



MPG contribution to SP X.1 Atomic and molecular processes in attached/detached plasmas

TASK: Atomic and molecular hydrogen spectroscopy in ionizing and recombining plasmas

D0004: **Interpretation spectroscopy** results using spectra simulation and (CR) modelling with **YACORA** (MPG)

Ursel Fantz, Dirk Wunderlich, Richard Bergmayr



Yacora: a flexible solver for Collisional Radiative models

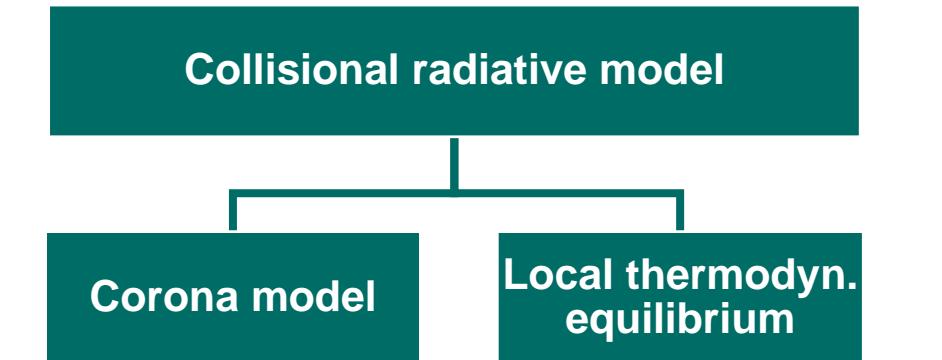
D. Wunderlich et al, Atoms 4, 2016, 26

Yacora is a flexible (0D)-solver for CR models:

- Used and improved for more than 20 years
- Many CR models built on that solver, focus here: H and H₂

CR model for...	# states	Comment
H ₂	Electronic states only	33
	Some vibrational states	214
	Vib-rot resolved	>626
H	44	Coupling to H⁺, H₂⁺, H₃⁺, H⁻, very well benchmarked
He	19	Very well benchmarked
Ar		Well benchmarked

Additionally available are: Ar+, Cs, N₂, C₂, CH in different status,



- Extensive data base of reaction probabilities
- Drastically increased complexity for molecules
- Data for H based on ADAS and ...
- Data for H₂ based on MCCC data and ...
- Dedicated PhD thesis, present status in

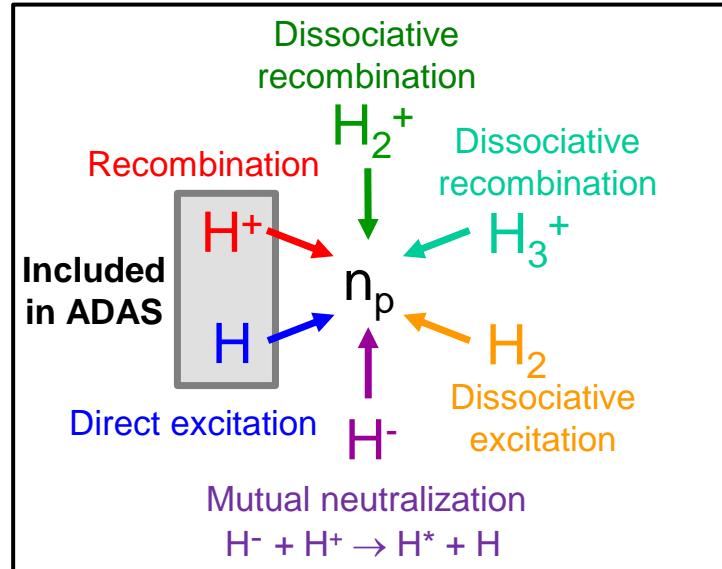
L. Scarlett et al, ADNDT 137, 2021, 101361

