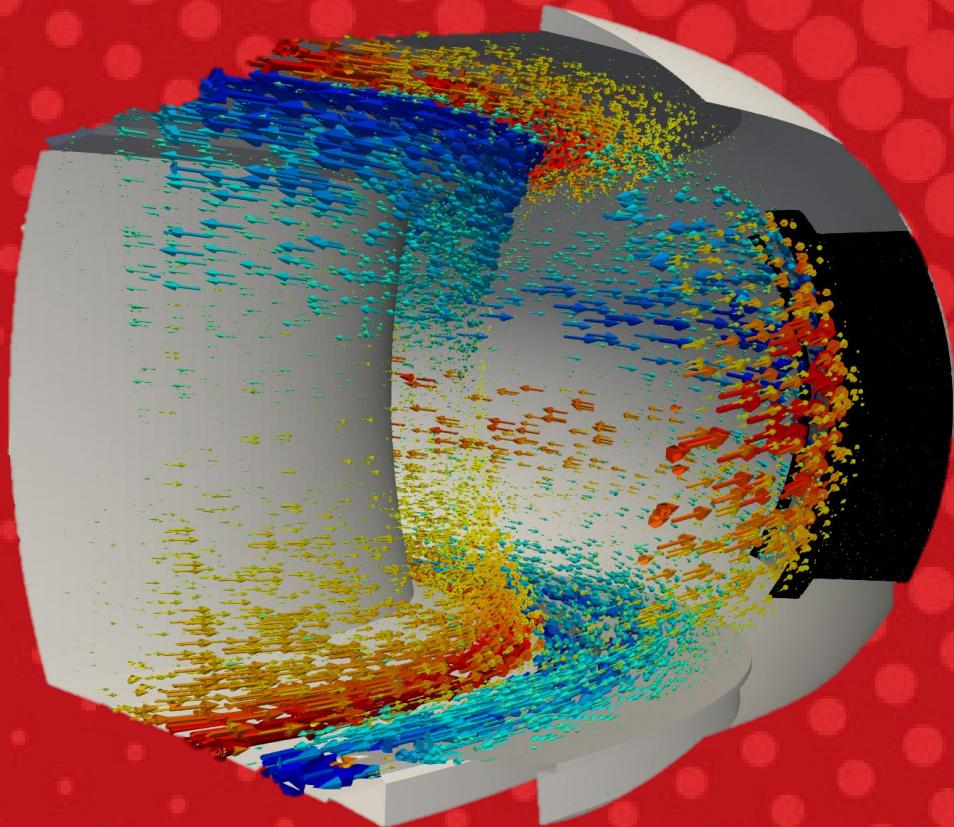




Tungsten migration modelling in WEST discharges SOL

S. Di Genova, G. Ciraolo, N. Fedorczak, A. Gallo, J. Romazanov, H. Bufferand,
P. Tamain, E. Serre, S. Brezinsek



*Plasma parallel velocity field
in WEST from SOLEDGE*

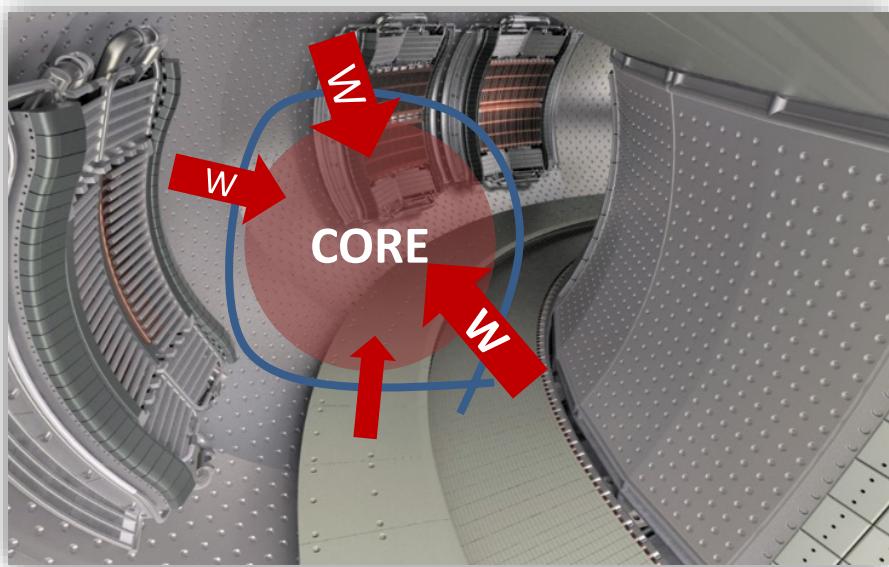
Tungsten (W) contamination in WEST

- WEST equipped with all W plasma-facing components (up to C4).
- Unmitigated radiated fraction ($\geq 50\%$ in heated scenarios).
- Sources are monitored with visible spectroscopy [O.Meyer et al., HTPD 2018].
 - Estimate of gross erosion only.
 - Redeposition & boundary plasma screening not measured.



