

# TSVV-5: DIFFER 2022 report

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# Coupled comparison between SOLPS-ITER and B2.5-Eunomia in detachment situations



# Comparison with experimental data (High Density case)

- SOLPS-ITER (solid lines) and B2.5-Eunomia (dashed lines) seems to agree with experimental data.
- Discrepancies in density for high neutral pressures.
- SOLPS-ITER seems to show a better trend in the pressure scan.
- Disparate plasma axial distributions.

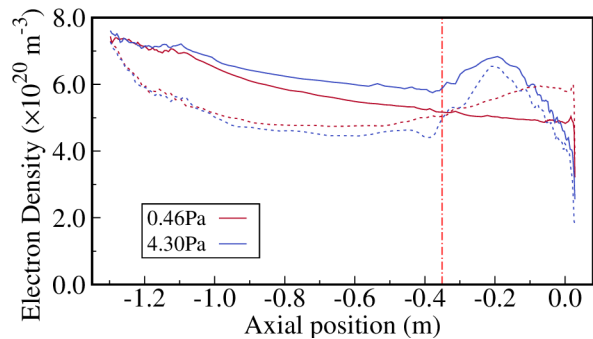


Fig. 1. Axial electron density.

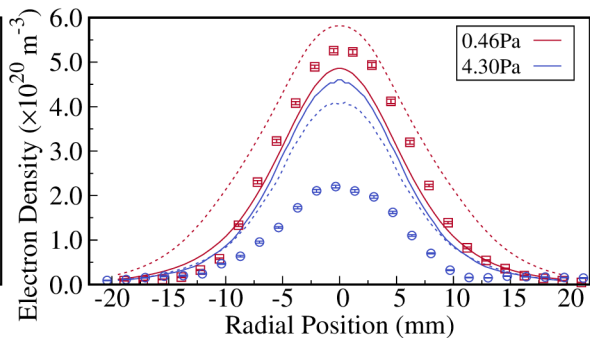


Fig. 2. Radial electron density at TS target position

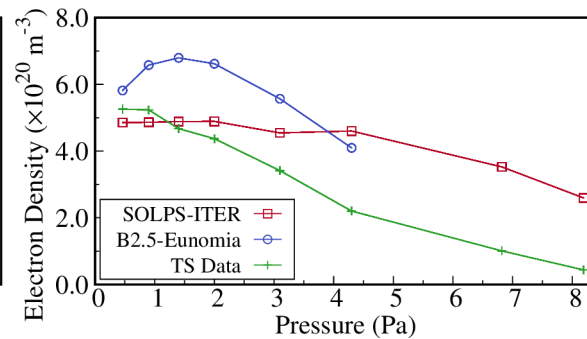


Fig. 3. Peak electron density for a range of pressures

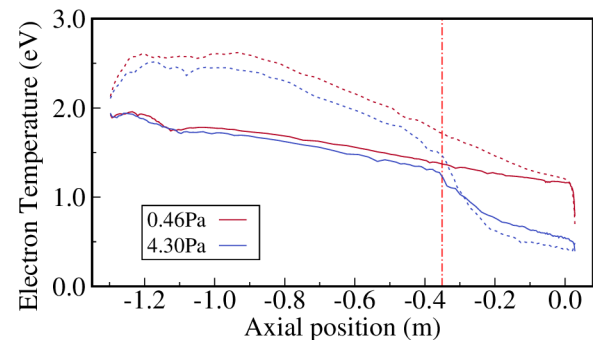


Fig. 4. Axial electron temperature.