R. Bergmayr et al, Eur. Phys. J. D 77, 2023, 302

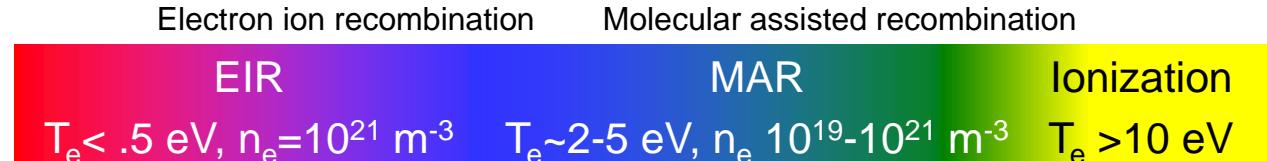
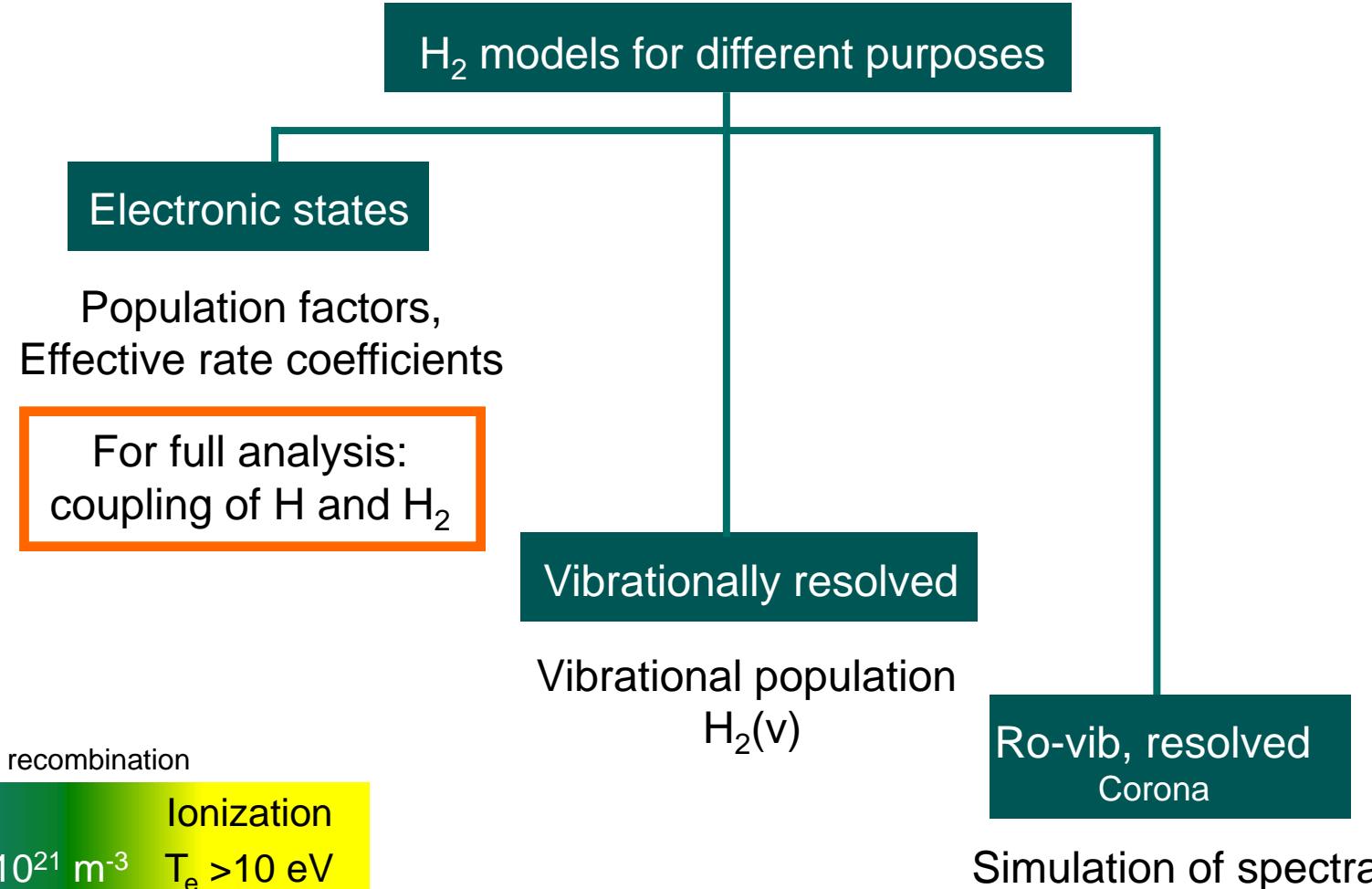
D₂ in preparation



