

TSVV3 5/2/2025

GBS workplan for 2026/27





This work has been carried out within the framework of the EUROfusion Consortium, partially funded by the European Union via the Euratom Research and Training Programme (Grant Agreement No 101052200 – EUROfusion). The Swiss contribution to this work has been funded by the Swiss State Secretariat for Education, Research and Innovation (SERI). Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union, the European Commission or SERI. Neither the European Union nor the European Commission nor SERI can be held responsible for them.





EPFL

- Validation of tokamak simulations with variable magnetic geometry:
 - Comparison with different leg lengths
 - Exploit results from TCV-X23 case (LSN with long outer leg)

500

400

300

200

100

• Negative triangularity cases

(EUROfusion grant 2025/26 Mancini)

• Simulations of larger devices (possibly JT60)





EPFL



[L. Stenger et al, poster Varenna (2024)]

- Validation of tokamak simulations with variable magnetic geometry
- **Realistic wall geometry** impact on turbulence and neutral dynamics:
 - Simulations with TCV-like baffles
 - Simulations with closed divertor





- Validation of tokamak simulations with variable magnetic geometry
- Realistic wall geometry impact on turbulence and neutral dynamics
- Interplay between **low-Z impurities** and turbulence:
 - Analyse impact of carbon wall in tokamaks
 - Analyse impact of active diagnostic on performance

(e.g., GPI, He thermal beam)





- Validation of tokamak simulations with variable magnetic geometry
- Realistic wall geometry impact on turbulence and neutral dynamics
- Interplay between low-Z impurities and turbulence
- Stellarator turbulence studies:
 - Validation against experimental data (e.g. W7-AS, W7-X, HSX, LHD)
 - Study neutrals impact on turbulence in stellarators



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GBS code improvements:

- Validation of tokamak simulations \rightarrow
 - Improve efficiency of plasma model (e.g., energy conserving operators, IMEX time integration)
 - Port neutrals solver to GPU
 - Improve comparison methods with other codes and experiments (e.g., exploit IMASification)
 - Implementation of synthetic diagnostics collecting data on the fly
- **Realistic wall geometry** → Improve efficiency of neutral model (e.g., hierarchical-method with multi-species)
- Low-Z impurities \rightarrow Expand multi-species framework to include easily any species on GPU
- Stellarator turbulence \rightarrow Neutral model for stellarator simulations