

# Summary and plans for W sources studies within WP TE

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RT-06 Preparation of efficient Plasma Facing Components (PFC) operation for ITER, DEMO and HELIAS



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- Summarize the plans and ideas related to the TE program covering WEST and AUG and JET analysis.
- Identify the needs for modelling, experiments and wishes to the linear facility community and atomic and molecular data

RT06 activities currently includes analysis of the past experiments (22-23 and 24 WPTE calls) + setting up of new experiments (25)

sessions # or discharges executed/allocated

	JET	AUG	TCV	MAST-U	WEST
2022-23	#14/#12	No exp.	0	0	285/270
2024	0	0/30	0	0	98/105

### Call WPTE 2025 deadline 11<sup>th</sup> of October



## **RT06** scientific objectives

Impact of power/particle loads on PFC				
D1	Quantify local power load distributions on castellated and shaped PFCs for ITER and DEMO, including melting situations using experimental data and predictive modelling			
D2	Assess the impact of sustained high power / high particle fluence plasma exposure of metallic PFCs			
Fuel retention, removal and wall conditioning				
D4	Quantify fuel retention in devices with metallic walls, with a focus on long pulse operation (using recent fuel retention diagnostic upgrades such as laser-based diagnostics where available)			
D5	Determine fuel-removal and conditioning efficiencies in metallic devices in conditions relevant for ITER PFPO and extrapolate to DEMO			
Erosion sources from Plasma Facing Components (impurity content, material migration)				
D3	Quantify material erosion sources from metallic walls under ITER relevant plasma conditions (including high power and impurity seeding plasmas) and determine material migration pathways			
D6	Quantify the balance between gross and net erosion of W under different operational conditions			

RT06 task 3: E. Pawelec, J. Romazanov

## « W source and redeposition » very important topics for RT06 – synergies with RT03 and RT04

# RT-06 WPTE devices & status of knowlegde

### **Erosion in the divertor**

[M. Balden, Phys.Scr. 2021]

- Net erosion > 0.1 nm.s<sup>-1</sup> (same range AUG-WEST)
- Gross erosion  $\rightarrow$  impurity intra-ELM (JET-ILW, AUG)
- Helium (fuzz formation, AUG, JET-ILW, WEST phase I)
- ITER-grade PFU (WEST) thick surface layers (HF C7)
- Toroidal gap (done in AUG, WEST) [E. Tsitrone, PSI 2024]

### **Erosion in the main chamber**

- CX flux (AUG), far SOL conditions ?
- Erosion during limiter and ramping phases?

### **Erosion on the RF antennas (ICRH)**

- Fully explored in JET-ILW and AUG

### **Prompt redeposition:**

Analyses on going (AUG, JET-ILW, WEST)

### fully actively cooled W divertor -ITER grade PFUs



0.5 mm toroidal bevel

Shutter samples with Co/Au/Pt/W markers





### "Tungsten fuzz" experiment

Surface modification from IR camera observed but no visible confirmation of fuzz formation

 Ongoing work in 2024/25: balance between W erosion, growth rate fuzz and co-deposition coverage of the surface with co-deposits ⇒ TE and PWIE

New information needed: **photography (in-vessel 2024) and post-mortem analysis (2025)** needed to confirm modification  $str}$ to tungsten surface  $\Rightarrow$  PWIE



JET - IR Camera: Surface modifications on W after He interaction



Changes in surface in private flux region and far SOL, but not at strike point  $\Rightarrow$  post-mortem analysis and photography needed



- Spectroscopy: Relative tungsten states from line ratios (WI, WII, higher charge states) needed for comparison with models
- Modelling effort: ERO, ERO2.0, JINTRAC, PIC



### **Experimental plan in AUG (up-coming campaign)**

- Focus on CX particles  $\rightarrow$  Far Sol condition
- Use the shutter samples with Co/Au/Pt/W markers to measure the erosion in different toroidal and poloidal positions z (m)
- W source rates evaluated with VIS spectroscopy •



Many LOS (VIS

One LOS for impurity concentrations (SPRED – VUV, X-ray)



ASDEX



- Focus on CX particles  $\rightarrow$  Far Sol condition (campaign-integrated)
  - Extract (limited) info on particle flux (CX)
  - Measured ratios  $\bar{Y}_{z1} / \bar{Y}_{z2} = \Delta n_{z1} / \Delta n_{z2} \Rightarrow approximate energy distribution$
  - Measured  $\Delta n_z \Rightarrow \underline{estimate for total incident fluence \Phi}$



Thermal ions plus sheath potential, T<sub>i</sub> = T<sub>e</sub> = 10 eV

ions

0.05

D.04

0.02

0.01

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# **Experimental plan in WEST**