Atomic and molecular hydrogen models

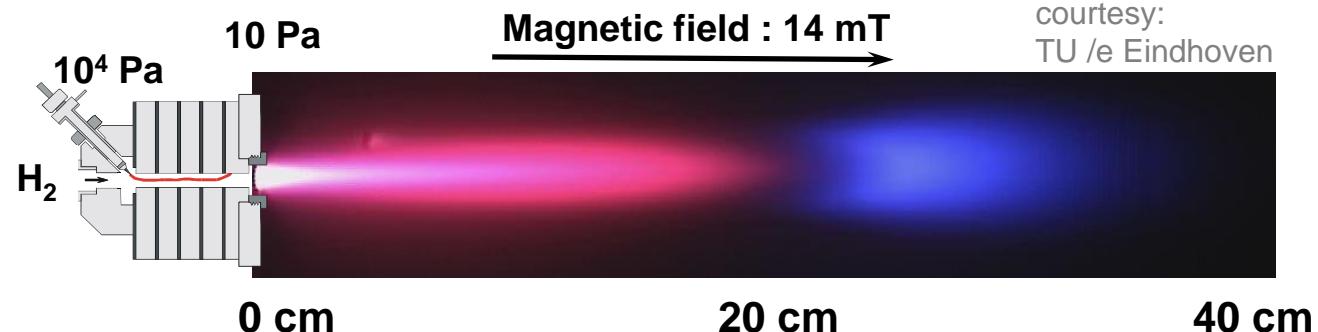


- Ionizing and recombining plasmas
- Opacity is an option



Example for analysing recombining and ionizing plasmas

Linear plasma device: cascaded arc at TU/e Eindhoven

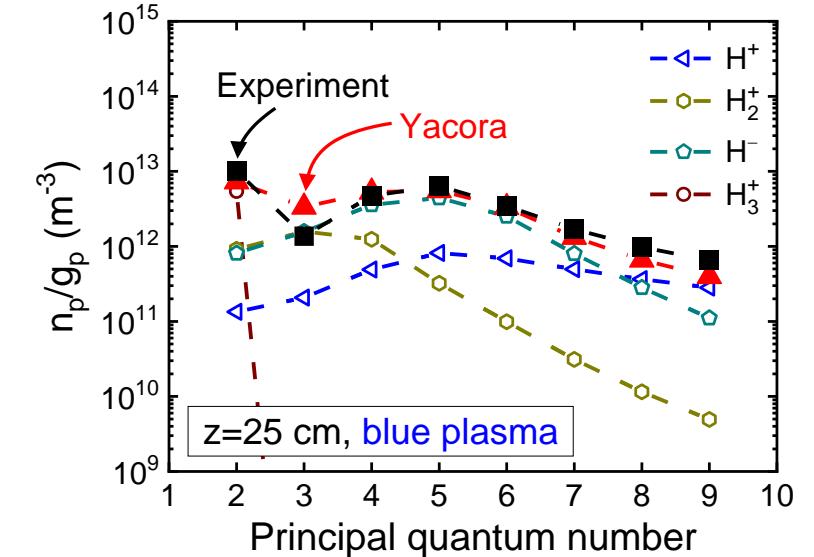
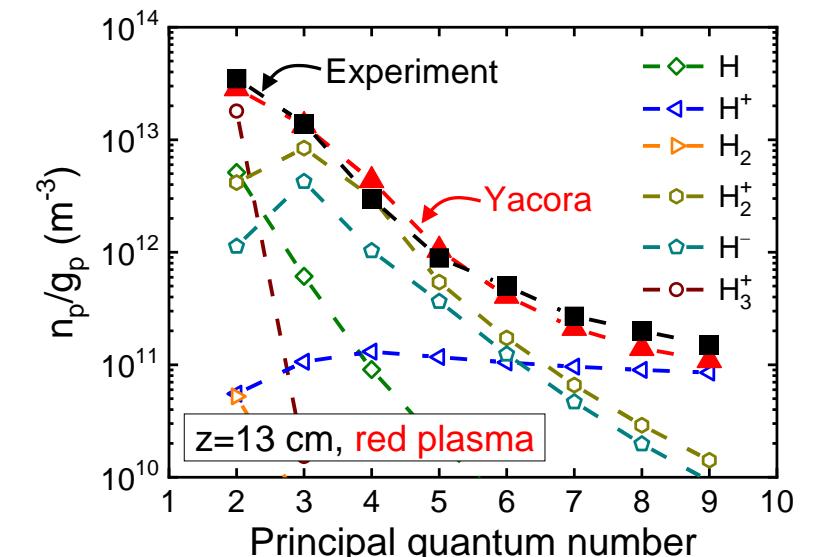


