



*T Loarer
on behalf the
WEST Team*

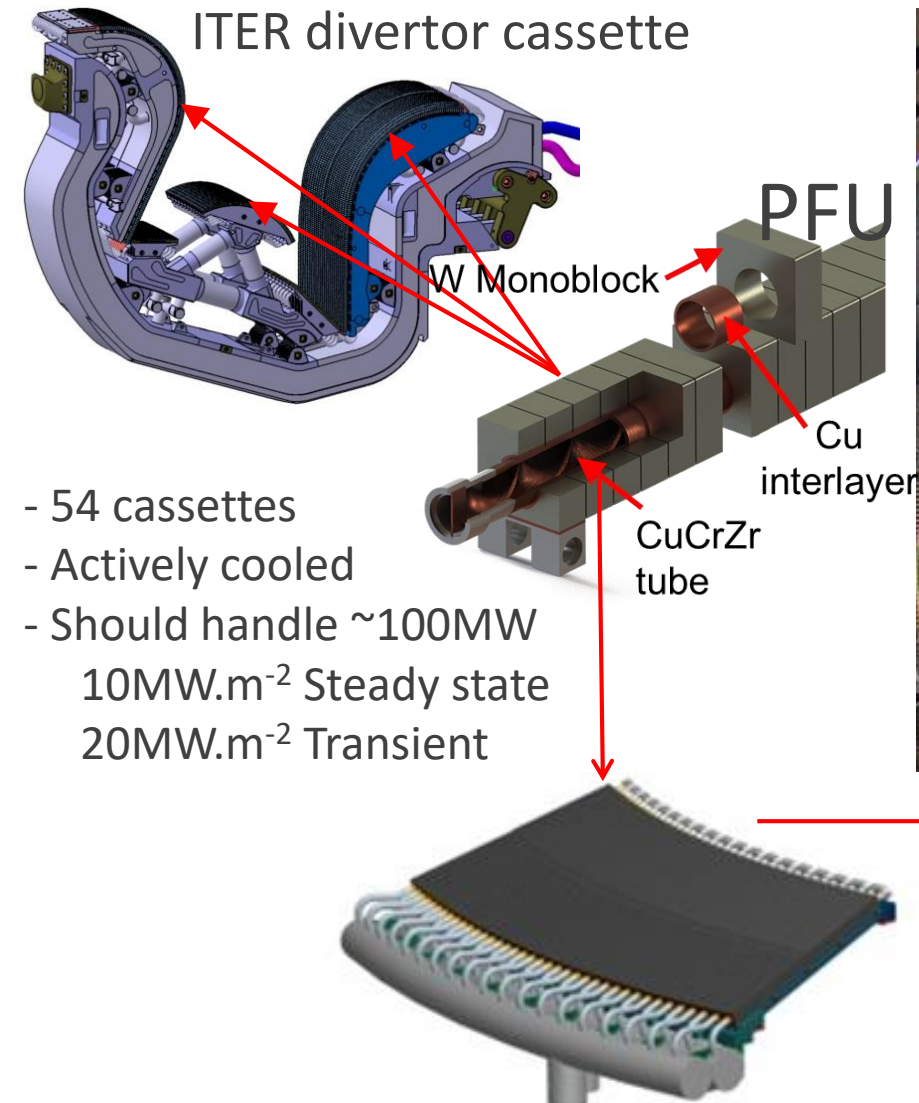
29/03/2022



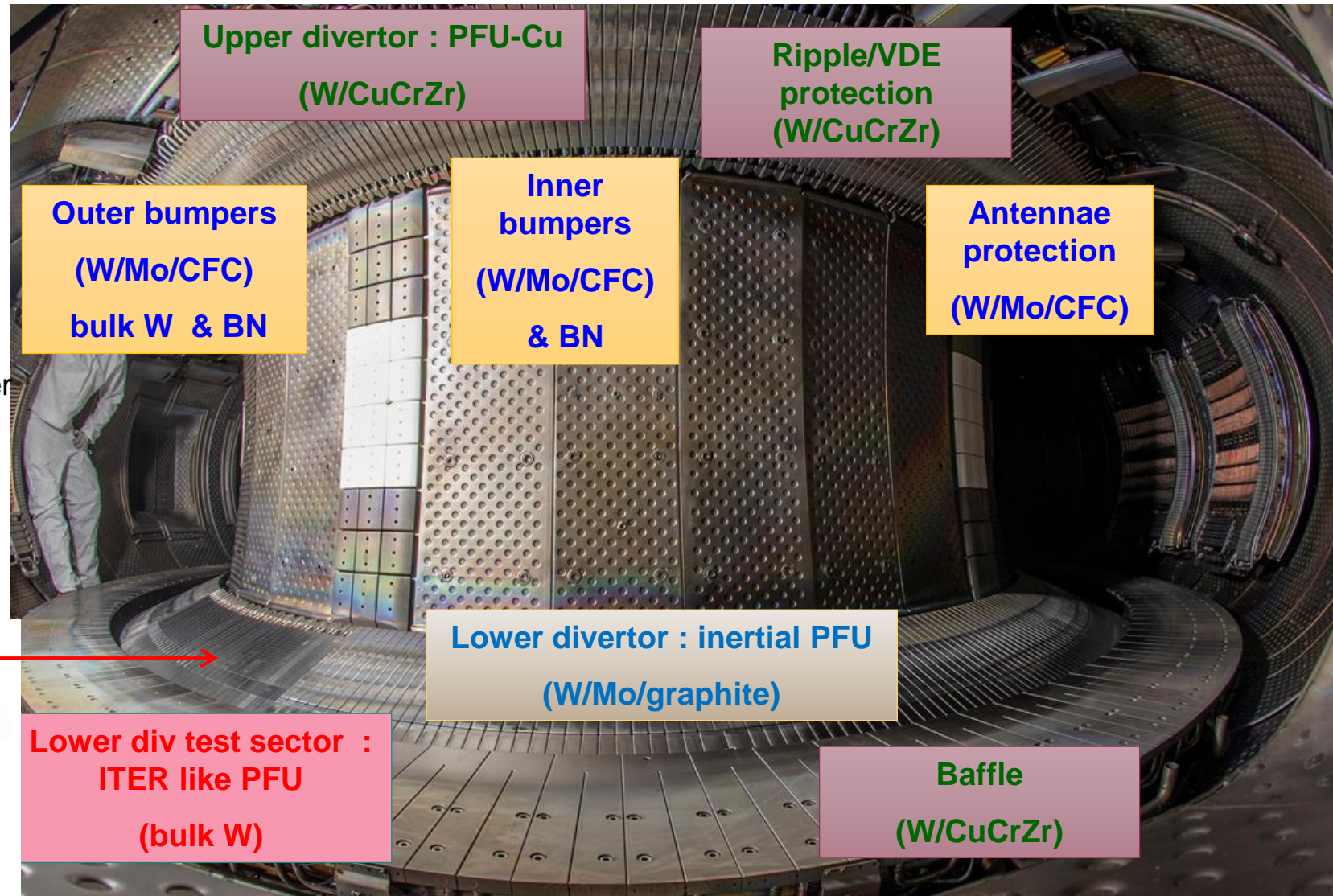
The WEST IR machine protection system



- Context
- IR system of WEST
- Wall monitoring system
- Prediction/experiments and Machine Protection
- Preliminary summary of the WEST IR machine protection
- Next steps



WEST ITER-like divertor



Wall protection system for Safety

- Prevent PFC damage (Critical heat flux...)
- Detection of melting, Hot spots, deposits...
- Monitor PFC ageing (fluence, cracks...)

Physics activities: and consequently a reliable Safety

- Scenario developments: High heat flux high energy
- Heat load pattern, λ_q , ..
- Power deposition: W monoblocks, gaps, shaping...

