

IPPLM activities in 2022 on WEST and W7-X samples

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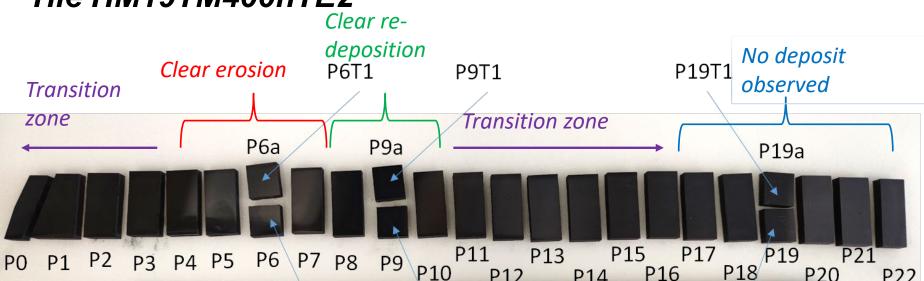
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Plans for 2022 Deliverables



- SP. B2: SEM, TEM and FIB characterization of selected samples from experiments on WEST and W7-X with conclusions
- SP. B3: SEM, TEM and FIB characterization of selected WEST PFUs and plasma-exposed reference samples

W7X samples *Tile HM19TM400hTE2*



Examined samples: all.

The aim of the work: (i) assess surface modification of the material caused by the plasma–wall interactions (erosion/deposition pattern), (ii) study the co-deposits formed and (iii) analyze the dust particles found.

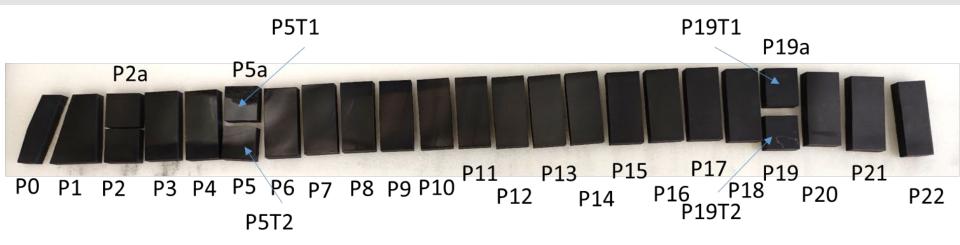
Techniques used: SEM, TEM, STEM, FIB, EDS and optical profilometry.

Work to be completed:

- roughness measurements performed at each sample at 3 magnifications, but not yet analysed
- additional TEM analysis of sub-surface structure in the transition zones planned (abstract E. Fortuna-Zalesna et all "Erosion and redeposition pattern on the W7-X graphite test divertor unit tile" submitted for the 32 nd SOFT)

W7X samples *Tile HM19TM400hTE1*





First observations of samples morphology started.

Summary: W7-X



The main results are:

 Distinct erosion zone is located in the region located close to the pumping gap, in the inner horizontal target strike line position. The surface is smoothed, however small amounts of impurities were revealed in the shallow cavities present on the surface.

• The area covered by a distinct deposit is located just next to the erosion zone. The main deposit constituents are carbon and oxygen. The deposit includes also a small amount of iron and other steel components. It has an amorphous structure with clearly visible sublayers. In the examined area, its thickness was up to 2.7 μ m.

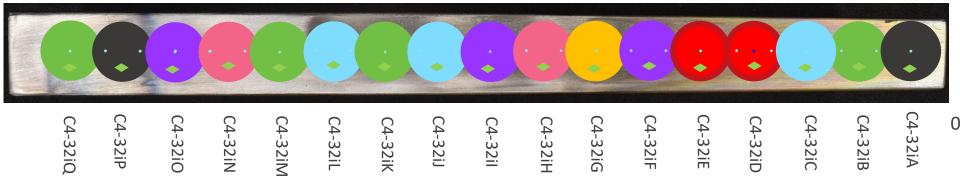
• Two transition zones were localized: (i) on the left from the erosion zone, towards the pumping gap side and (ii) on the right from the region with strong re-deposition.