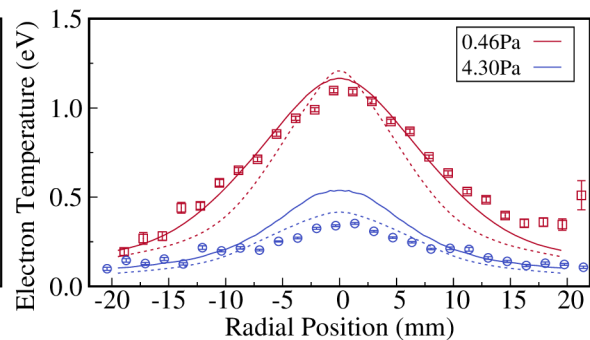


Fig. 5. Radial electron temperature at TS target position

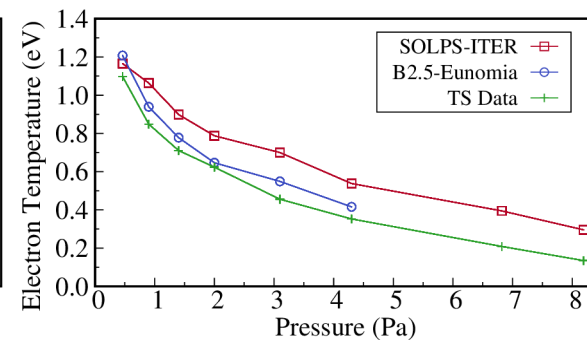


Fig. 6. Peak electron temperature for a range of pressures



# Comparison with experimental data (Low Density case)

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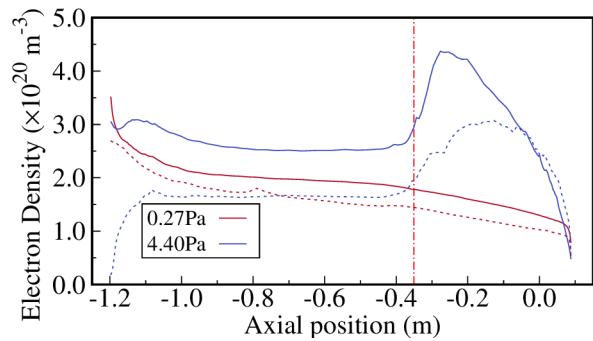


Fig. 7. Axial electron density.

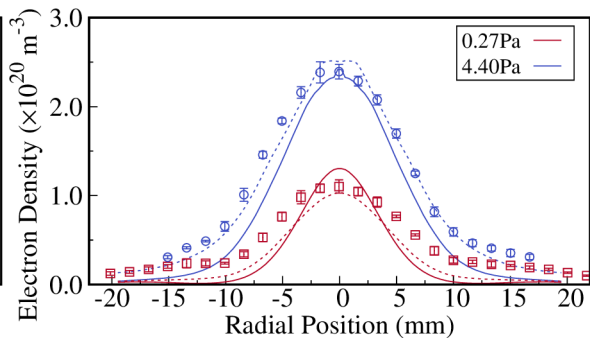


Fig. 8. Radial electron density at TS target position

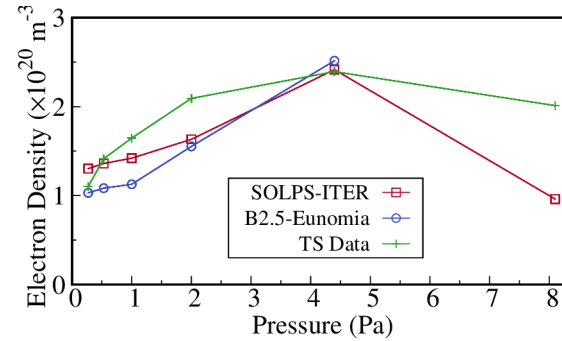


Fig. 9. Peak electron density for a range of pressures

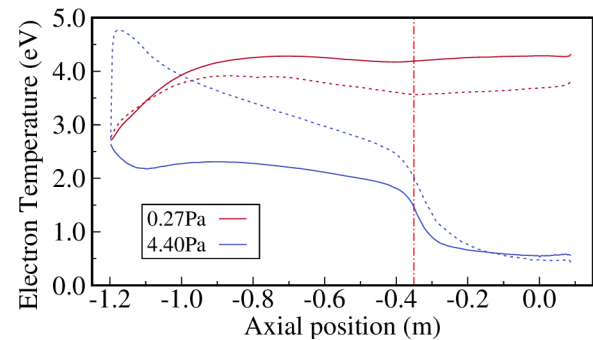


Fig. 10. Axial electron temperature.