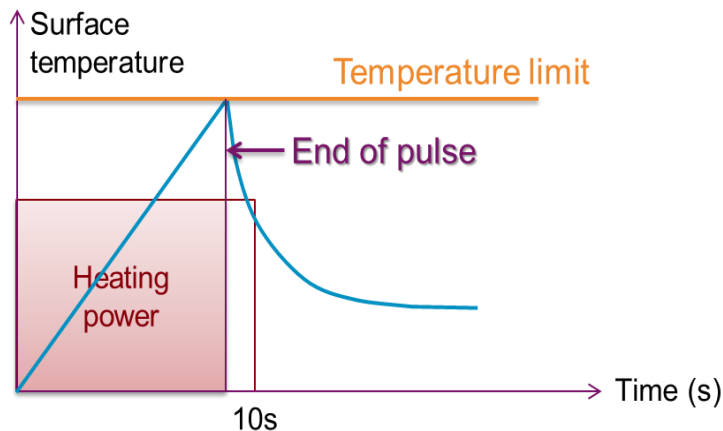
T_{surf} : Key parameter

- If T_{surf} is overestimated, "safe" for machine, but no performance scenario
- If T_{surf} is underestimated, high performance but major risks for the device.

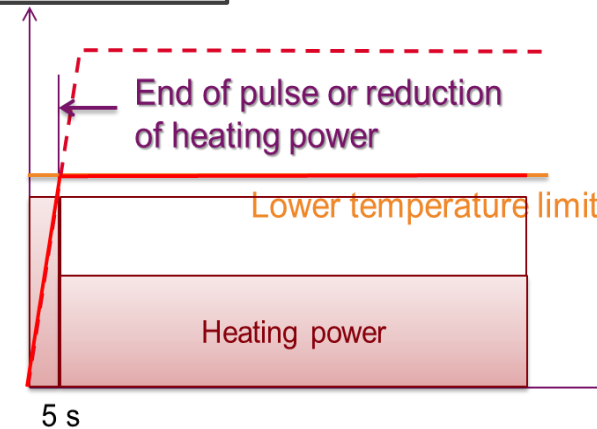
Active cooling brings specific issues :

- Limitation on performance, not only on discharge duration
- More severe consequences (water leaks, shutdown time)