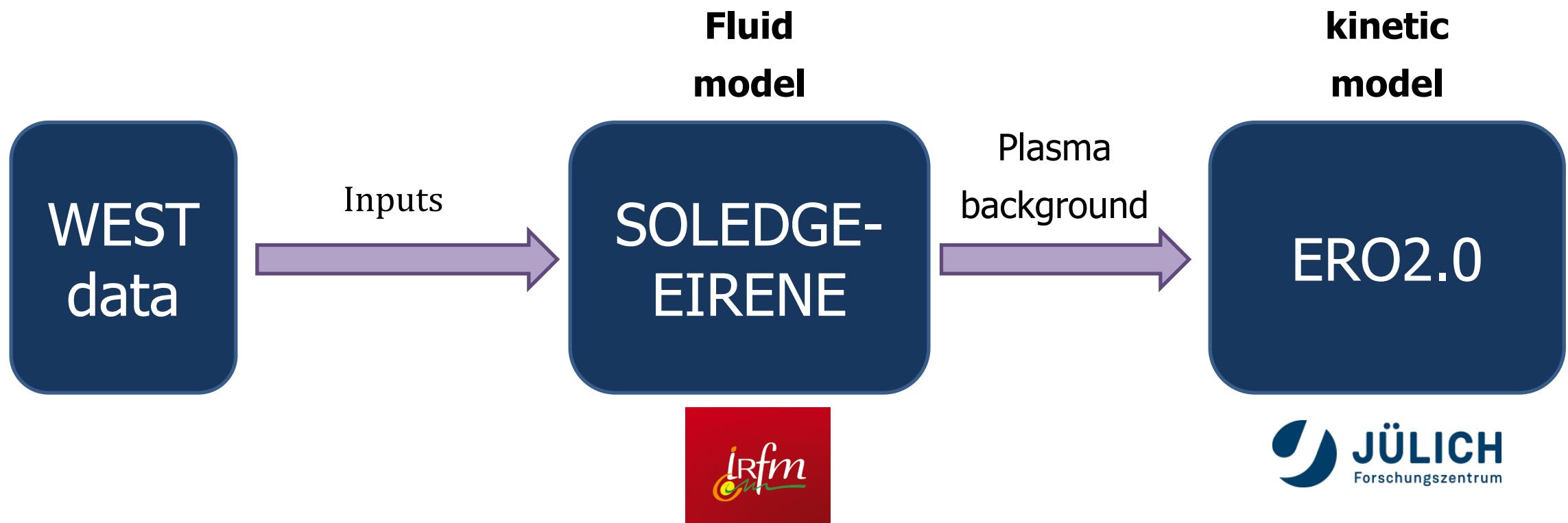
→ Advantages of modelling:

- Access to net erosion.
- Access to source position of W contaminating plasma
- Estimation of plasma conditions influence on W contamination



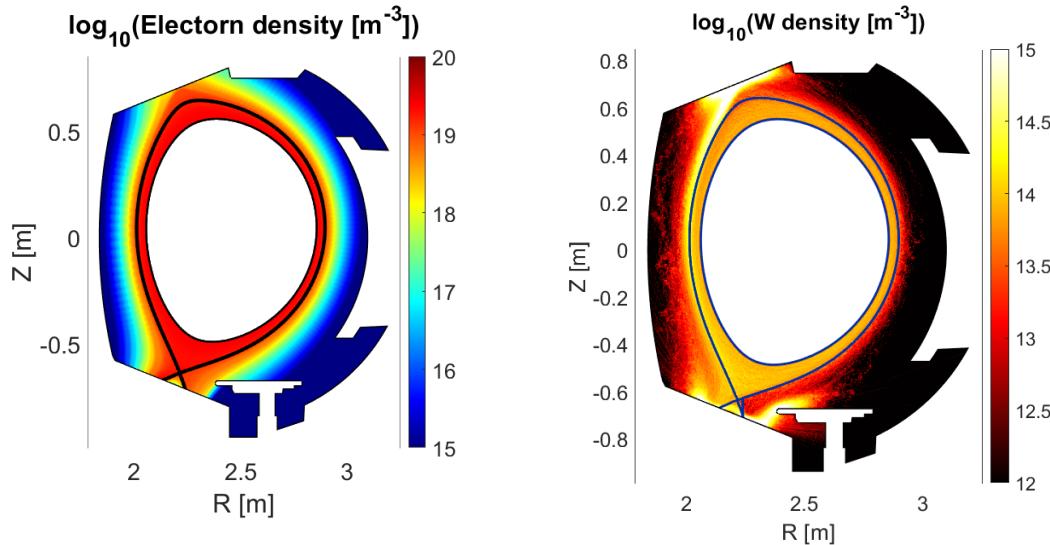
Modelling Work flow

- Experimental data taken by WEST discharges.
- WEST data used as input for SOLEDGE-EIRENE.
- Outputs of the transport code used as **background** for ERO2.0.
- Output used to gain insight about PFCs role in WEST W contamination and transport mechanism in the machine.