Plasma parameters from Thomson scattering, probes, OES, ...

W.E.N. van Harskamp, Phys. Rev. E 83, 2011, 036412

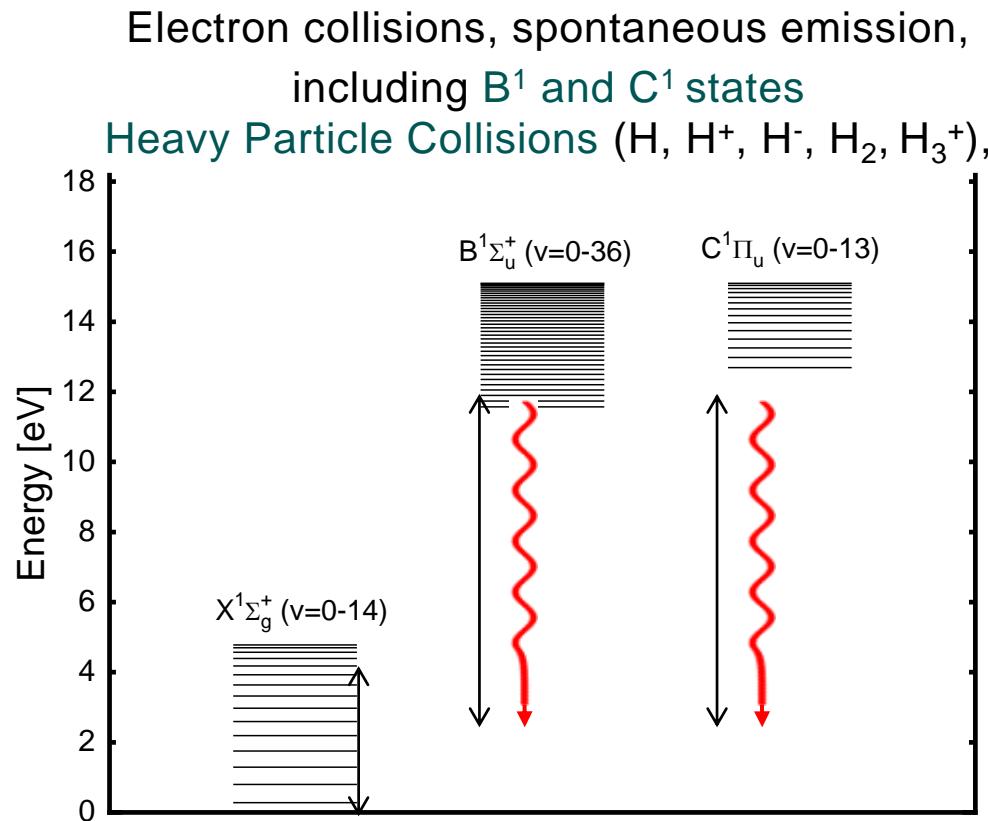
Excellent agreement experiment ↔ Yacora for red and blue plasma

- Atomic and molecular excitation channels play a role
- **Correct prediction of overpopulation of n=4,5 and 6**





