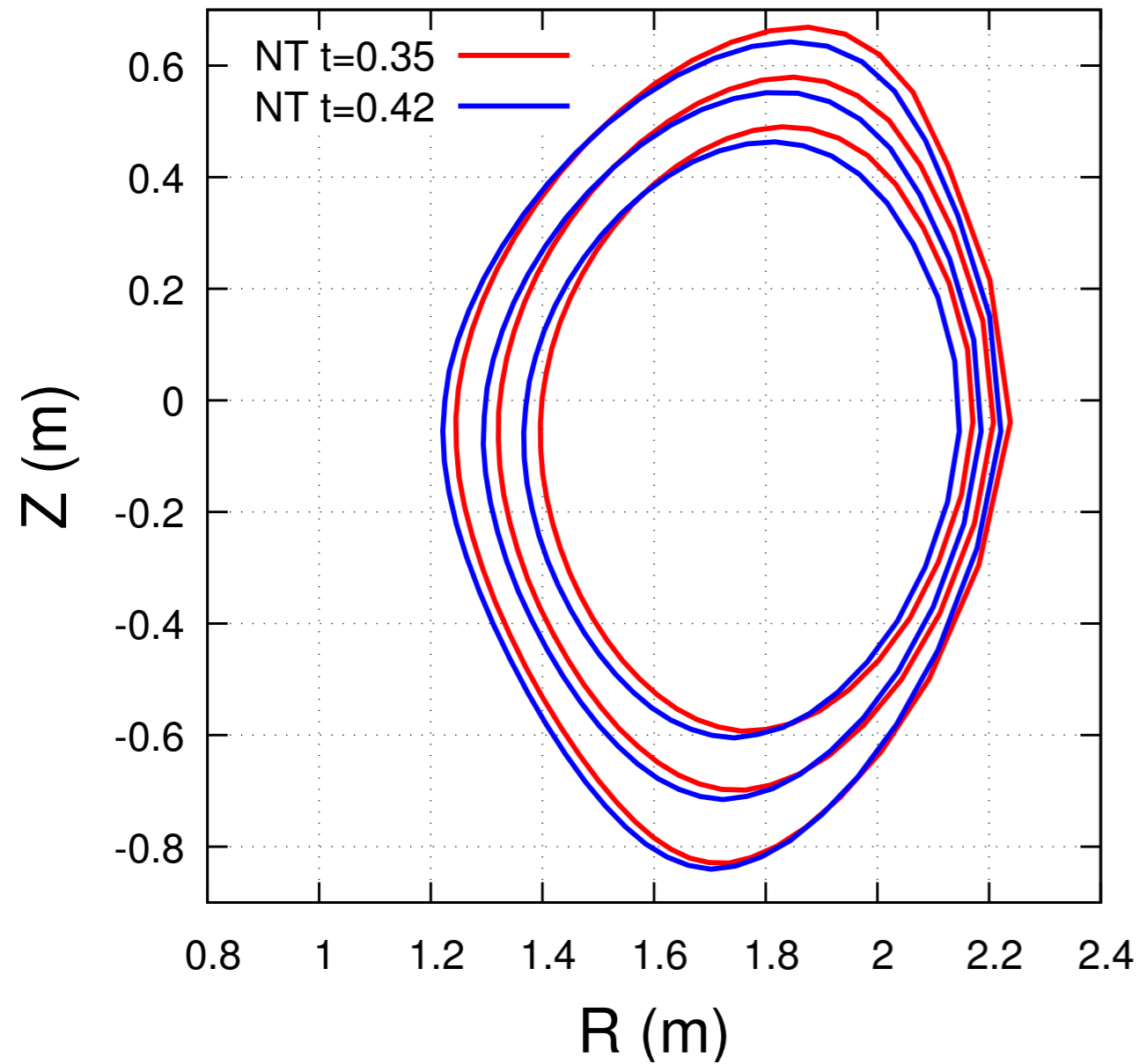
All done.

Preliminary analysis of DIII-D NT equilibria

- Indicates that ITG turbulence is dominant



DIII-D NT equilibria



TCV experimental equilibria

Comp. Num.	Description	Constants of comparison	Discharge	Time (sec)	elong	delta	betaN	P_nbi (kW)	q95	Ip (kA)	<ne> (x10 ¹⁹ m ⁻³)	Comments
1	Diverted, PT	q95, betaN	69515	1.02	1.43	+0.29	0.97	636	3.17	242	4.0	not great q95 match
1	Diverted, NT	q95, betaN	69340	0.58	1.42	-0.28	0.97	362	2.94	218	3.3	with Langmuir probes
2	Diverted, PT	q95, ne, Pheat	69515	1.02	1.43	+0.29	0.97	636	3.17	242	4.0	not great q95 match
2	Diverted, NT	q95, ne, Pheat	69271	1.60	1.42	-0.27	1.59	612	2.90	217	4.4	-
3	Diverted, PT	Ip, betaN, ne	69508	1.49	1.43	+0.28	1.12	735	3.31	217	4.0	-
3	Diverted, NT	Ip, betaN, ne	69340	0.58	1.42	-0.28	0.97	362	2.94	218	3.3	with Langmuir probes
4	Limited, PT	Ip, betaN, ne	69511	1.50	1.34	+0.35	1.25	1030	3.38	228	3.4	-
4	Limited, NT	Ip, betaN, ne	69273	0.85	1.29	-0.29	1.30	475	2.85	228	3.4	-
5	Limited, PT	Ip, Pheat	69511	1.50	1.34	+0.35	1.25	1030	3.38	228	3.4	-
5	Limited, NT	Ip, Pheat	69273	1.70	1.26	-0.26	2.02	1020	2.79	226	4.6	-
-	Diverted, PT	-	69515	1.58	1.43	+0.34	1.84	1020	3.29	239	7.1	in H-mode; no CXRS so Ti=Te
-	Diverted, NT	-	69340	1.60	1.40	-0.27			2.92	217	5.4	with Langmuir probes

DEMO equilibria with ITG-driven turbulence

- After fixing it, a slowly-building high-wavenumber mode kills simulation

