



# **E-TASC General Meeting: E-TASC – Present and Future**

Garching | Nov 11-15, 2024

Frank Jenko

*On behalf of the E-TASC SB*



This work has been carried out within the framework of the EUROfusion Consortium, funded by the European Union via the Euratom Research and Training Programme (Grant Agreement No 101052200 — EUROfusion). Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or the European Commission. Neither the European Union nor the European Commission can be held responsible for them.

# E-TASC within the WP Advanced Computing



## WP AC: Advanced Computing

### ACH: Advanced Computing Hubs

#### 01: High Performance Computing

CIEMAT

EPFL

MPG

#### 02: Integrated Modelling and Control

IPPLM

#### 03: Data management

VTT

### HPC: High Performance Computer

#### HW: Hardware

ENEA (2023)

ENEA (2024 - 2029)

PC5: Project cycle 5

PC6: Project cycle 6

PC7: Project cycle 7

PC7: Project cycle 8

### DATA: Data maintenance and management activities

#### JDC: JET Data Center

UKAEA

#### DIMP: Data Management Plan

CEA

EPFL

IPPLM

MPG

VR

### TSVV: Theory, Simulation, Validation and Verification

#### 01: Physics of the L-H Transition and Pedestals

MPG

#### 02: Physics Properties of Strongly Shaped Configurations

EPFL

#### 03: Plasma Particle/Heat Exhaust: Fluid/Gyrofluid Edge Codes

CEA

#### 04: Plasma Particle/Heat Exhaust: Gyrokinetic/Kinetic Edge Codes

MPG

#### 05: Neutral Gas Dynamics in the Edge

FZJ

#### 06: Impurity Sources, Transport, and Screening

CEA

#### 07: Plasma-Wall Interaction in DEMO

FZJ

#### 08: Integrated Modelling of MHD Events

MPG

#### 09: Dynamics of Runaway Electrons in Tokamak Disruptions and Start-Up

CEA

#### 10: Physics of Burning Plasmas

MPG

#### 11: Validated Frameworks for the Reliable Prediction of Plasma Performance and Operational Limits in Tokamaks

MPG

#### 12: Stellarator Optimization

MPG

#### 13: Stellarator Turbulence Simulation

CIEMAT

#### 14: Multi-Fidelity Systems Code for DEMO

UKAEA

**NEW (!)**  
**TSVV-15: Pulse Design Tool**

**WP AC objectives** are to run a coherent program of TSVV projects and to develop a suite of “EUROfusion Standard” software

**Scientific objectives TSVVs** were pre-defined by the E-TASC SB, prior to the TSVV CfP (2021-2025)

**Scientific objectives ACHs** are defined following requests by code developers with approval by the E-TASC SB (annually)

**Monitoring of activities** is by the E-TASC SB and the PMU



Call: Spring 2020

## TSVV Task 1: Physics of the L-H Transition and Pedestals

Expected resources: Up to about 10 ppy per year (incl. about 30% for ACH personnel)

### Background

Regarding the plasma core, present-day gyrokinetic (GK) simulations of turbulent transport may be characterized as relatively mature, allowing for quantitative comparisons with measurements on a regular basis. Meanwhile, an important new frontier of GK is to advance towards a comprehensive, self-consistent description of the pedestal/edge region, including the physics of the L-H transition. The time is ripe to address these outstanding challenges, building on years of preliminary work and exploiting the capabilities of emerging exascale supercomputers.

Initial applications of GK codes to the near-edge region of tokamak plasmas over the last decade or so have highlighted the importance of a range of physical effects, calling for global simulations in realistic magnetic geometries – involving electromagnetic effects, high-quality collision operators, and the ability to retain both sub-ion-scale fluctuations and relevant macroscopic (MHD-like) instabilities. Moreover, GK codes have demonstrated the capability to reproduce experimentally measured fluxes in near-edge L-mode plasmas and have been used to explore to some degree the residual turbulent transport in H-, QH-, and I-mode pedestals. In addition, full-f GK codes applicable to the edge and SOL are being developed (see TSVV Task 4), providing new ways to attack the L-H transition problem. Another key aspect of the present TSVV task is the development of validated and fast reduced transport models – on the basis of the GK simulations – to be used in integrated modelling codes.

### Aims of the project

- Capability to carry out self-consistent, robust, and validated GK simulations of L-H transitions and to accurately predict the pedestal profiles; extension to QH-/I-mode discharges.
- Validated and fast reduced transport models which can be used for multi-channel core-edge predictive modelling.
- Applications of GK simulations and reduced models to (natural or controlled) small/NO ELM regimes, studying their transferability to ITER and DEMO.

### Key deliverables

1. Validated local and global (electromagnetic, collisional) GK simulations of ion-scale, electron-scale, and multi-scale turbulent transport in the H-, QH-, I-, and L-mode edge.
2. Extension of these simulations to self-consistently include relevant macroscopic (MHD-like) instabilities and the development of a radial electric field.
3. Consistent application of at least one edge GK code (developed in TSVV Task 4) – which is able to bridge the core, pedestal, and SOL regions and includes neutral physics – to the L-H transition problem.
4. An interpretative and predictive capability of L-H transitions (based on a sound validation strategy and ideally also including extensions to QH-/I-mode discharges) accurately capturing the observed edge plasma dynamics in various machines.
5. Reduced transport models for the pedestal on the basis of GK simulations, involving electron-scale, ion-scale, and macroscopic (MHD-like) instabilities; these can then be included in MHD and transport studies, exploiting synergies with TSVV Tasks 8 and 11.