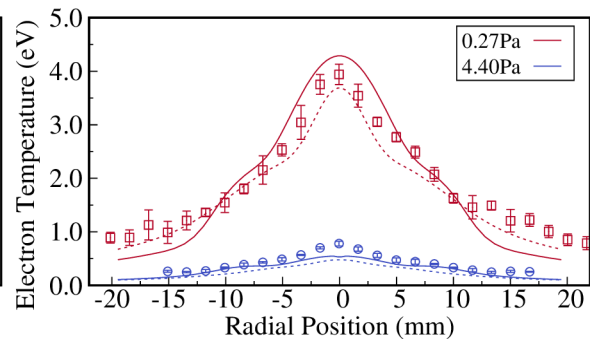


Fig. 11. Radial electron temperature at TS target position

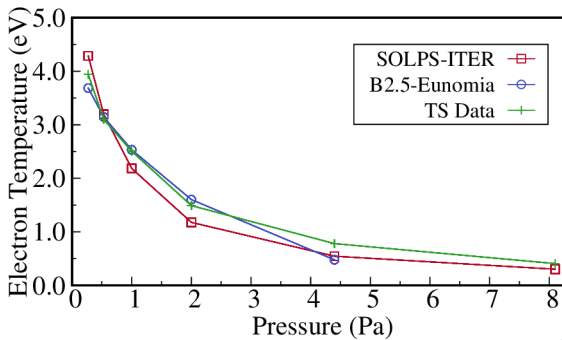
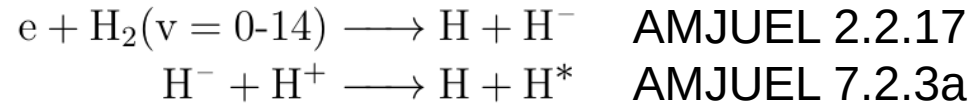