Early test case: WEST discharge #55797

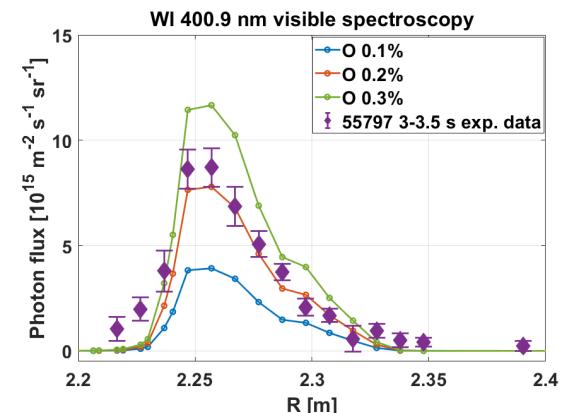
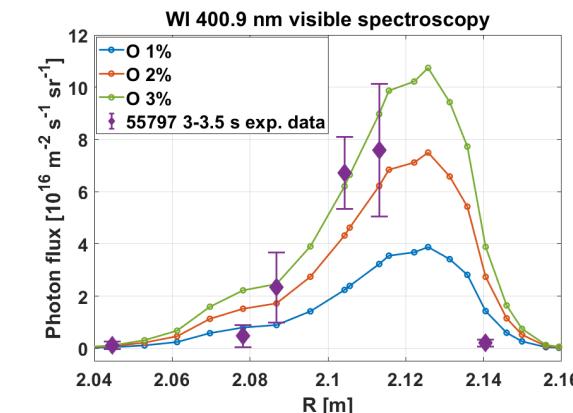
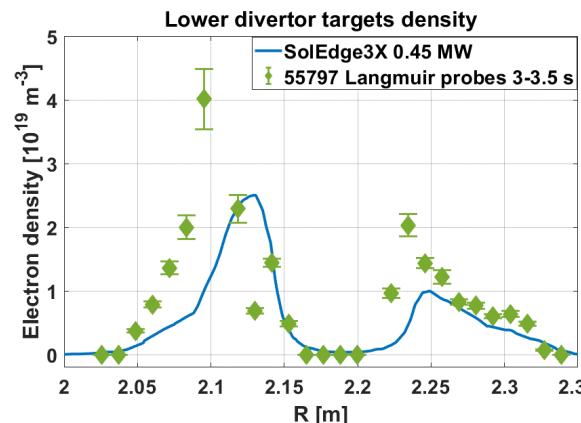
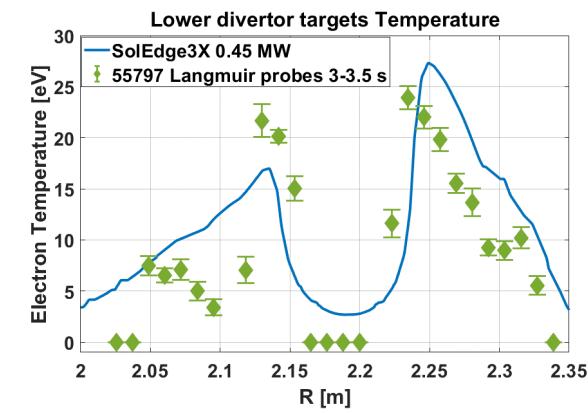
References [S. Di Genova et al., NF ,2021]



Plasma species:
pure D assumed.
Ohmic phase.
S3XE simulation
By H. Yang

ERO2.0 Input parameters:
 $D_{\perp}^{\text{an}} = 0.3 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$
Impurities:
Homogeneous oxygen
Ionisation states: from 1+ to 3+

We manage to reproduce
divertor signal with synthetic Spectroscopy

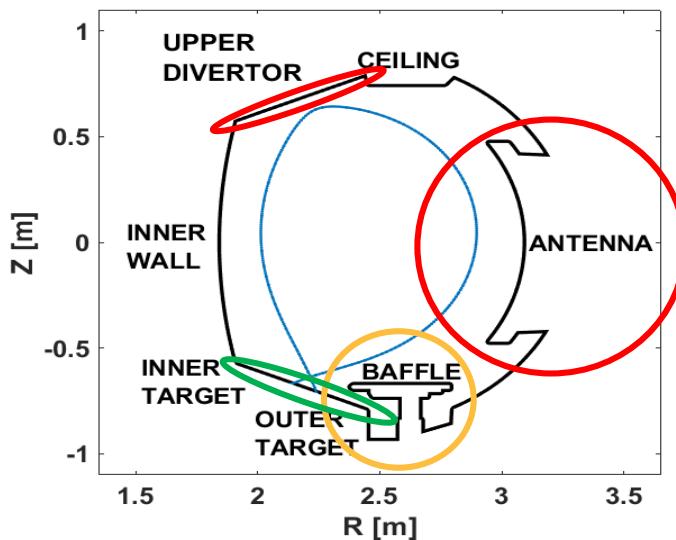


Screening is very different between PFCs

We compute a parameter linked just to transport:

Penetration factor

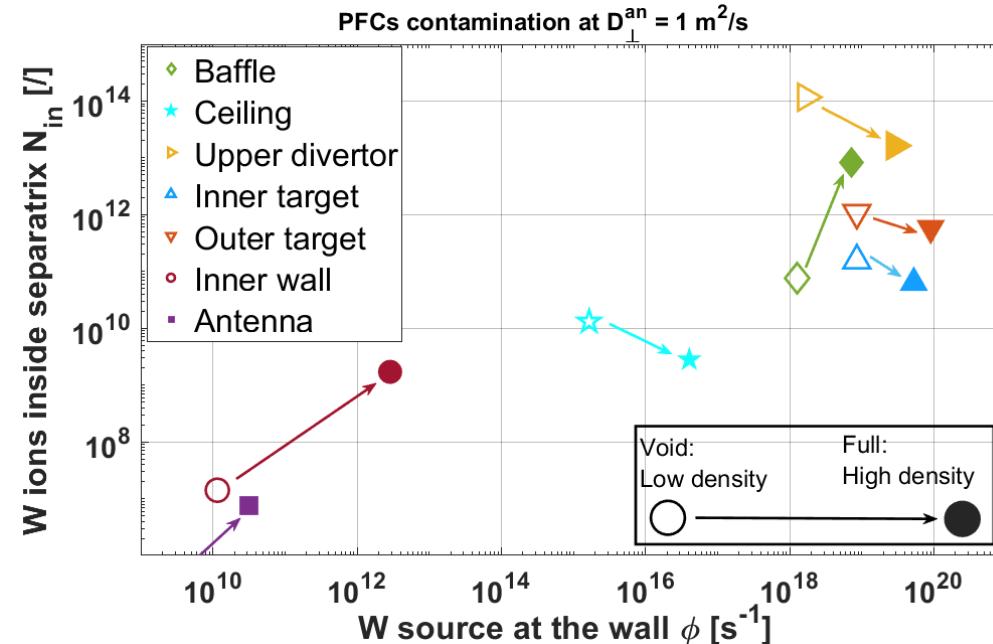
$$\tau_W = \frac{N_{in}}{\phi_{wall}} = \frac{\text{Number of W ions in separatrix}}{\text{Eroded particles rate}}$$



- Lower divertor is very screened.
- main chamber PFCs are low screened.

PFC	D=0.3 m ² /s	D=1 m ² /s
Antenna	2.3×10^{-5}	2.3×10^{-4}
Upper divertor	3.5×10^{-7}	5.7×10^{-7}
Baffle	2.8×10^{-9}	1.1×10^{-6}
Outer target	$\sim 10^{-12}$	6.8×10^{-9}
Inner target	$\sim 10^{-12}$	1.2×10^{-9}

Ratio between contamination N_{in} and source ϕ_{wall} For different PFCs In high density case



Background with modified upper X-point height

References [A. Gallo et al., NF ,2020][G. Ciraolo et al, NF,2021]