Detailed workplan with timeline, milestones,  
SMART deliverables, and risk assessment (2021-25)

## Mid-term review of Theory Simulation Verification & Validation (TSVV) projects 2021-2025 by the E-TASC Scientific Board

Mid-term review: Fall 2023

### Purpose of the review

The goal of this review is to assess the TSVV projects' performance, the achievements in computational science and plasma physics, the efficiency of the project management, and the project's broader impacts on the EUROfusion programme and the wider scientific community.

The project achievements are considered, along with possible deviations from the original proposal. Specific challenges and opportunities are identified, and changes to project priorities, activities and objectives are proposed.

Furthermore, on a higher level, additional synergetic interactions between projects in EUROfusion and adjustments to the overall project portfolio are proposed.

### Methodology

The review was carried out as a three-step process:

- Presentation of each TSVV project's achievements to date to a broad audience of EUROfusion scientists, focusing on the main scientific and technical highlights, briefly mentioning specific impacts (achieved or anticipated) on the WPs, and plans. All materials are available at <https://indico.eurofusion.org/event/2429/>

# Mid-term review: Summary of key action items



## Providing resources for strengthening collaborations and enabling trainings within the E-TASC ecosystem

- A concrete **travel budget** proposal will be discussed at the **next FSD Project Board meeting**

## Increased focus on the development of EUROfusion Standard Software

- More emphasis on **cross-code fertilization, the completion of the IMASification, and the dissemination of the developed tools** (incl. code documentation, code repositories, user training etc.)

## Enabling modern data-driven plasma science

- In this context, the E-TASC SB fully supports the **recent call for “Project proposals for innovative AI/ML methods used in support of EUROfusion programme objectives”**
- Additional action items should include **manned support for FAIR access to all EU tokamak databases** in IMAS format and the acquisition of a **long-term storage facility for simulation databases**

## Software licensing

- A clear recommendation on licenses (or license options) to be used should be provided on a EUROfusion-wide basis in a timely fashion; **a subgroup of the E-TASC SB has agreed to put together a specific proposal**

## Development of a Pulse Design Tool (PDT)

- Recently, **a small new activity (embedded in TSVV-11) has been launched by the PMU** to identify possible paths forward regarding the development of a PDT by the end of the year
- **The SB and several TSVV leaders will play an active role in this context**



# Recommendations (ACH coordinators)



Expand the ACH expertise in **database development**, particularly to manage large data sets and support the Data Management Plan.

Develop more competences in **AI/ML methods** to leverage these techniques for data validation, analysis, and optimization.

For HPC-oriented hubs, expand the competencies to effectively adapt to the **evolution in HPC hardware and software**.

Accelerate the development of the agreed-upon standards for the EUROfusion software stack by promoting **professional software engineering practices**.

Play a proactive role in proposing **projects of general interest**, in close collaboration with TSVVs, Thrusts, and WPs.

# Recommendations (Code developers)



Engage proactively with ACHs in a **one-team approach**.

Further strengthen the **involvement of ACH members in the research activities** (incl. co-authorships).

Commit sufficient **resources to support the ACH requests**.

Define **clear objectives and requirements** for each request.

Align your activities with the **recommendations of the TSVV Mid-Term Review**; this includes, in particular, the completion of the IMASification and the dissemination of the developed tools.

# Recommendations (EUROfusion PMU)



Set up a **central E-TASC website** to enhance communication.

- This **will complement existing websites** for the individual TSVVs.

Establish an **E-TASC online collaboration platform** to continuously share best practices and provide fast support for ongoing projects.

- ACH@Poznan has access to and experience with various tools.
- They will reach out to the other ACHs and **propose a specific solution before the end of July.**

Organize **(bi-)annual in-person workshops between all E-TASC stakeholders** focused on networking and strategic planning.

- E-TASC General Meeting will take place on November 11-15, 2024.
- This will be the **first in-person meeting of all stakeholders** – after almost 4 years.
- Strategic planning will play a key role.



# Recommendations (Overall)



Ensure the availability of the urgently needed **Long-Term Data Storage Facility**.

Allocate **adequate resources for travel support** to enable closer collaboration among code developers and ACH members.

- As of now, each ACH / TSVV has about 3k€ / 5k€ per year (~50% of what was asked for).
- We are getting many requests; **a budget increase would be extremely helpful**.

Ensure the advancement of expertise within the ACH teams by investing in **training and professional development programs**.

- Key aspect for attracting, retaining, and equipping high-quality personnel.
- We will invite **experts from neighboring areas of R&D** for webinars and visits.

Explore pathways to supporting an **HPC/AI Summer School**.

- Successful example: Computational Physics School for Fusion Research (MIT)
- We could **partner with European supercomputing centers, CERN, and FuseNet**.



## Main tasks:

- **Code development** (in collaboration with ACHs)
- **Code validation & applications** (with WPs)
- **Code deployment** (including user training and support)

## Prerequisites for code support:

- **Appropriate data environment (including IMAS integration)**
- **Open access for the EUROfusion community**

## Implications:

- Existing TSVVs are expected to evolve and possibly merge
- New pilot TSVVs in fusion engineering and technology
- Potential adjustments in ACH responsibilities