Fig. 12. Peak electron temperature for a range of pressures

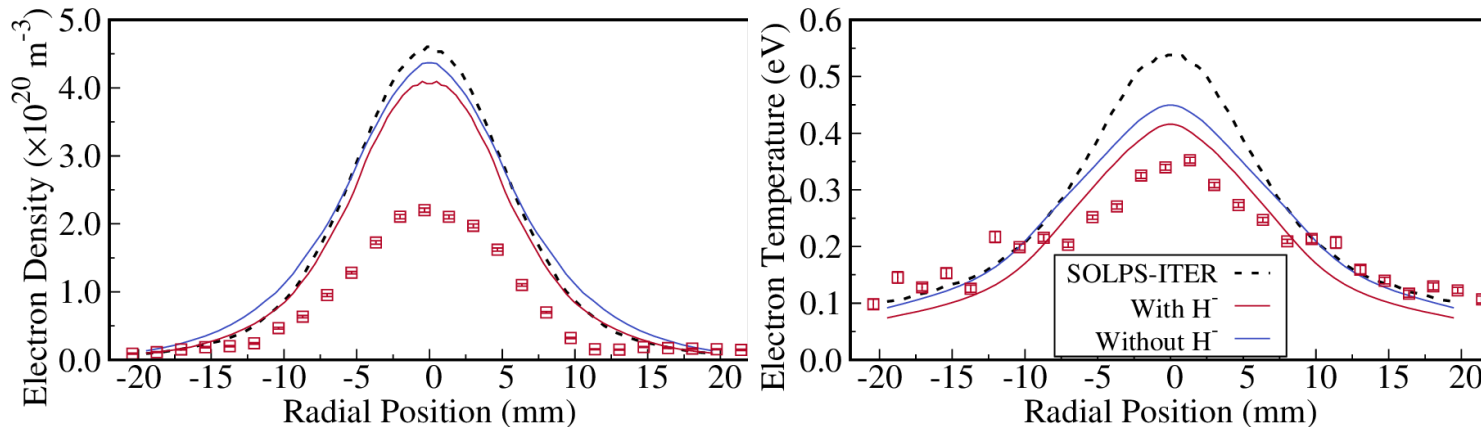


# Missing processes in Eirene *standard* collision set

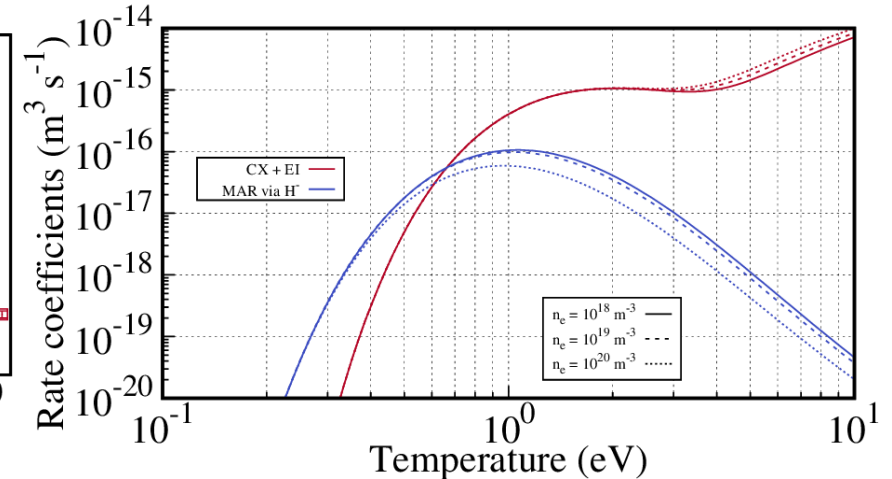
- Eunomia implements a collision process that is missing from the *standard* set of reactions in Eirene:



- Although the cross section is small, it might become relevant for high pressure-low temperature scenarios.



**Fig. 13.** B2.5-Eunomia simulations with MAR via  $\text{H}^-$  and without it for the High Density case at 4.40Pa. SOLPS-ITER solution shown in dashed black line as reference.