#54067

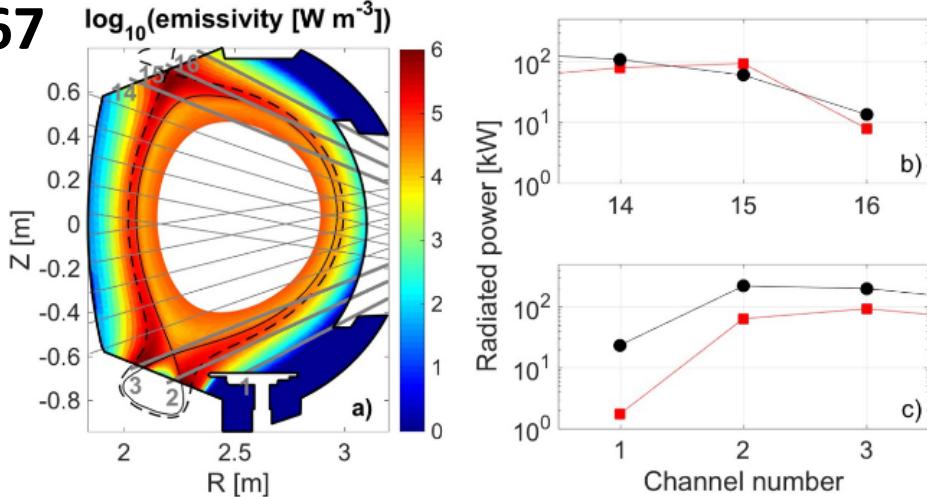
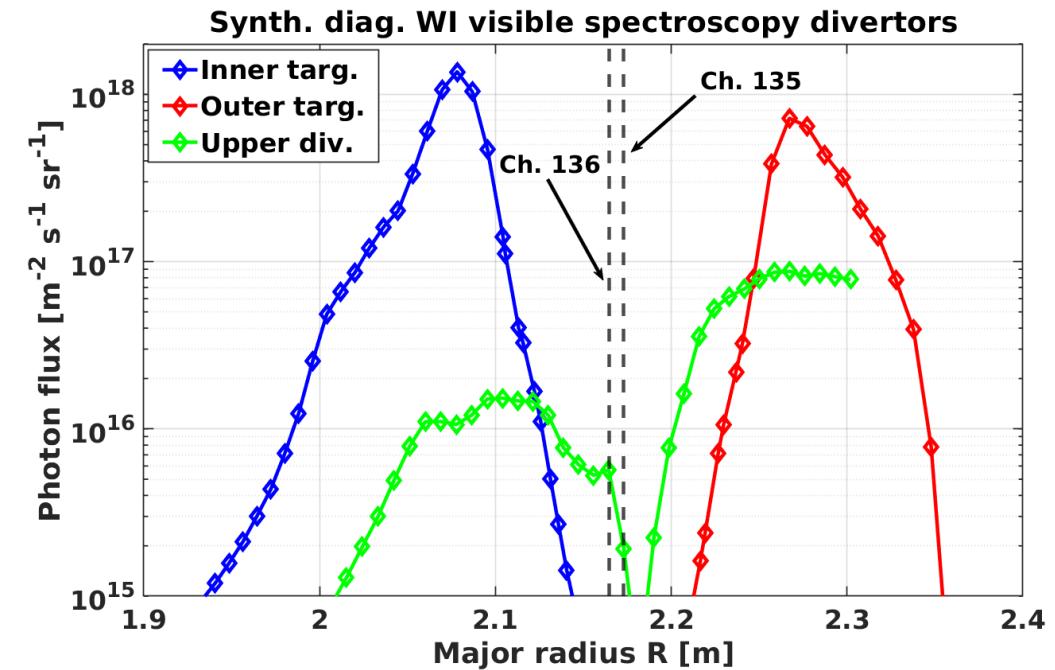
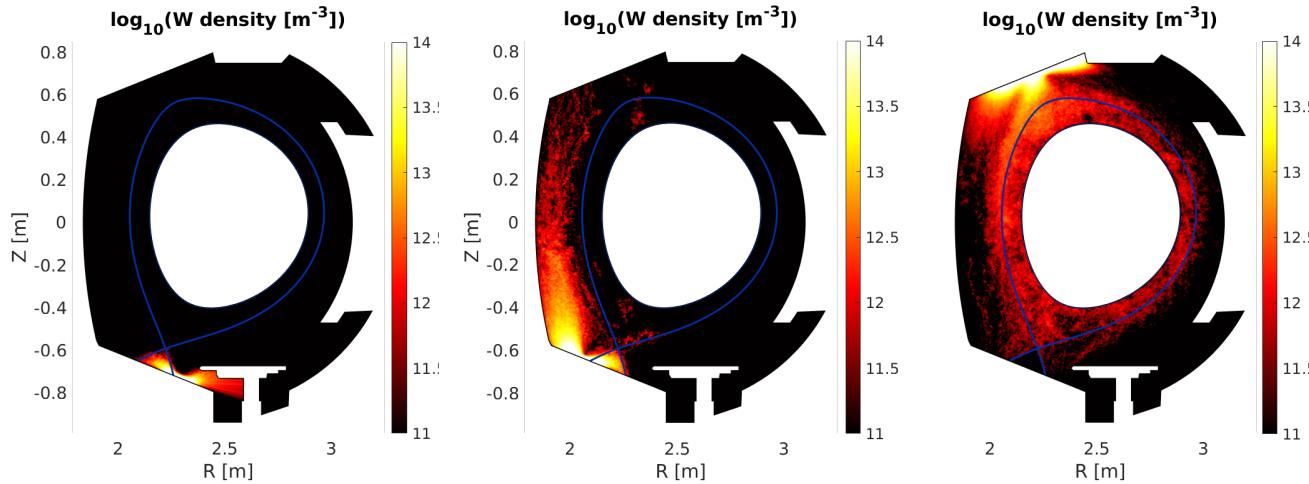


