



AE stability of Initial scenarios

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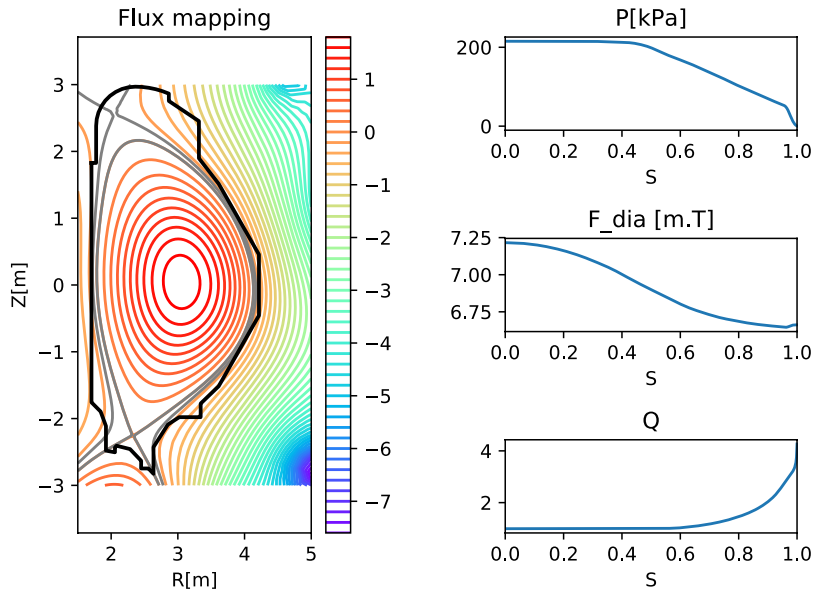
This work has been carried out within the framework of the EUROfusion Consortium and has received funding from the Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018 under grant agreement No 633053. The views and opinions expressed herein do not necessarily reflect those of the European Commission.

Motivation and goals

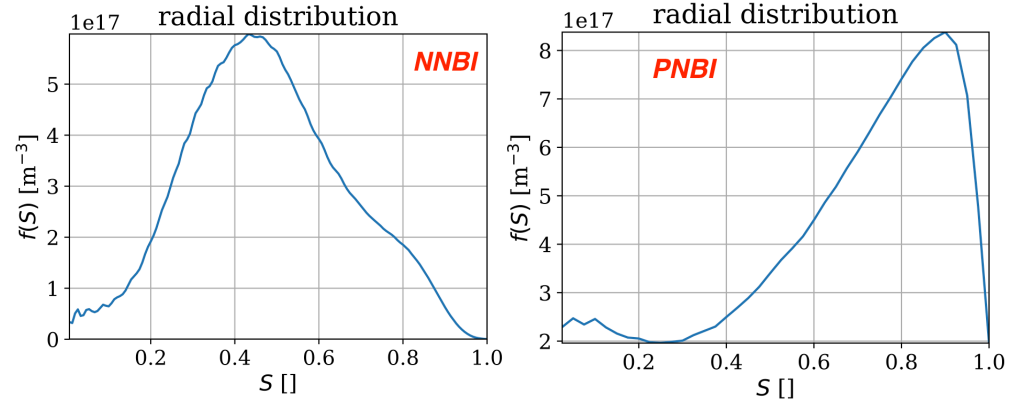


- Investigate Alfvén mode MHD stability of Initial research phase scenarios of JT-60SA
 - JT-60SA initial research phase I and II, in H and D, with reduced power and C-PFC are “approaching”
 - Despite the “reduced power”, it entails already 33 MW (***N-NB of 10 MW, P-NB of 20 MW***, ECRF of 3 MW). The high heating power and high plasma current will enable access to the ITER and DEMO regimes of β_N , f_{BS} , $\rho^* v^*$ and electron heating ratio !
- Can Alfvén Eigenmodes be driven unstable in such scenarios ?
 - ***N-NB*** at 500keV is always relevant and grants access to most relevant Alfvén resonances → drive may be possible
 - Isotope differences H vs D
 - On JET H-beams on H-plasma could not drive AEs (*NBI inj.energy <160keV was clearly too low...*)
- Toolset: HELENA+MIHASKA+CASTOR-K suite with kinetic profiles from experimental/modelling data + energetic particles (parametrized or tabulated)