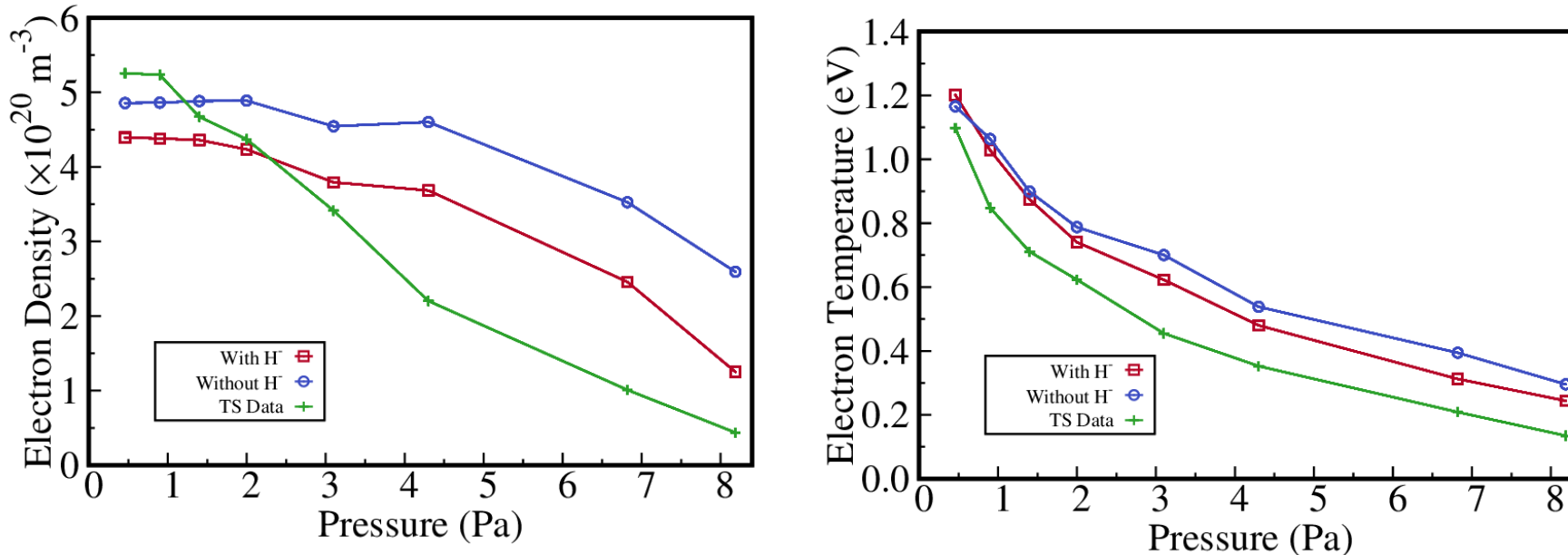


**Fig. 14.** Rate coefficients of the main molecule collision processes.



# Effect of MAR via H<sup>-</sup> in SOLPS-ITER simulations

- Larger impact on plasma density than in Eunomia.
- Possible due to Eunomia solving vibrational states => more accurate.
- This needs to be properly addressed in Eirene and in reduced models not accounting for transport. Already discussed with F. Cianfrani.



**Fig. 15.** Peak electron density and temperature when MAR via H<sup>-</sup> is incorporated (red data) respect to *standard case* (blue data).



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# Refactorization of Eirene



# MODCOL

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- Analysis of the meaning of MODCOL performed in collaboration with P. Börner and Y. Marandet.
- Decided to move the information in MODCOL and MOCLF into REACDAT.
- New variables being defined.
- Work in branch feature/modcol





# Undoing the spaghetti code

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- Study of the subroutine FOLNEUT to eliminate the number of GOTOs statements and divide the main tasks in subroutines.
- Try to incorporated grouped variables.
- Being done with P. Börmer and Y. Marandet.



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# Coupling SOLPS-ITER with Finite Element Wall Model



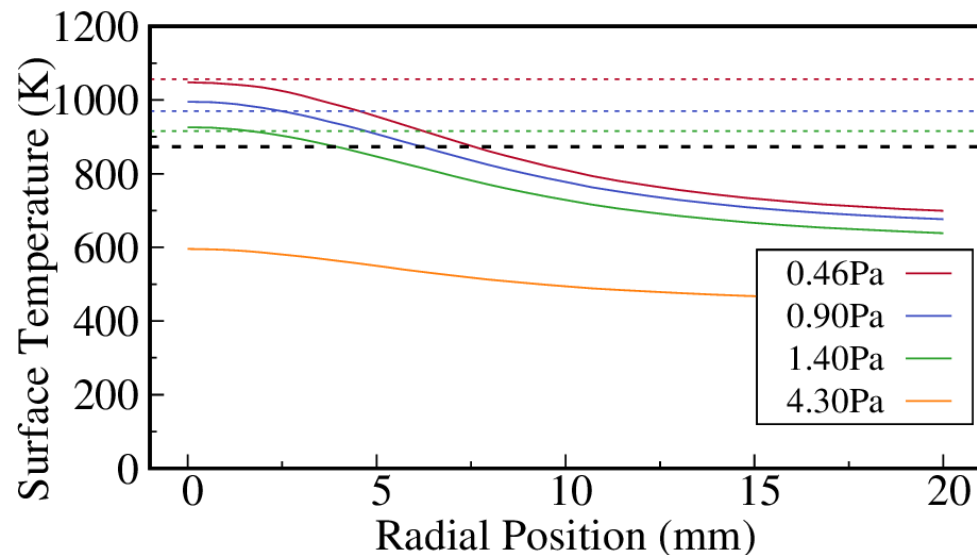
# Progress in coupling SOLPS-ITER to a Target Model