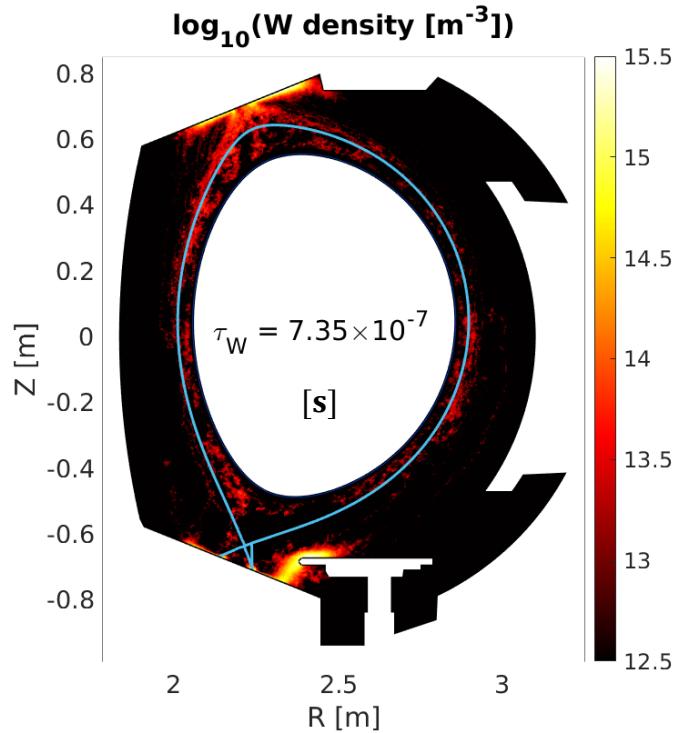
Figure 6. (a) Poloidal map of emissivity calculated by SolEdge2D-EIRENE with bolometry channels (gray lines); (b) power radiated along channels 14 to 16 and (c) along channels 1 to 3 from bolometers (black dots) and calculated by SolEdge2D-EIRENE (red squares).



Lower Vs upper divertor signals compatible with what is seen in experiments.
Upper divertor screening still very low.

Improving W migration description

2021 simulations



Model physical features

CODE UPDATE

Collisional forces

CODE UPDATE

Sheath physics

Plasma impurities

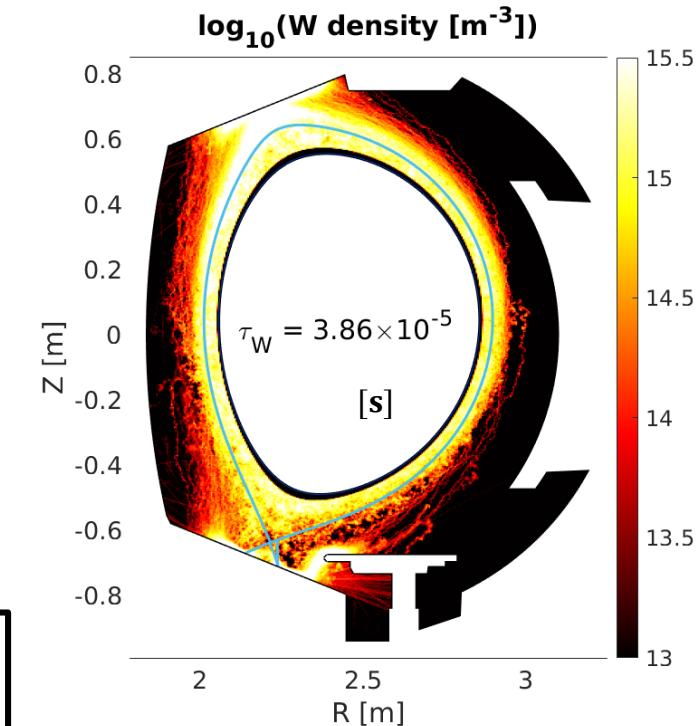
friction forces F_0 ,
thermal forces $F_{\nabla T}$

Electron density with
Boltzmann factor:

$$n_e = n_0 \exp\left(-\frac{\phi}{k_B T_e}\right)$$

Uniform 3% Oxygen
mixture from O^{1+} to O^{8+}

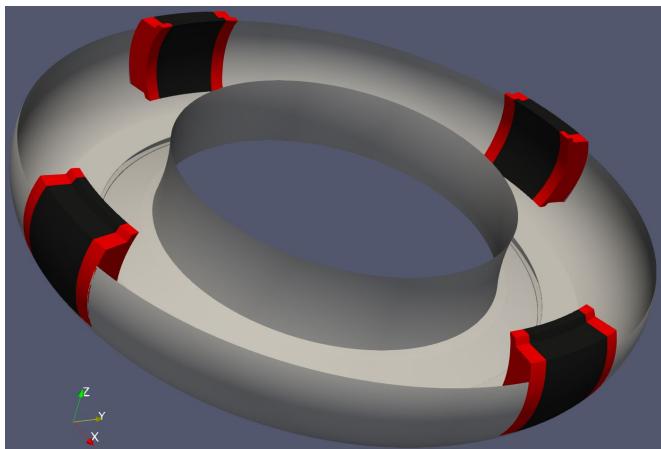
2022 simulations



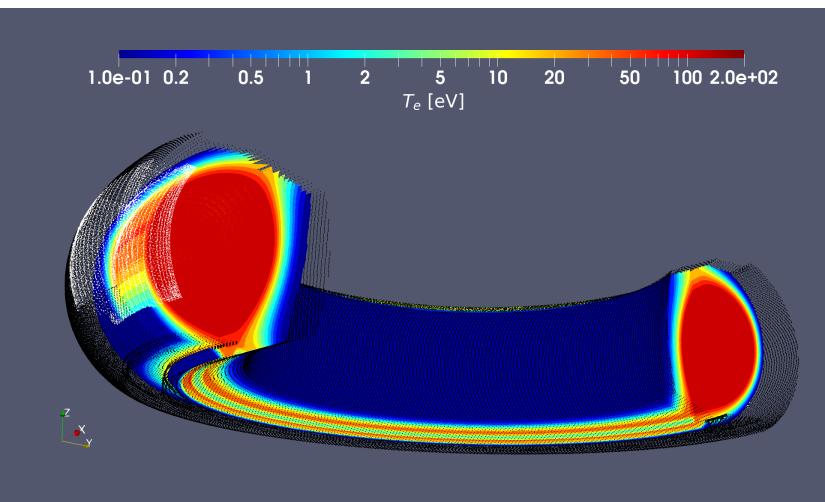
Penetration factor increases up to a factor 50