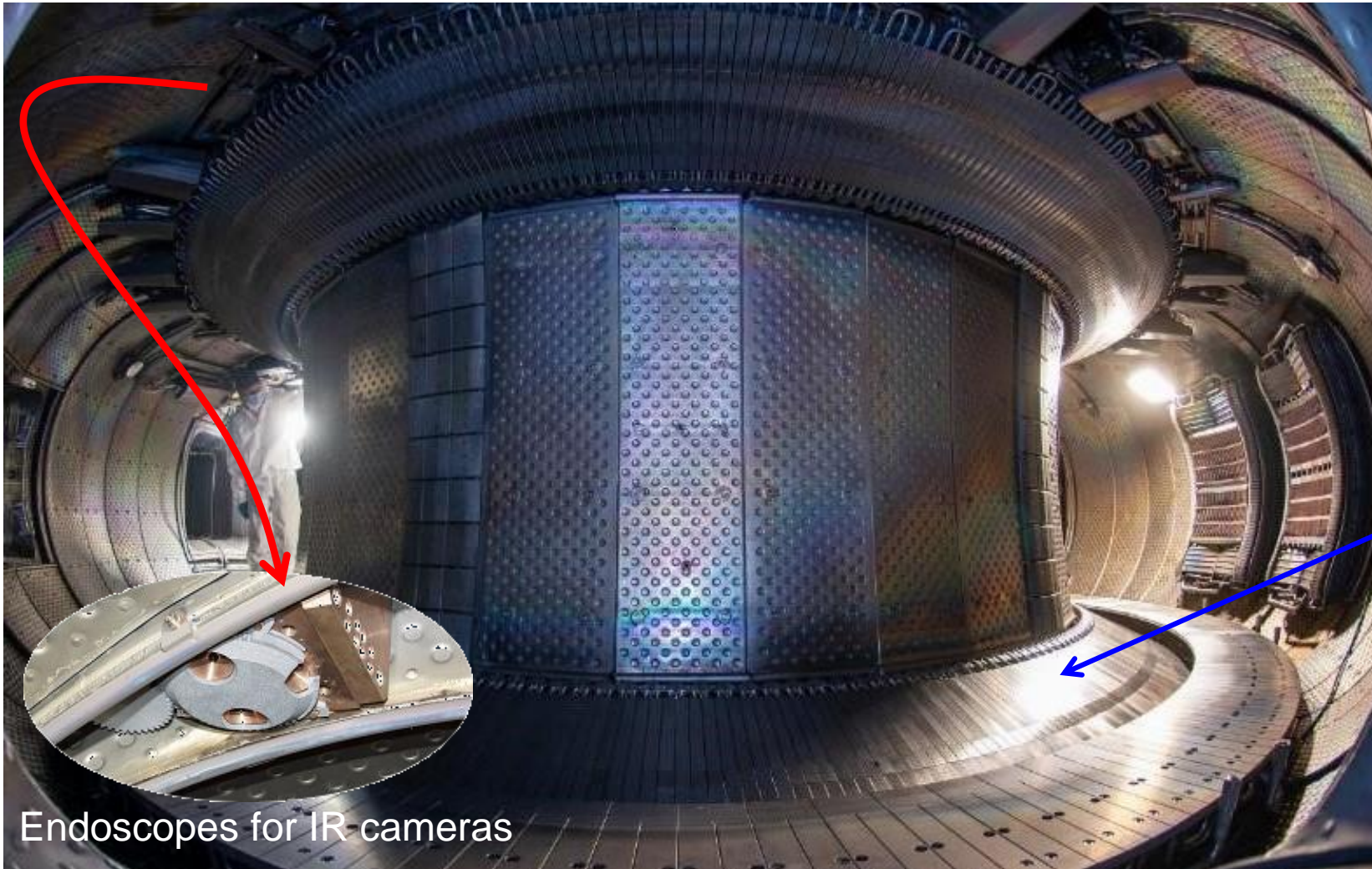
Inertial PFCs



Actively cooled PFCs



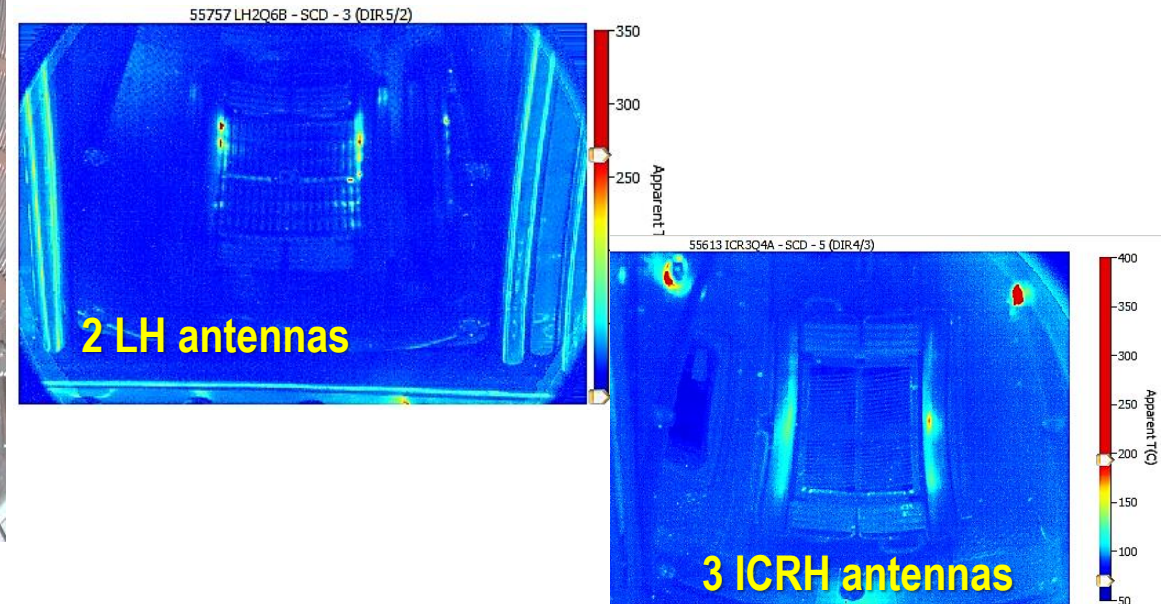
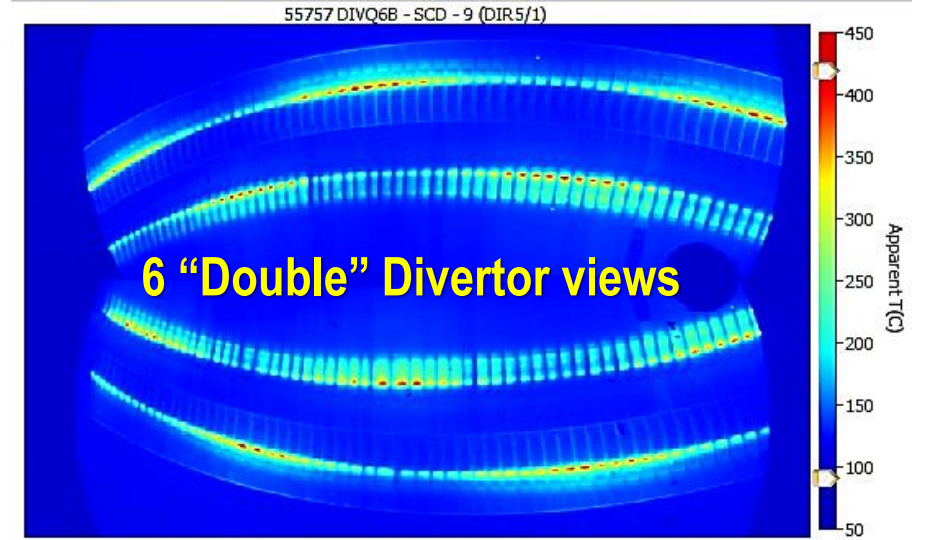
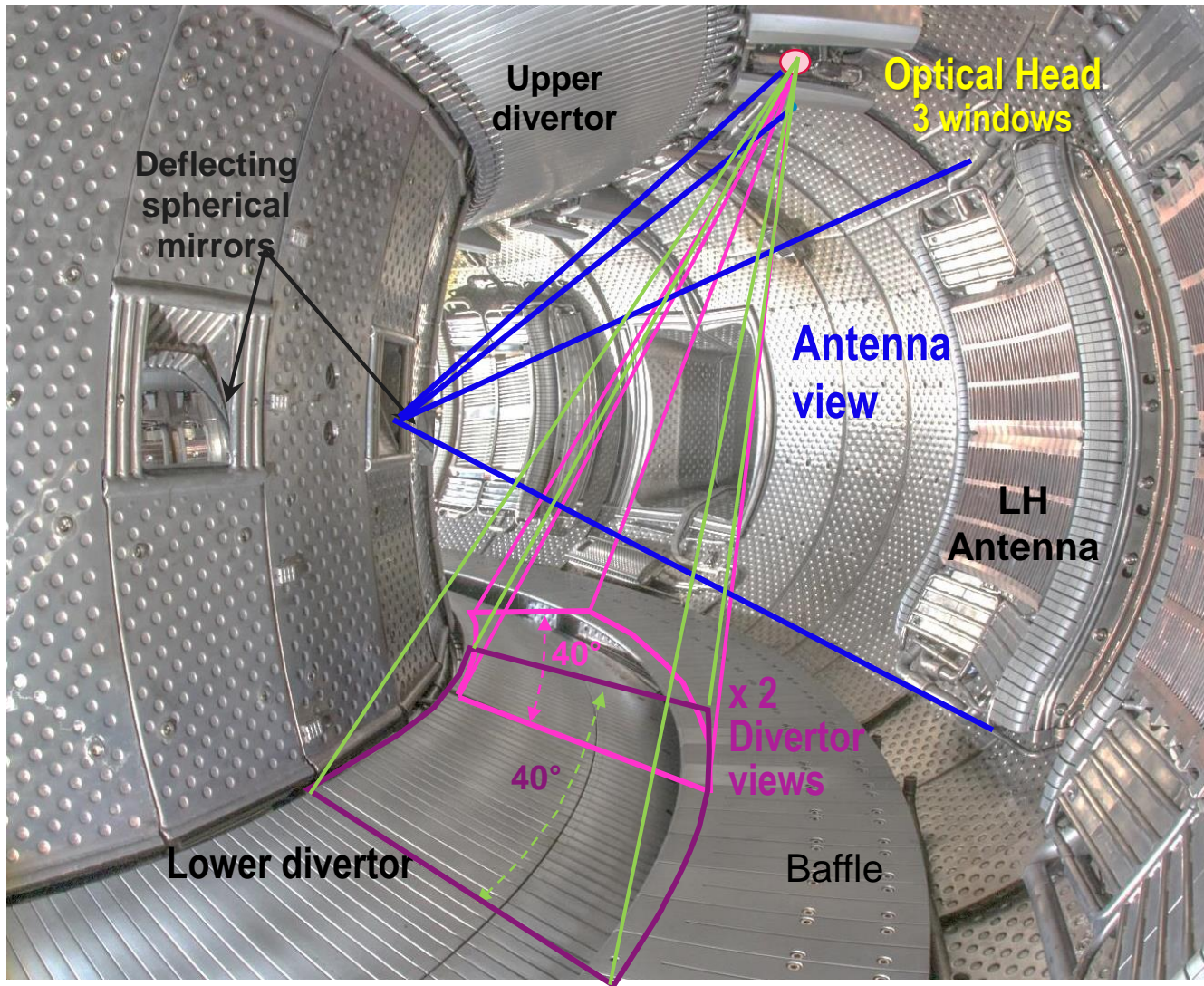
[J. Bucalossi, IAEA TM SSO 2013]

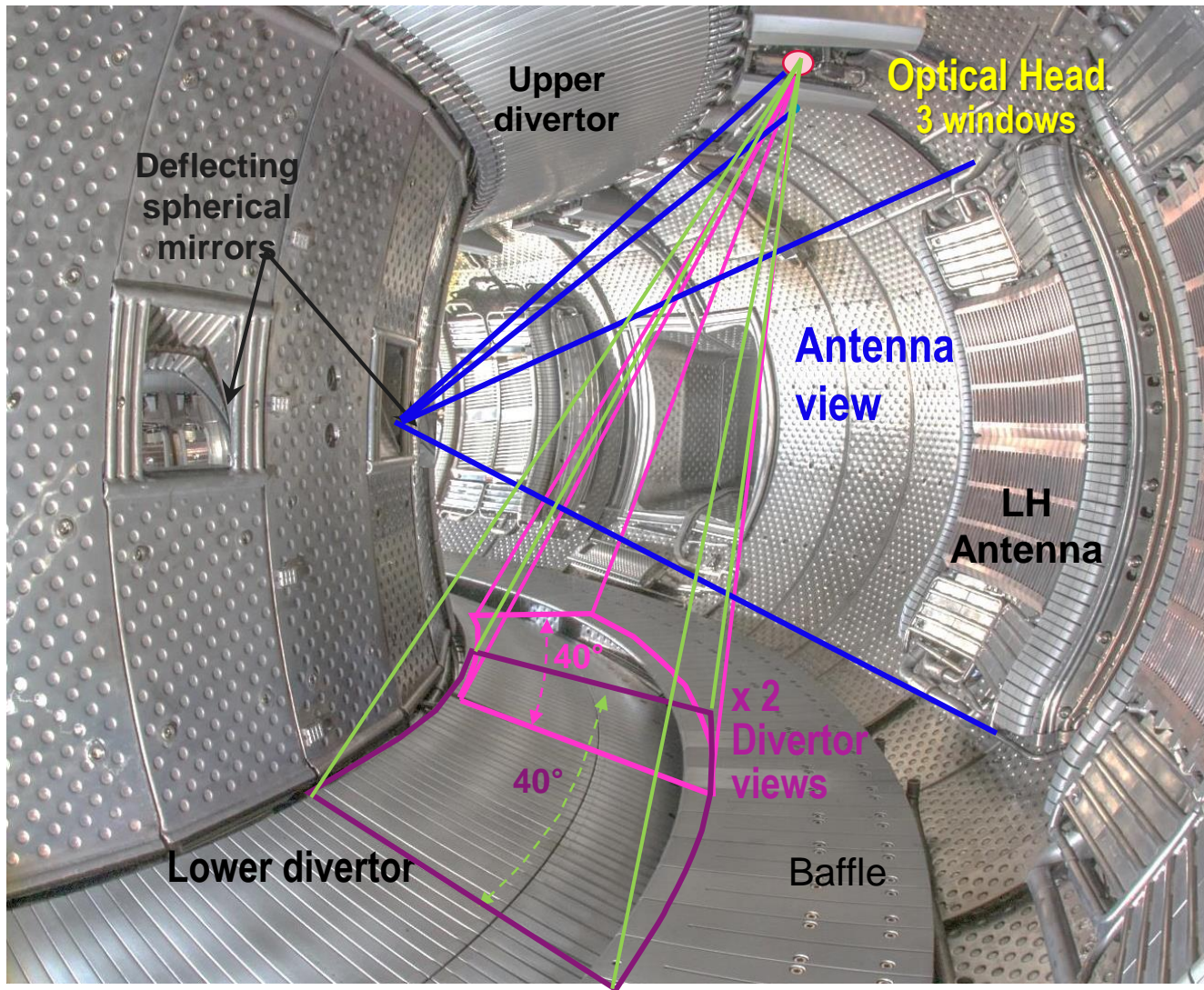


Endoscopes for IR cameras

Fully actively cooled lower divertor
ITER like PFU

In WEST, all the plasma facing components are monitored by Infrared IR (1-5 μm) views