- Issue: obtaining relevant target properties for the simulation of Magnum-PSI (surface temperature, evaporation flux of LM...) in a self-consistent way.
- Solution: Coupling SOLPS-ITER with a Finite Element model (based on FreeFem++).
- First version of interface between the two codes is complete.
  - SOLPS-ITER sends plasma heat flux to target model.
  - Target model returns surface temperature and particle sources fluxes to (possible) overwrite strata in Block 7 via *userfluxparam*.
  - All configured in B2.5 input.
  - Multiple target models possible (currently testing).
- Communication is done via text files.
- New fort.32 file in Eirene: Contains information about surface temperature and which surface to overwrite the temperature.
- The interface created is quite general and easy to extend for future cases.

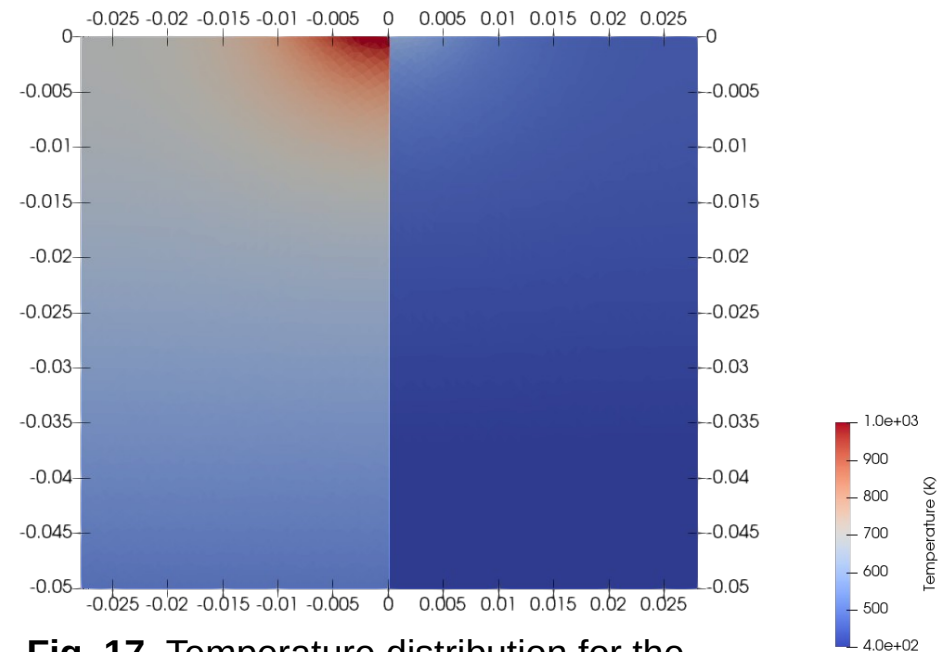


# Tungsten target in detachment scenarios

- Increasing gas pressure in target chamber => reduces heat flux towards the target.
- Calculation of temperature on the surface self-consistently.
- Bottom surface has a BC that represents Magnum-PSI cooling system.
- Comparison with pyrometer measurements.



**Fig. 16.** Surface temperature from SOLPS-FEM (solid line) and pyrometer measurements at the target centre (dashed line) for different neutral pressures in the target chamber.



**Fig. 17.** Temperature distribution for the 0.46Pa (left) and the 4.30Pa (right).



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# Future Works



# Future works Comparison Eirene-Eunomia

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- Comparison Eirene-Eunomia
  - Simulation of new experiments for validation of SOLPS-ITER.
    - Provide reference cases for TSVV-5 repository (case already exists).
  - Time-dependent simulations.
  - Study of relevance of vibrational states in Eirene.
- Refactorization
  - Full development of new REACDAT variables (current version in branch feature/modcol).
  - Testing.
- Finite Element Wall Model
  - Improve the interface to account for possible neutral fluxes.
  - Increase the amount of information exchanged.
  - Allow to couple with Eirene in standalone mode.
  - Extend the coupling options so other target models can be applied.

**Depending on DIFFER  
hiring new person to  
cover 0.5ppy**