Vibrationally resolved CR model, H₂(v) population



EIE: Electron impact Excitation

EID: Electron Impact Dissociation

H₃+DR: Diss. recombination H₃⁺

DA: Dissociative Attachment

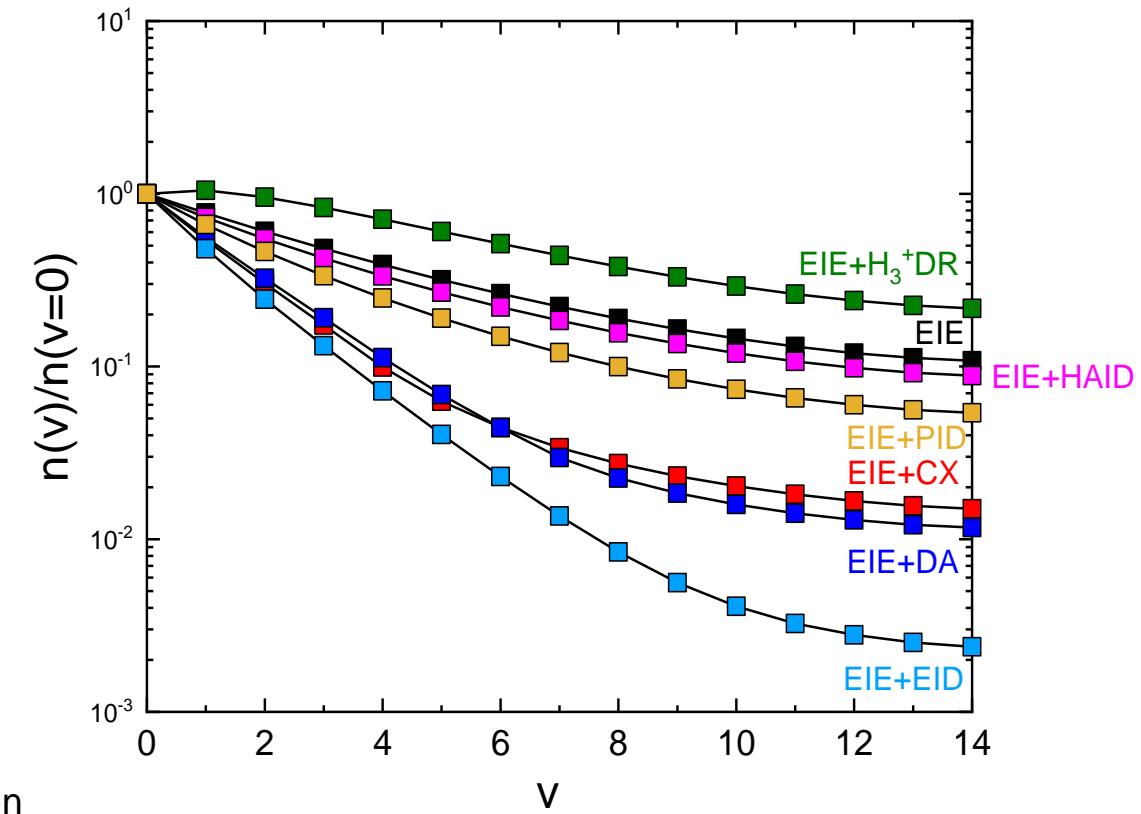
CX: Charge Exchange

HAID: H Impact Dissociation

PID: Proton Impact Dissociation

Divertor plasma conditions

$$\begin{aligned} T_e = T_H = T_{H^+} &= n_e = 10^{20} \text{ m}^{-3} & n_{H^+} = 4 \cdot 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3} \\ = T_{H_2^+} = T_{H_3^+} &= 2 \text{ eV} & n_{H_2} = 5 \cdot 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3} & n_{H_2^+} = 4 \cdot 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3} \\ T_{H_2} &= 2/3 \text{ eV} & n_H = 5 \cdot 10^{18} \text{ m}^{-3} & n_{H_3^+} = 2 \cdot 10^{19} \text{ m}^{-3} \end{aligned}$$