MWIR band (3.9 μm) ($T_{\text{min}} \sim 150^\circ\text{C} - \text{S/N} \sim 3$)

14 LoS on :

Antennas fully covered (3 ICRH + 2 LHCD)
 Divertor (6 sectors / coverage 100%)
 Wide Angle view (4.3 μm)
 Very high resolution (3.9 μm) & Fast IR (From C7)

Spatial Resolution

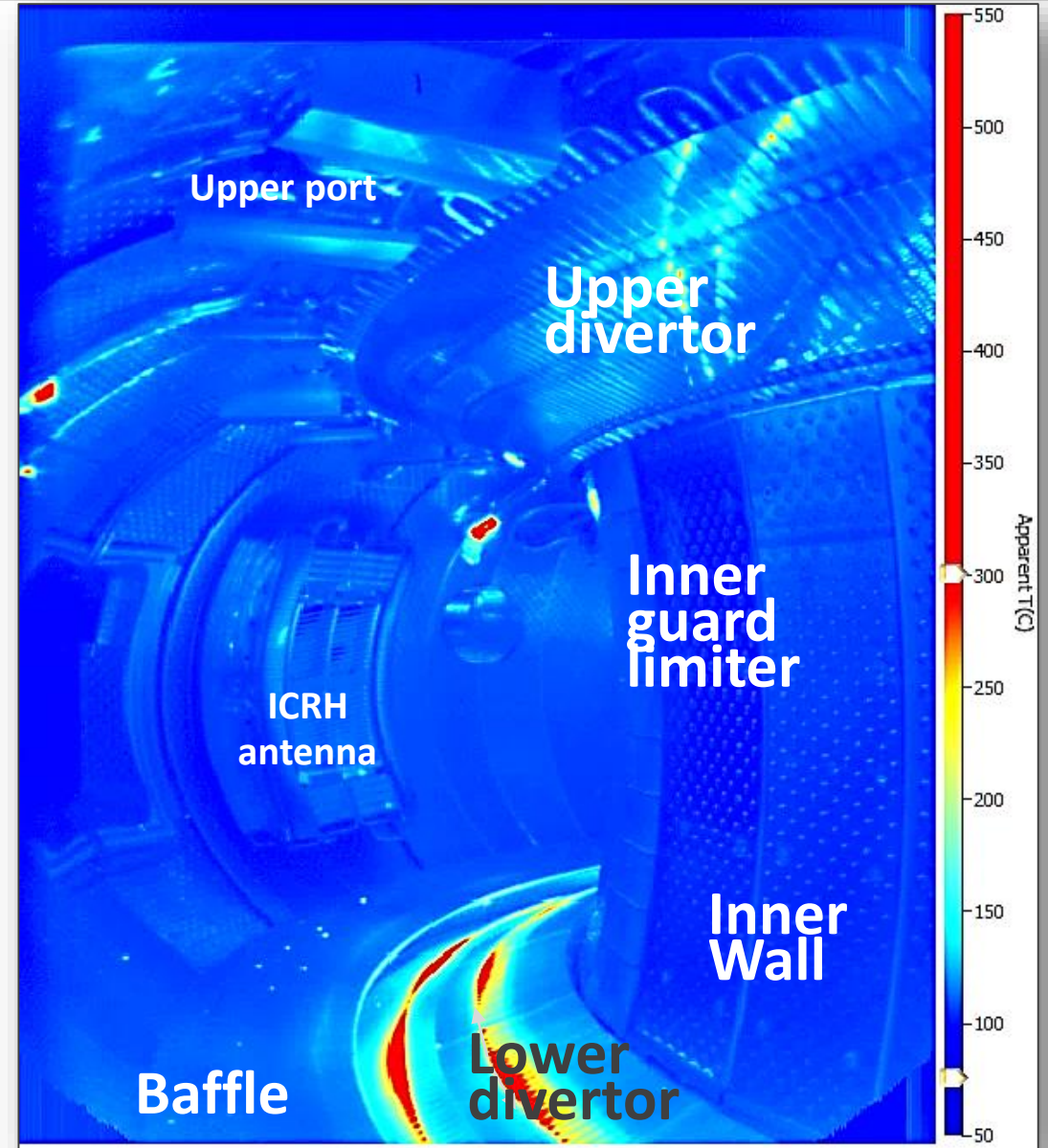
Antenna : 4 mm/px
 Divertor : 2.5 mm/px
 Very High resolution for divertor: 0.1mm/px

IR WEST Cameras (14) :

512*640px multi integration time $f = 50\text{Hz}$

Real time data processing for LHCD and ICRH power feedback control since C5

→ Real time protection of heating devices



Session Leader (SL)

Engineer in Charge (EiC)

Scientific coordinator (SC)

Diagnostic coordinator (DC)