W density closer to values expected from
experiments

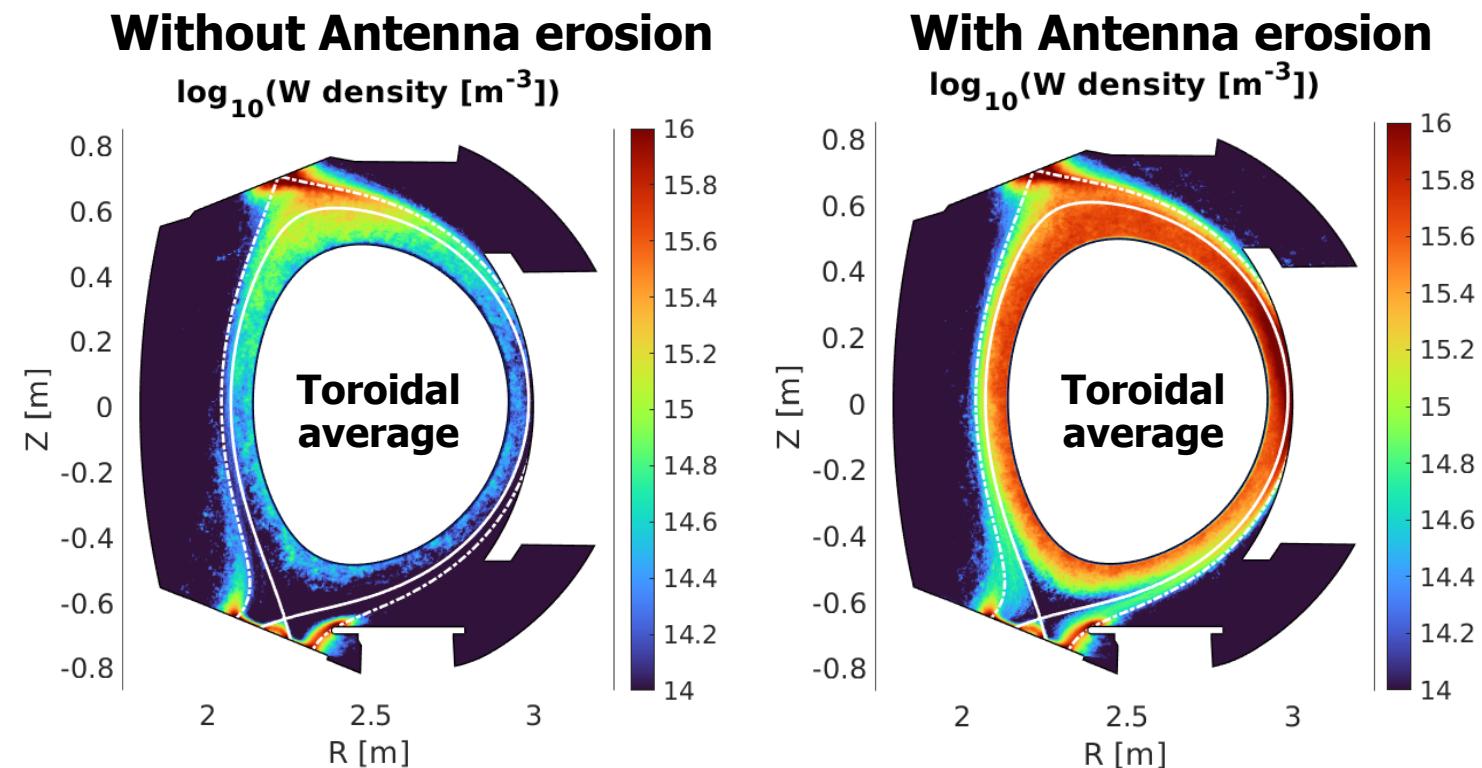
Antenna contamination: 3D wall model



New 3D asymmetric wall model:
Radial Outer Gap: 1.5 cm



SOLEDGE background plasma



Results in this configuration	Antenna protections	Other PFCs
Erosion rate Q [$\# \text{ s}^{-1}$]	3.27×10^{19}	2.54×10^{20}
Contribution core W content N_W [$\#$]	9.00×10^{16}	9.95×10^{15}
90% of contamination	90% of contamination	85% of erosion

Conclusions/ Take-home messages

- SOLEDGE-EIRENE and ERO2.0 can be used as tools to make interpretative modelling of W contamination and screening.
- Divertor W visible signal was reproduced in modelling
- Screening seems to be very different between PFCs
- Modelling hypotheses updated to reach realistic levels of contamination

Ongoing Projects: plasma backgrounds

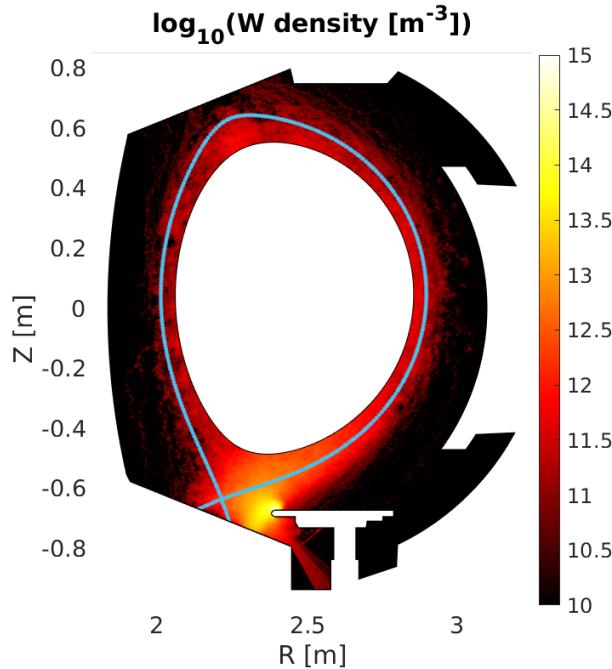
- Modelling WEST Helium discharges
- Modelling X-point radiator configuration
- 3D modelling of WEST scanning distances between separatrix and plasma

Future Projects: W migration

- Upper divertor erosion analyses from next campaign will be compared to modelling
- Scanning gap between antenna and separatrix and study a possible correlation on W contamination
- Study W erosion in long pulses

BACKUP SLIDES

Baffle contamination: two different magnetic configurations

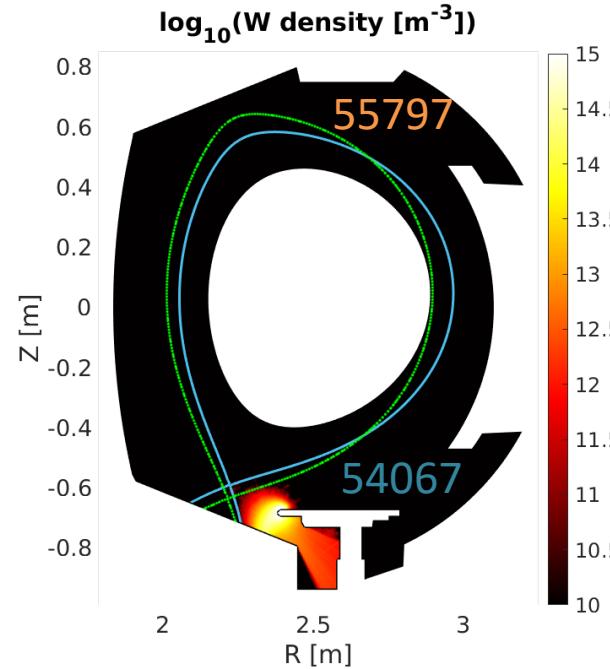


#55797: low X-point

Simulation power 2.5 MW

Separatrix density: 2.1e19 m⁻³

Penetration factor τ_W : 1e-6 s



#54067: high X-point

Simulation power 3 MW

Separatrix density: 2.5e19 m⁻³

Penetration factor τ_W : 1e-11 s

ERO2.0 Input parameters:

$$D_{\perp}^{\text{an}} = 1 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$$

Future simulations to investigate X-point height influence on W contamination