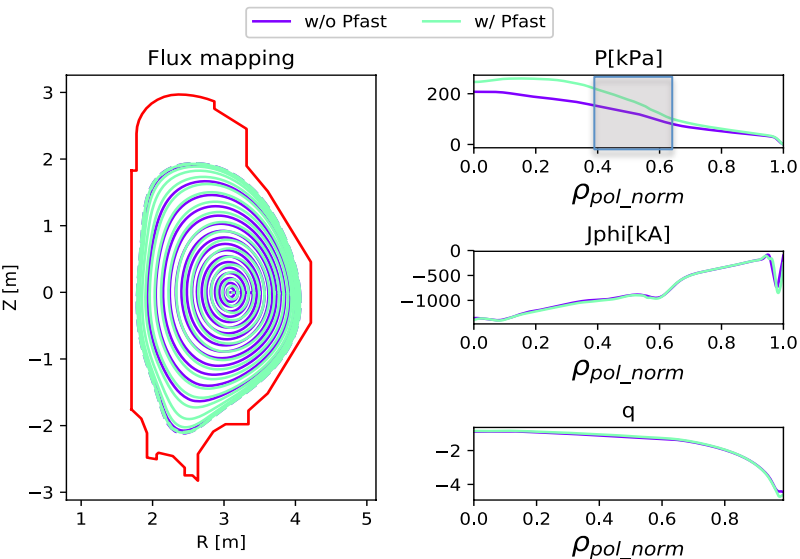
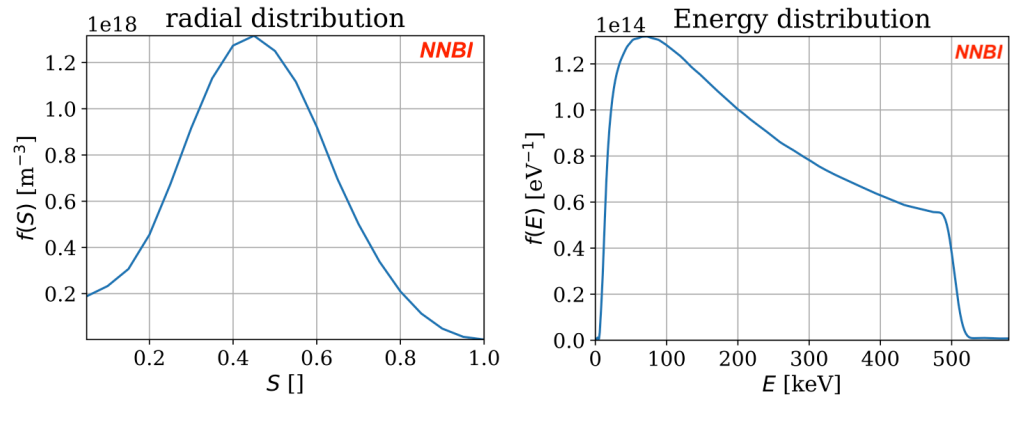
Previous highlights on AE stability



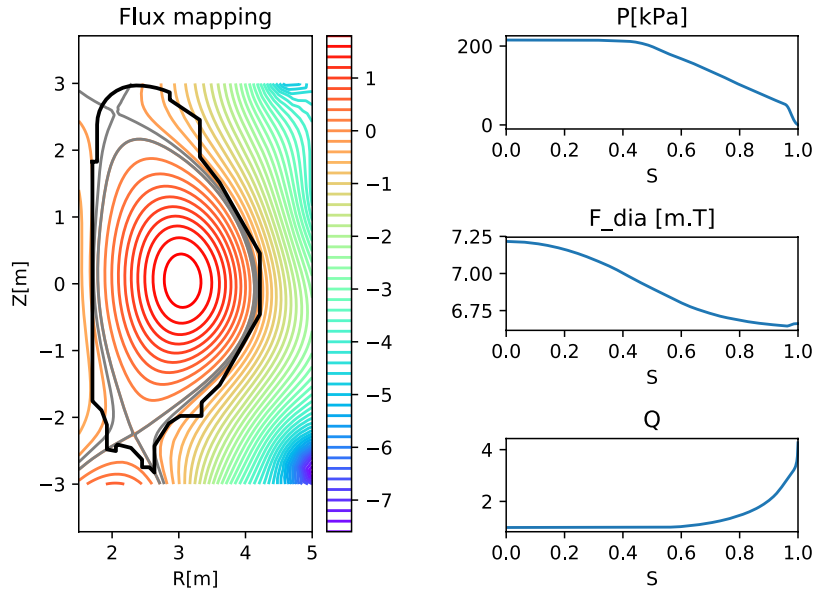
Scenario 3 (high density)