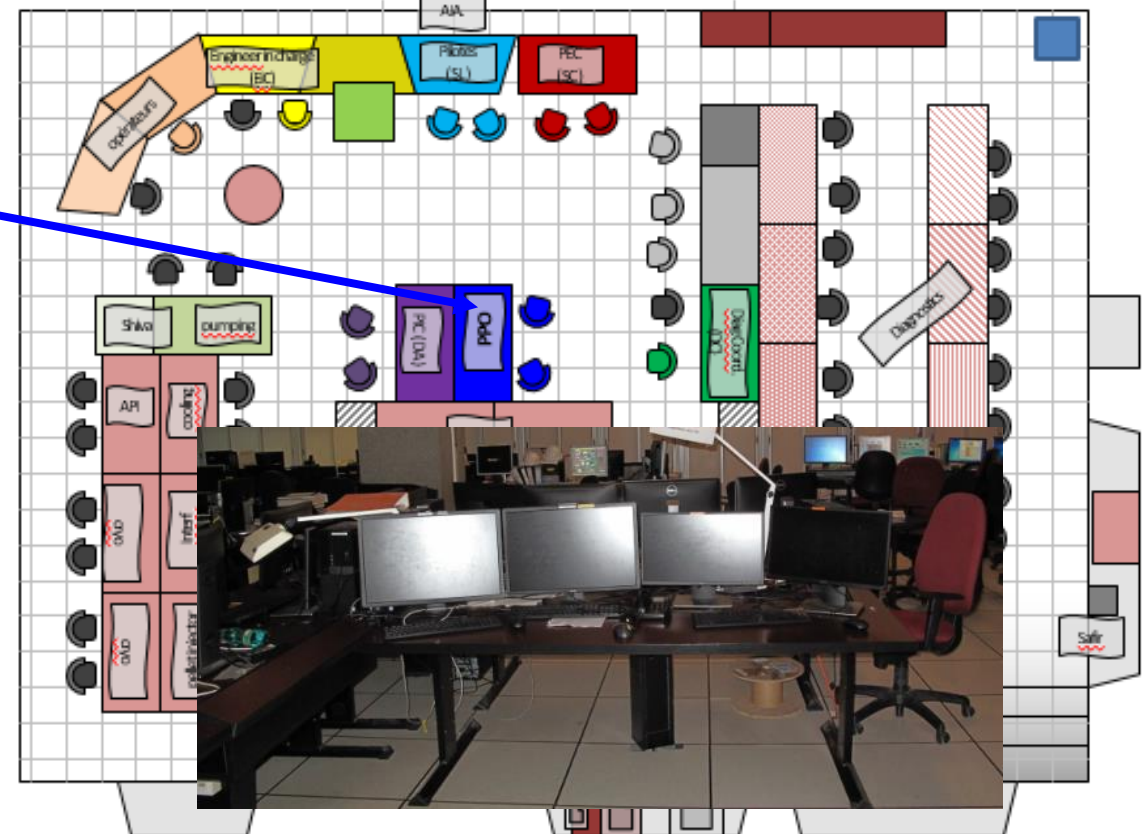
LHCD & ICRH Operators

Diagnosticians, Operators

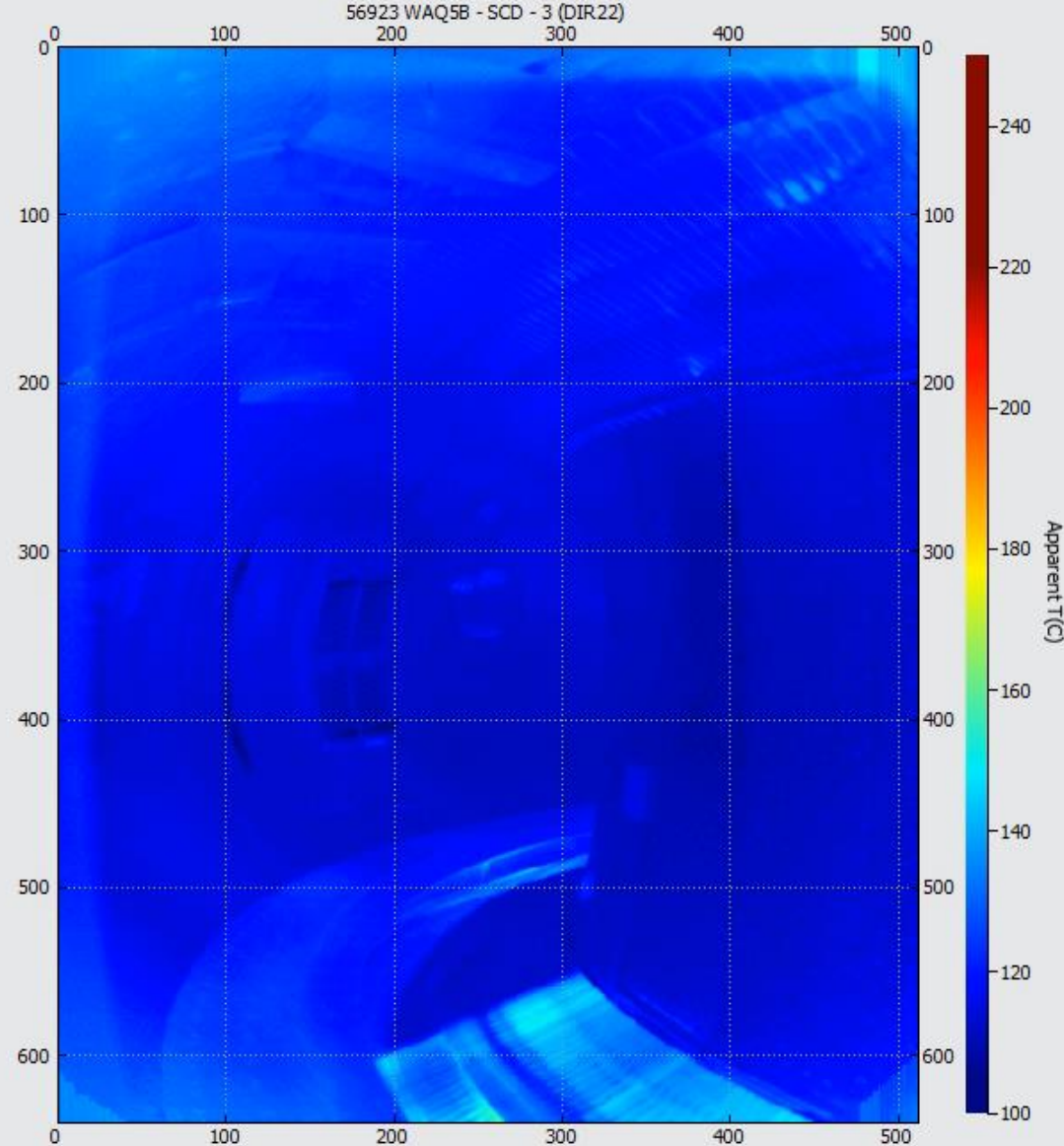
PFC Protection Officer (PPO)

- “Central” position in the control room
- Analysis between pulses (SL, SC, EiC)
- Heat load pattern as expected ?
- Unexpected event ?

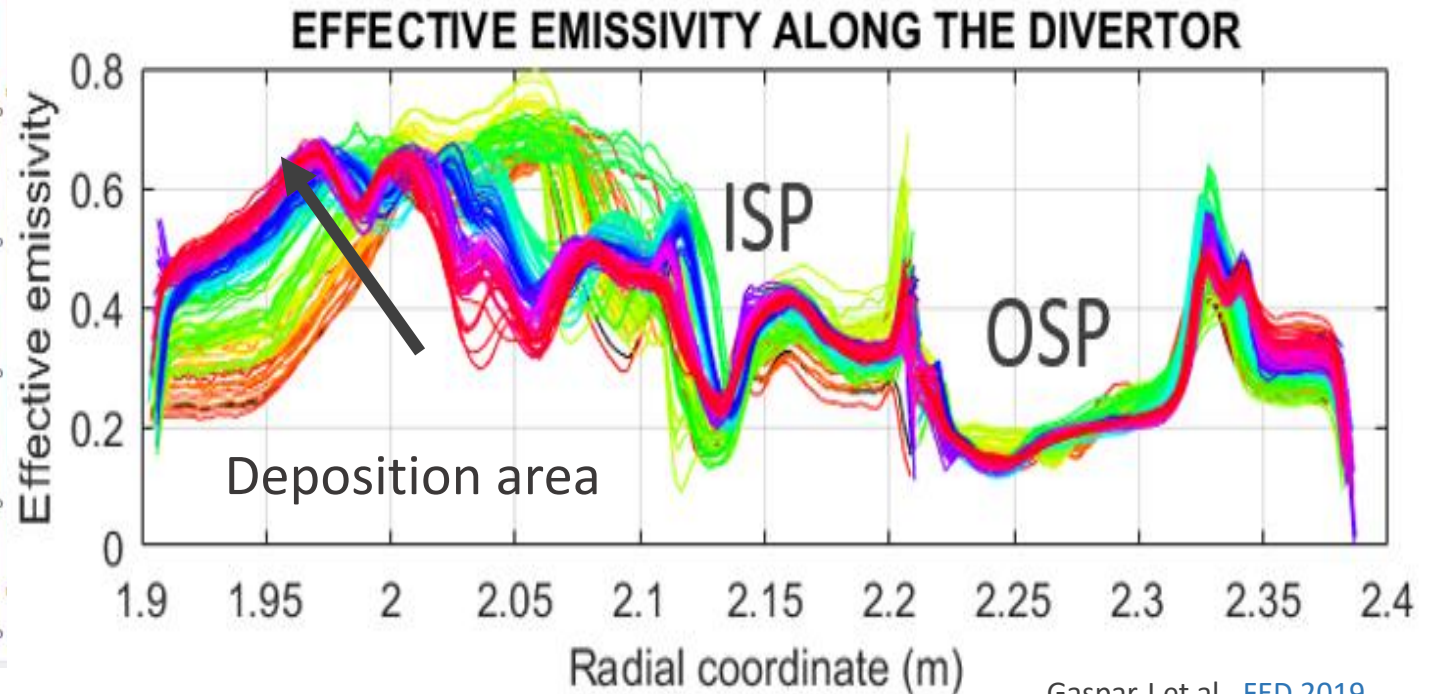
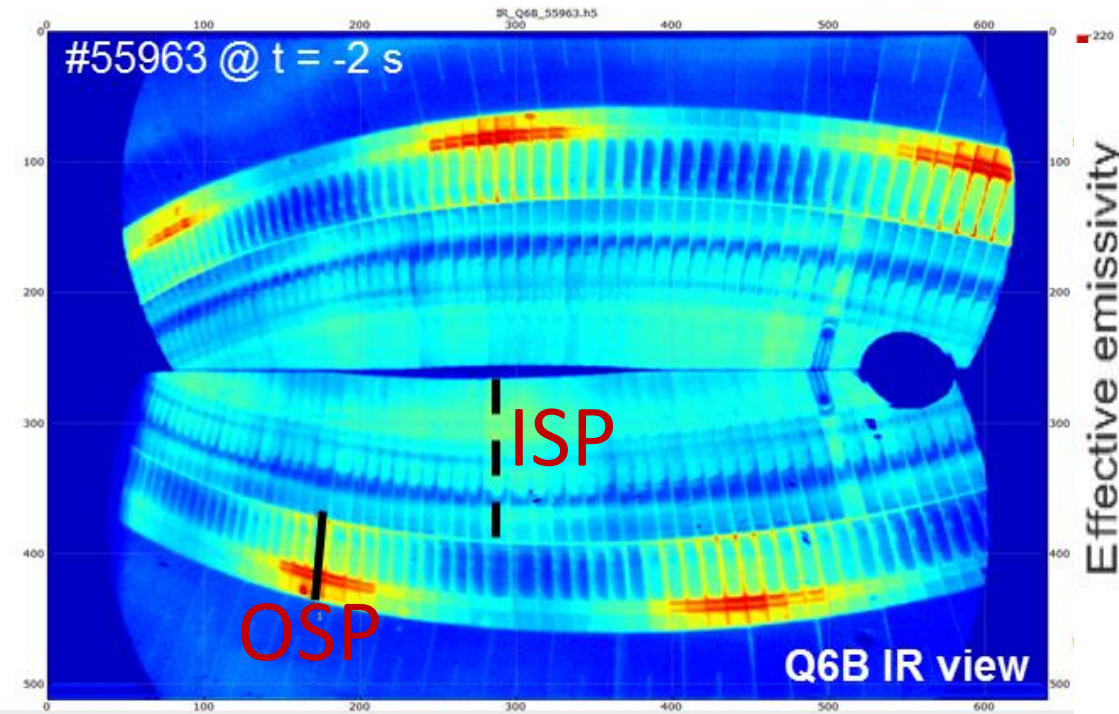
Scientific team



