

# Fluid estimation for a kinetic-diffusive Monte Carlo scheme and its analysis in homogeneous case

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# 0 What is Kinetic-Diffusion(KD)?

- Kinetic neutrals  $\rightarrow$  accurate, very slow in high-collisional regime.
- Fluid neutrals  $\rightarrow$  fast, inaccurate in low-collisional regime.
- KD: replace some of the kinetic steps by larger diffusive steps

# 0 KD: pseudocode

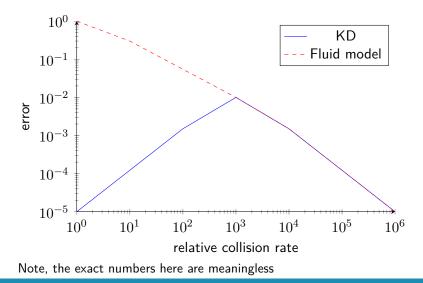
Simulation of one timestep  $\Delta t$ 

- 1 Sample  $\tau_c$
- 2 If  $\Delta t < \tau_c$
- 3 Do fully kinetic step:
- $4 \qquad X^{n+1} = X^n + \Delta t V^n$
- 5 Else
- 6 Do kinetic-diffusion step:

7  $X^n + \tau_c V^n + \Delta W \ (\Delta W \text{ is a diffusive step with time } \Delta t - \tau_c)$ 



0 Errors in KD



## 0 Estimation in KD

- ► Individual paths are lost → no track-length estimation.
- Solution, run fluid model for estimation as well
  - Accumulate diffusive step information and run fluid post-processing
  - Time step is averaged
  - Depends on linearity of fluid-model

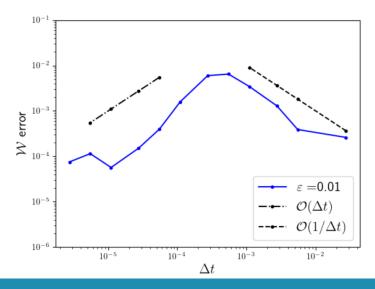
## 0 Estimation in KD

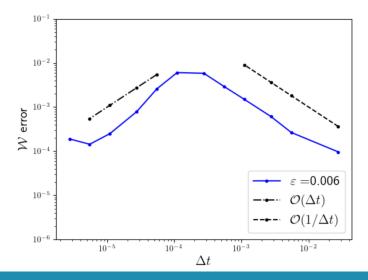
- Individual paths are lost  $\rightarrow$  no track-length estimation.
- Solution, run fluid model for estimation as well
  - Accumulate diffusive step information and run fluid post-processing
  - Time step is averaged
  - Depends on linearity of fluid-model
- Is this accurate?

### 0 Theoretical results

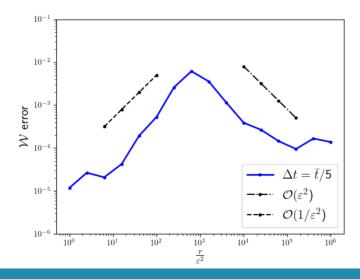
- I'll be honest, I don't fully understand the proof
- Conclusion: Error is dominated by individual particle errors due to KD. Fluid estimator is able to estimate well.

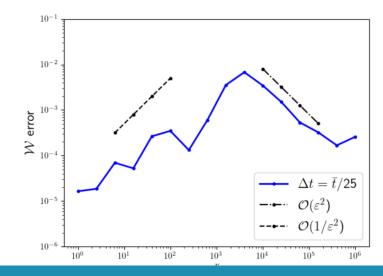






7 Fluid estimation in KD schemes





## 0 Future work

- Compare with track-length
- Use more accurate fluid model
- Extend to heterogeneous background