• The target finger substructures located close to the outboard side do not show any evidence of re-deposition

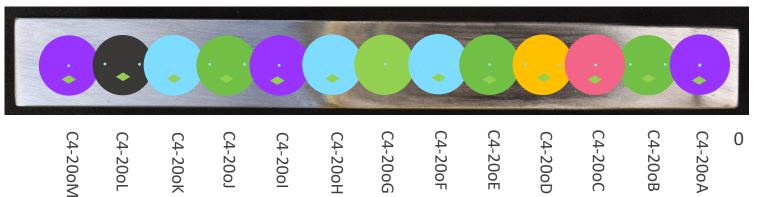


C4-32i: 17 samples

SPARES (2)



C4-20o: 13 samples



VR (NRA,PIXE,ERDA) + IPPLM (SEM, TEM) VTT (SIMS) RBI (RBS, tofERDA) JSI (µNRA, ERDA) IAP (GDOES) UT (LIBS)

C4 WEST samples



10000

8000

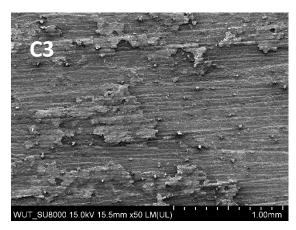
6000

4000

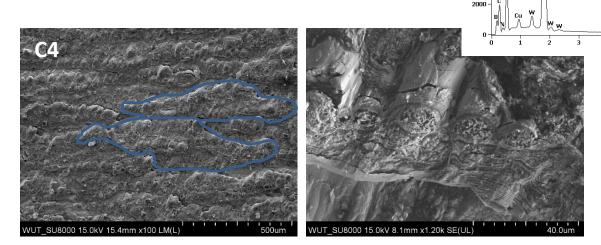
3 samples already in Poland: C4-32iJ, C420oK and C4-20oF.

- First observations of the surface morphology done. Different surface morphology to that observed during the C3 campaign,
- The FIB cross-sections should be ready by the end of May at the latest to provide additional data for the article to be prepared by M. Diaz for the PSI conference.

Preliminary results - inner divertor sample C4-32iJ



Flaking, stratified deposits present on the surface

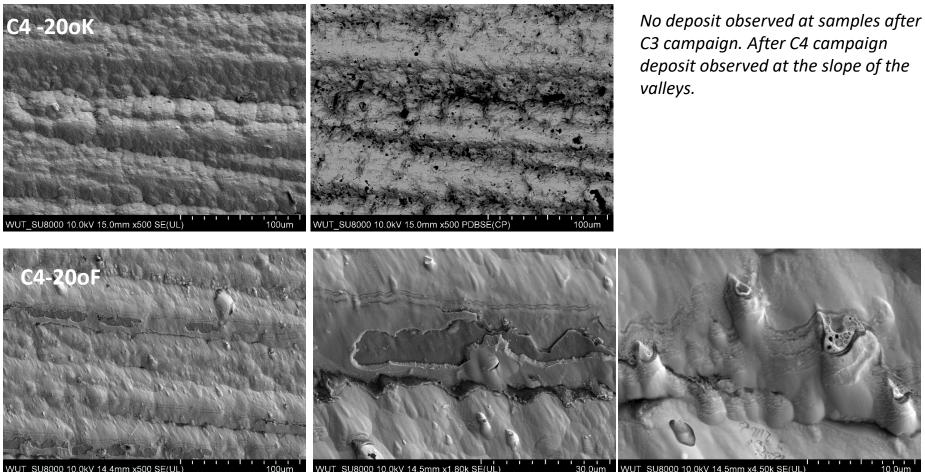


Thick deposit present, however of different morphology to that observed during C3 campaign. Deposit areas resemble flakes. Except stratified deposit observed during C3 campaign, the elongated, cylindrical objects with compact shell are frequently observed.

C4 WEST samples



Preliminary results - outer divertor sample C4-20oK and C4-20oF



Thick stratified deposit of different chemical composition within sublayers present. After C3 campaign thin deposit observed locally at the slope of the valleys.

Other samples to be examined



- New reference samples received in Wednesday from the Politecnico di Milano WFW929 (W+O 15%),
- New PFU samples from WEST expected,
- New samples from W7-X, Magnum-PSI?