56923 - Long pulse
Impurity (BN) Powder
Dropper (7 to 23 s)



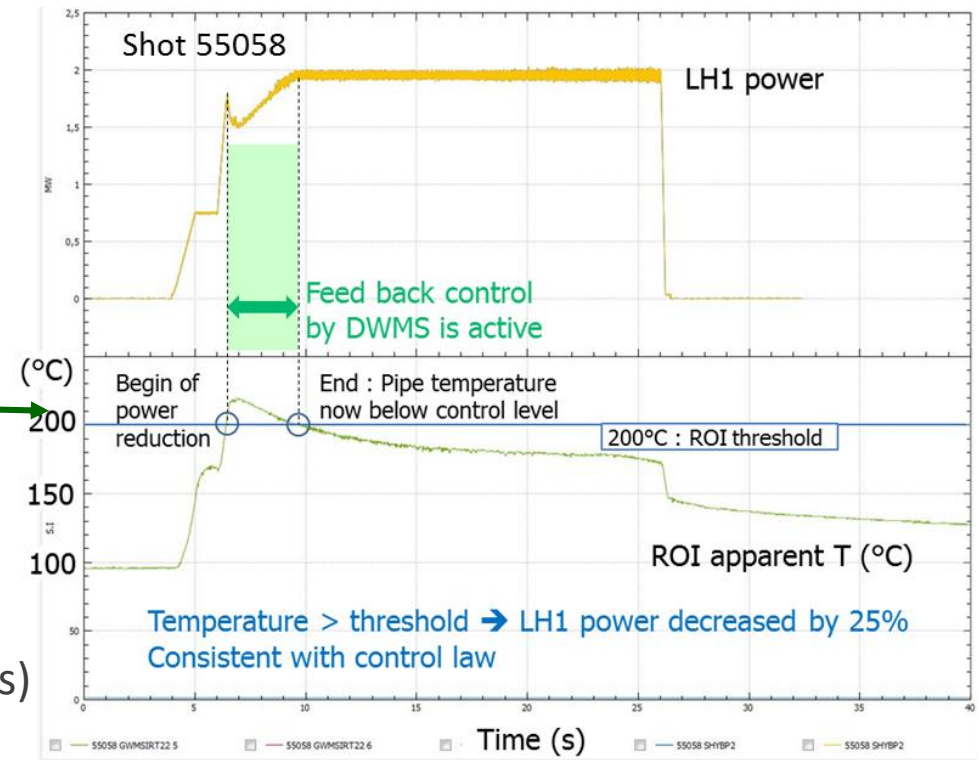
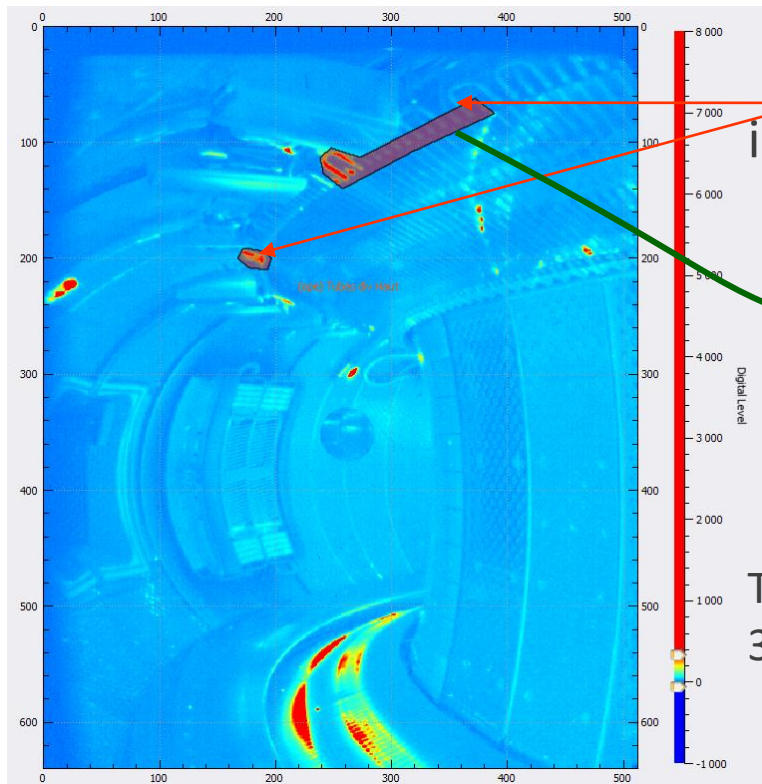
- Clear Illustration of
- Inertial PFCs
 - Actively cooled PFCs
 - Transient (Powder...)
 - Reciprocating probe
 - Reflected flux
 - ...