- Characterize the W sources (gross erosion) on the ITER-grade divertor during high fluence deuterium campaigns (fixed strike lines):
  - "Attached" plasma condition (C7 HF 2023) RT06
  - Low Te plasma condition (2025) RT06
- Characterize the W sources on main chamber
  - ➤ Use of N seeded cooling effect to cut the divertor sources → LH versus ICRH discharges (also look at the W core content) RT06
    [see A. Gallo's talk yesterday]
  - Current ramp-up with W limiter phase RT03 (synergies with RT06)

### Other topics in piggy-back

- W-sputtering in the far SOL (sample holder, collector probes)
- Post-mortem to characterize the net erosion over the exp. campaigns.
- Understand the W migration pathways (surface layers build-up)
  - Large scale: impurity transport (drifts, turbulence)
  - Local scale: prompt redeposition (Larmor rad., sheath), bevel effect, gaps...

Red: experiment already performed Blue = WPTE call for 2025



only CX neutrals



## **Experimental plan in WEST**

### High fluence C7: "attached" plasma condition





WEST C7 HF:

- ~ 380 repetitive shots run for 1 month, cumulating ~3 hours of plasma / 30 GJ of energy
- ITER relevant fluence reached (~2 PFPO shots): ~5 10<sup>26</sup> D/m<sup>2</sup>
- UFO detected with IR originate mostly from HFS (thick deposits area)

[E. Tsitrone, PSI 2024]

#### N. Fedorczak, PSI 2024]





- UFO data analysis: [J. Gaspar, NME 2024]
- W gross erosion: [N. Fedorczak, NME 2024]
- Surface-layer build-up: [J. Gerardin, NME 2024]
- Modelling: on-going (PHD A. Huart)
- Post-mortem: on-going [C. Martin, NME 2024]
- Thick W deposited layer studies → Magnum PSI

[see T. Morgan's talk this morning]



0

Monobloc

- HF XPR plasma scenario developed in C9 up to 15 s (LH1 uncooled) ٠
- Test the scenario in C11 up to 60s ٠
- Run the high fluence campaign at low  $T_e$  in C12 (1 month) ٠



## **Experimental plan in WEST**

W sources in the main chamber: RF E-fields, ROG?

use of N seeded detachment to turn-off divertor source  $\rightarrow$  W core content LH versus ICRH discharges





- ~1 MW/1s of ICRH over a stable plasma with 4 MW of LH power
- W sources extinguished on the inner, reduced on the outer side
- ICRH power too low → cooling of the core temperature – Te > 3 keV required to evaluate the core W content with UV spectroscopy



#### ICRH system (3 antennas)

- Frequency: 45 60 MHz
- Capability:
- 9 MW / 30 s
  - 6 MW / 60 s
  - 3 MW / 1000s

### Repeat with more ICRH power (at least 3 MW)

## Needs in support of the Tokamak experiments: modelling

2

[previous talk A. Kirschner]

**ERO2.0 MODELING** 

ERO2.0, JINTRAC

Post-treatments

**PWIE** 

### **WP TE**

#### PLASMA BACKGROUND MODELING

- plasma background with SOLEDGE2D/EIRENE,  $SOLPS \rightarrow DRIFT$  effect, turbulence (ballooning) SOLED3X, impurity transport
- PIC modelling (transients) in gaps
- Based on plasma diagnostics : reflectometry, Langmuir probes, bolometry, IR data...

#### RT06 task 3: E. Pawelec, J. Romazanov







1.8 2 2.2 2.4 2.6 2.8 3 3.2

3



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#### LINK WITH POST-MORTEM **ANALYSIS AND TUNGSTEN MEASURMENTS** Sputtering and prompt redepostion

- ERO2.0 wall balance vs post-٠ mortem analysis of the PFCs
- ERO2.0 vs measured tungsten sources (WII/WI)







# Thank you for your attention





# Needs in support of the Tokamak experiments: Atomic / molecular data => PWIE [see previous talk C. Guillemaut]

 $2 \times 10^{17}$ 

1.5

0.5

380

- S/XB WI 400.9nm
- S/XB NII (399.5 nm), D2; H2, isotopic ratio
- WII 435 nm /WI 400.9nm line ratio (prompt redeposition)
- PZD W, B, N2, O
- CAPS for W: WD and WH lines? (AUG data published, JET one is recorded)





### Fiducials on W MBs to measure the net erosion

WEST phase I W coated graphite divertor

marker layers





### Objective

Develop a method to evaluate the net erosion of actively-cooled W PFUs in a real tokamak environment with long plasma discharges over an integrated period of time









# > Needs in support of the Tokamak experiments: Linear devices $\Rightarrow$ PWIE

Investigation on the structure, and D-retention in W redeposits created by sputtering at various growth rates

- Mimic the thick W layers observed in WEST ("attached" plasma condition RT06), growth rate, chemistry f(ne, Te) on cold surface (70°C)
- Predict the ITER layer build-up (wall from Be to W gives additional W sources during current ramp up RT04)