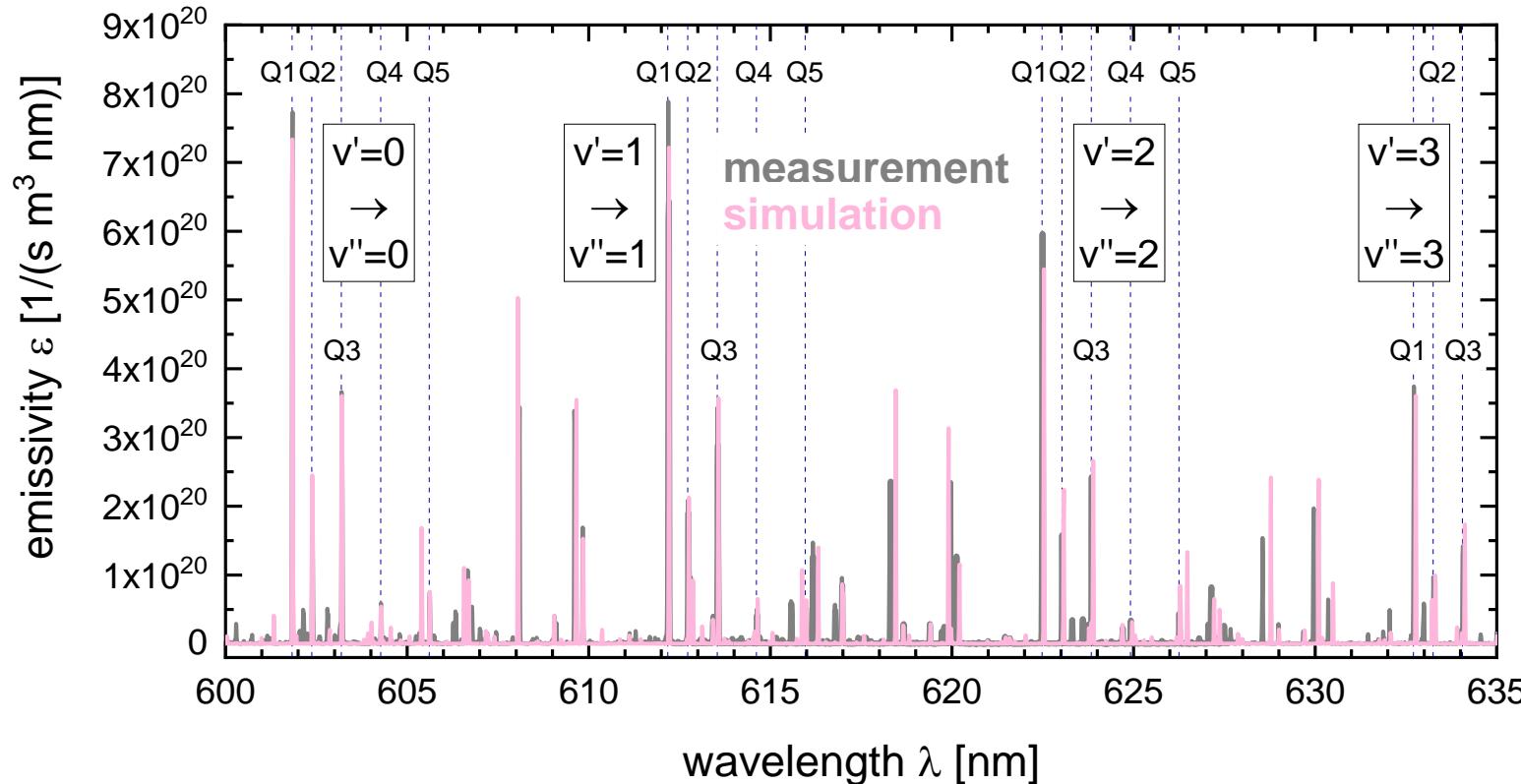




Ro-vibrationally resolved (corona) model

Simulation of spectra

Example: Fulcher transition in a low temperature ICP



$$T_e = 9 \text{ eV}$$
$$n_e = 2 \times 10^{16} \text{ m}^{-3}$$

$$T_{\text{rot},1} = 500 \text{ K}$$
$$T_{\text{rot},2} = 7500 \text{ K}$$
$$T_{\text{vib}} = 4200 \text{ K}$$

Closing remark

We look forward to analysing the Magnum PSI data and participating in the measurements.