Gaspar J et al., [FED 2019](#)

Aumeunier MH et al., [NME 2021](#)

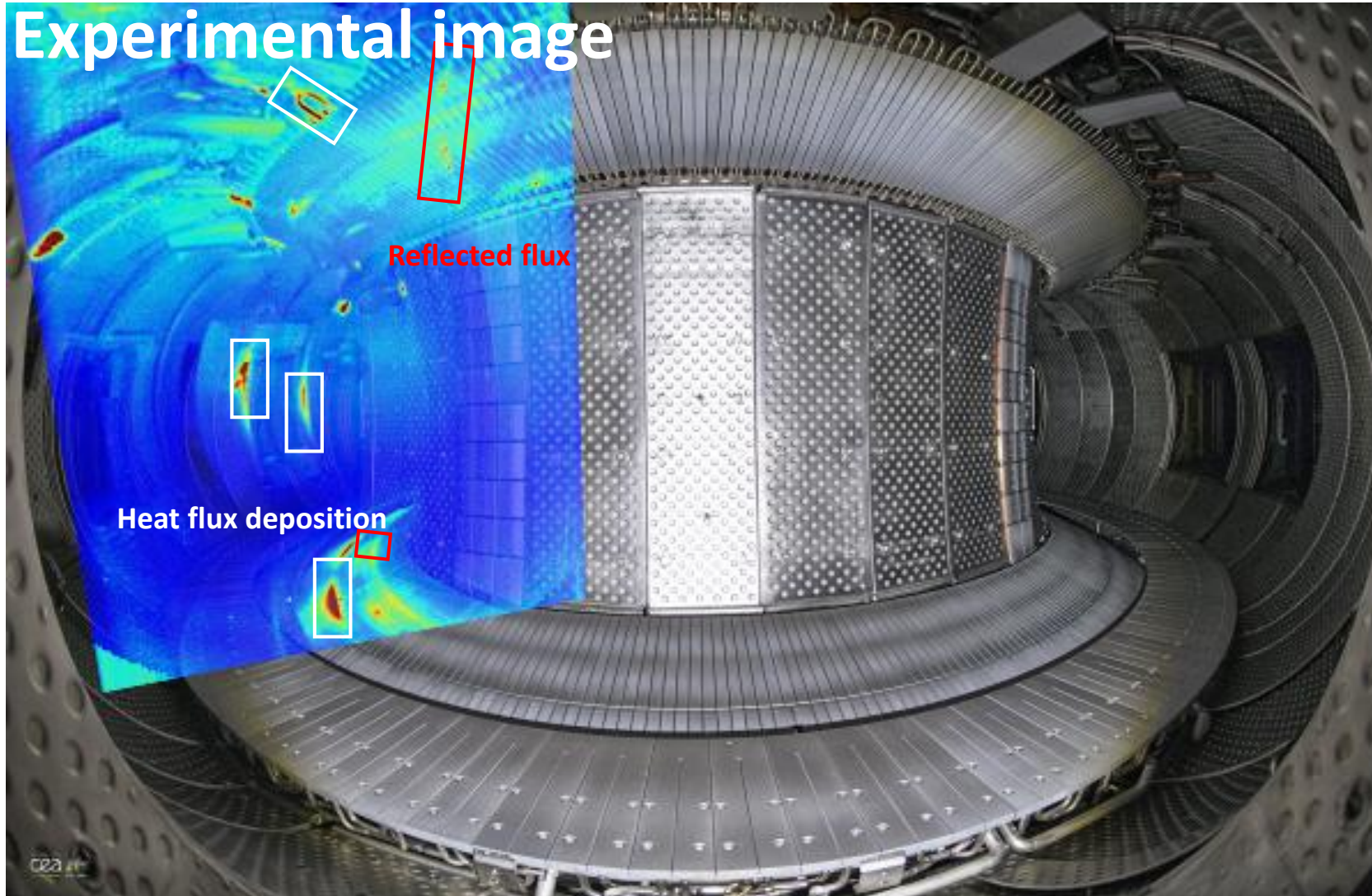
- Dedicated method for **emissivity monitoring** of inertial PFCs **over experimental campaign**
- **Complex spatial distribution** of emissivity on the divertor – correlated with erosion/redeposition pattern (plasma scenario)
- Emissivity ~ 0.12 and $\sim \text{cst}$ **ISP** and **OSP** regions (consistent with pristine PFU)
- **Low emissivity** \rightarrow IR camera collects “**low emitted flux**” and potentially “**high reflected flux**”

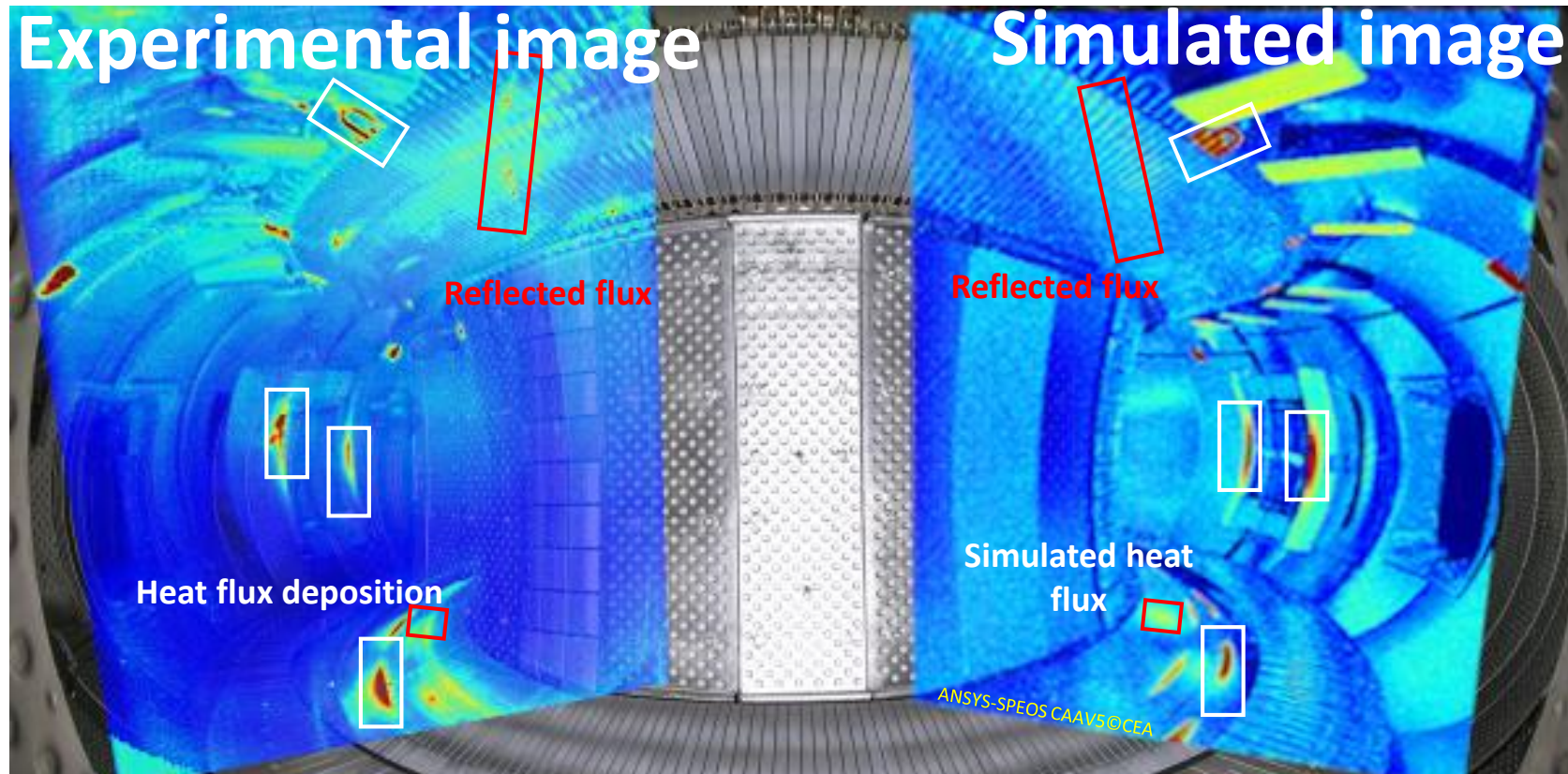


IR data transferred to the “Wall Monitoring System” (WMS) → Plasma Control System (PCS) in real time.