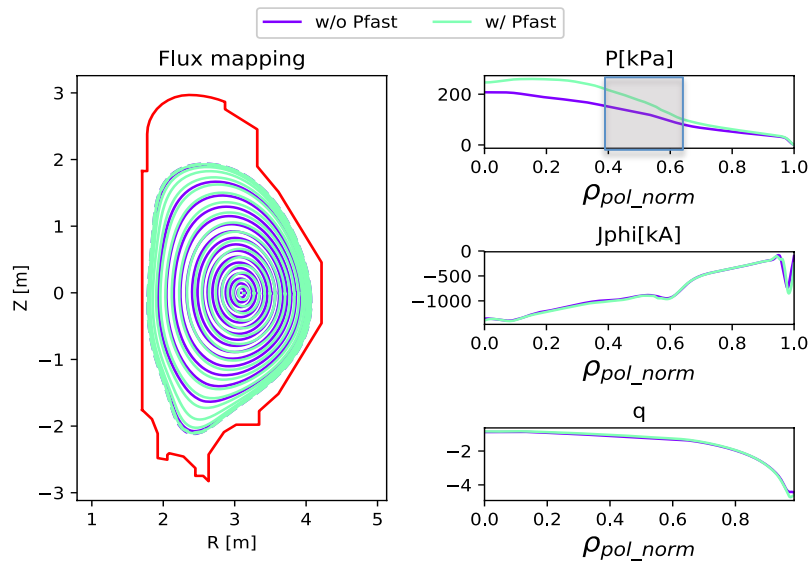
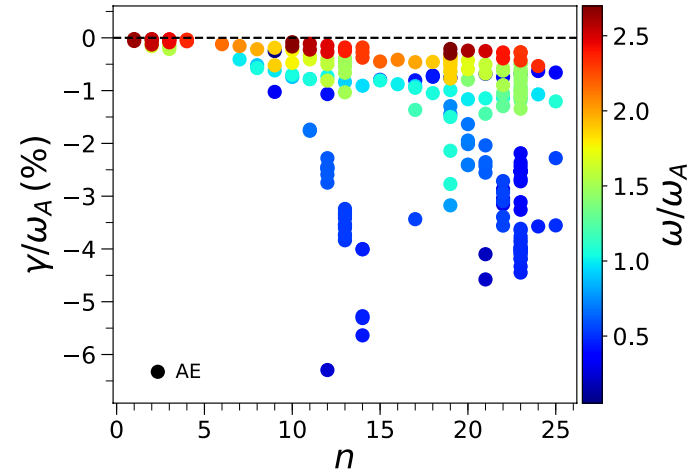
Scenario 4 (CDBM)



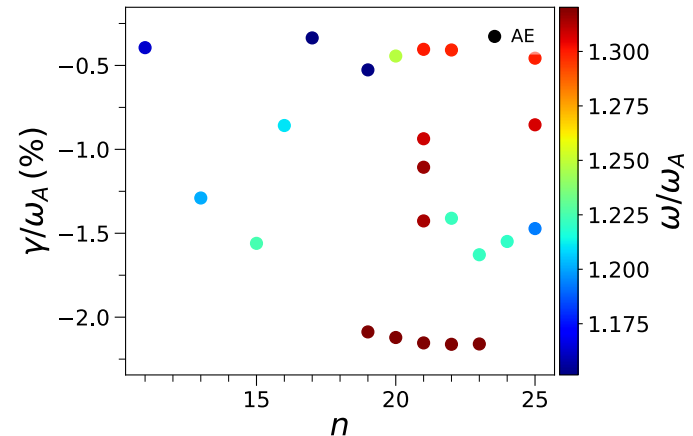
Previous highlights on AE stability



$N-NB < 0.3\%$; $P-NB < 0.02\%$; thermal $\sim [0-6]\%$
 Thermal+P-NB+N-NB contributions



Thermal+P-NB+N-NB contributions
 (ITB located modes only)



Modelling plans



- Obtain the plasma scenarios from JETTO/ETS (preferably in IDSs)
- Obtain/calculate (*collaboration with ETS / JINTRAC teams*) the NBI energetic particle deposition profiles and distributions using ASCOT
 - Use separately P-NBI and N-NBI
 - Convert to COM space
 - ACHTUNG: outcome is highly sensitive to “kinetic”/q plasma profiles → solid agreement is envisaged.
- Estimate drive/damping contribution from NBI ions using CASTOR-K hybrid MHD drift kinetic code. Estimate also thermal ion damping.