Input power reduction and/or plasma scenario modification to stay below the threshold
Allow for accessing to high performance plasma scenario

Experimental image





- Heat flux deposition (PFCFLUX) for dedicated scenario associated to a magnetic equilibrium
- Validation of the heat flux deposition pattern, the reflected fluxes, the steady state and transient
 - Closed loop from pulse preparation, real time processing, post pulse analysis
 - Machine learning and Artificial Intelligence (See next talk by MH Aumeunier)

14 views inWEST

Wall Monitoring System availability:

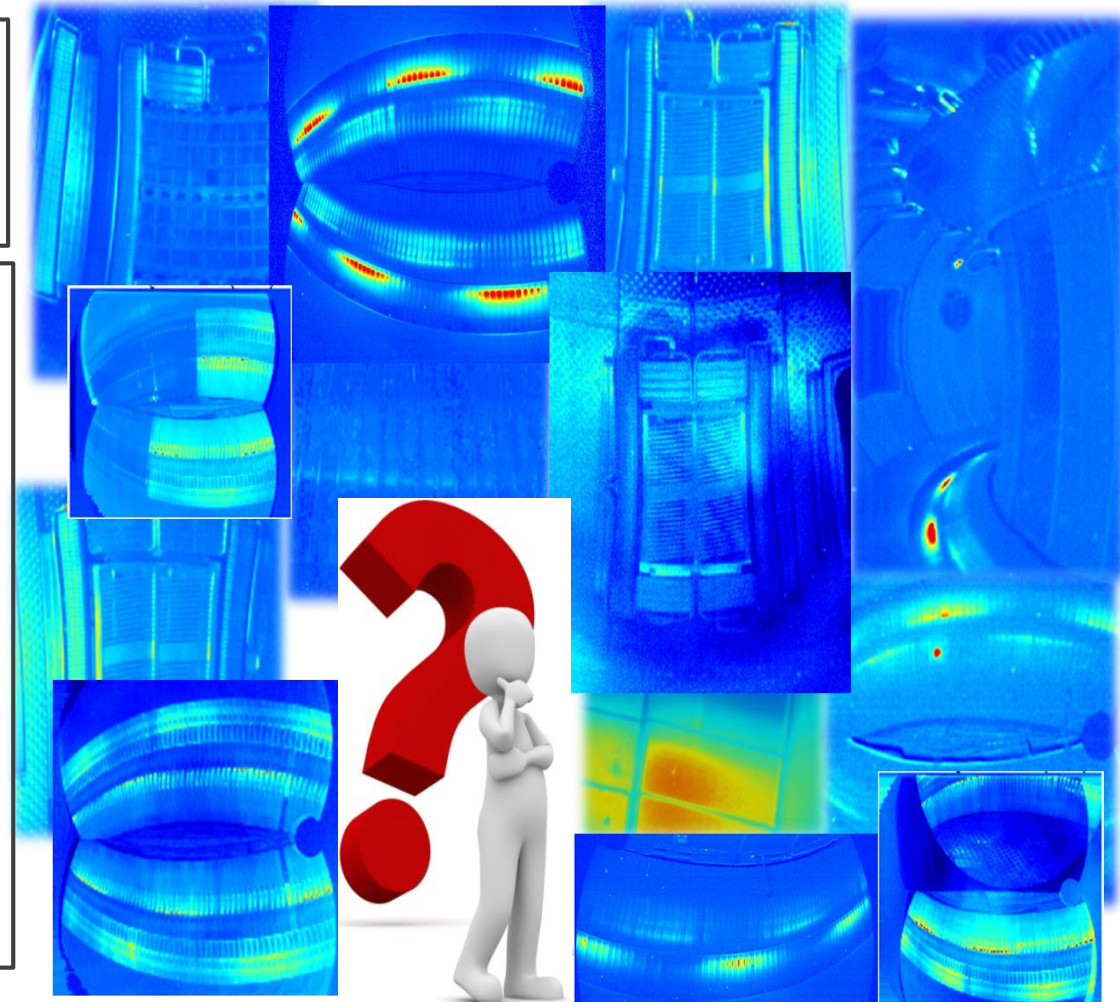
- Routinely operating since July 2019
- 98% for the overall C4 & C5 campaign (>2000 pulses)
- 100% for the high power scenario development

- Over the **C4 campaign: 1442 pulses** cumulating 3:30 of plasma including 50 min of He plasmas.

→ **63 cases (4.4%)** of feedback control through an input power drop of the LH launchers. Mainly during **scenario development**, without triggering a soft landing.

→ **17 pulses (1.5%)** immediately stopped (transition to soft landing)

- 12 with a fast T_{surf} increase (Not managed by actuator)
- 2 events due to ROI misalignment on the target (Human error).
- 2 events due to dusts (Strong and fast T_{surf} increase).
- 1 unidentified technical failure



So far in WEST:

- Input power (9/15 MW)
- L-mode and steady state
- Huge emissivity variations (0.12 to 0.8!)
- Emitted and reflected fluxes identified...

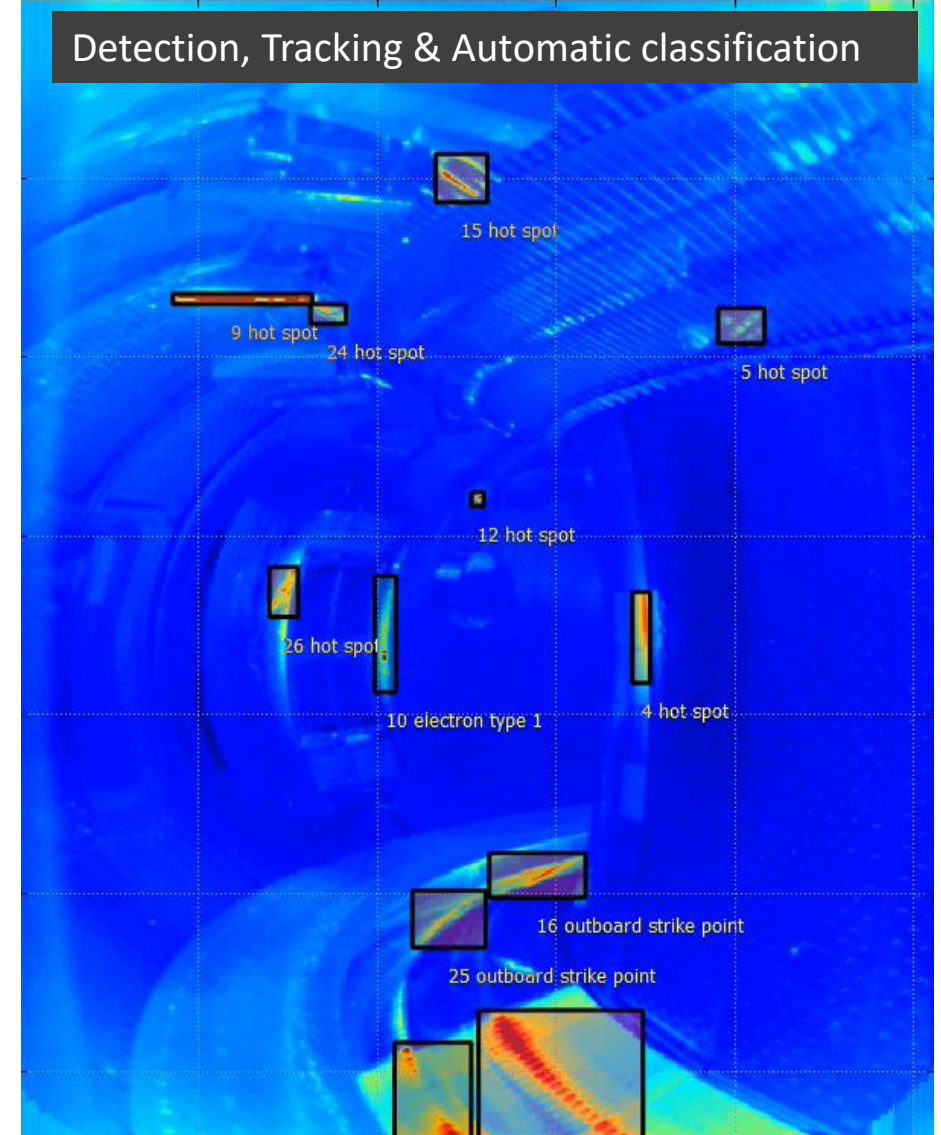
Next step for WEST & Common to all fusion devices (not only metallic)

- Increase input power/energy >10MW & ~GJ
- Access to H-mode → Transient phenomenon to be integrated in the Wall monitoring System (e.g. Dusts ≠ ELMs...)
- Emissivity monitoring/evaluation over the campaigns
- Integrated 3D modelling including reflected fluxes (Hot spot detection)
- Integrated IR synthetic diagnostic & inverse method → See next talk by MH Aumeunier et al., (*"IR Interpretation in metallic environment"*)

Significant upgrade through data bases & Artificial Intelligence:

Detection, tracking, automatic classification...

- "Protect" the machine but allow for performances
- Implementation and validation of "*Machine Protection 2.0*" on WEST





Thank you for your attention

