



## Integrated Digital Twin Framework for Breeding Blanket Systems: Coupling Plasma, Fuel Cycle, and Thermal Hydraulic dynamics

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### BACKGROUND: 2025 ACHIEVEMENTS

#### PROOF OF CONCEPT FOUNDATIONS ESTABLISHED

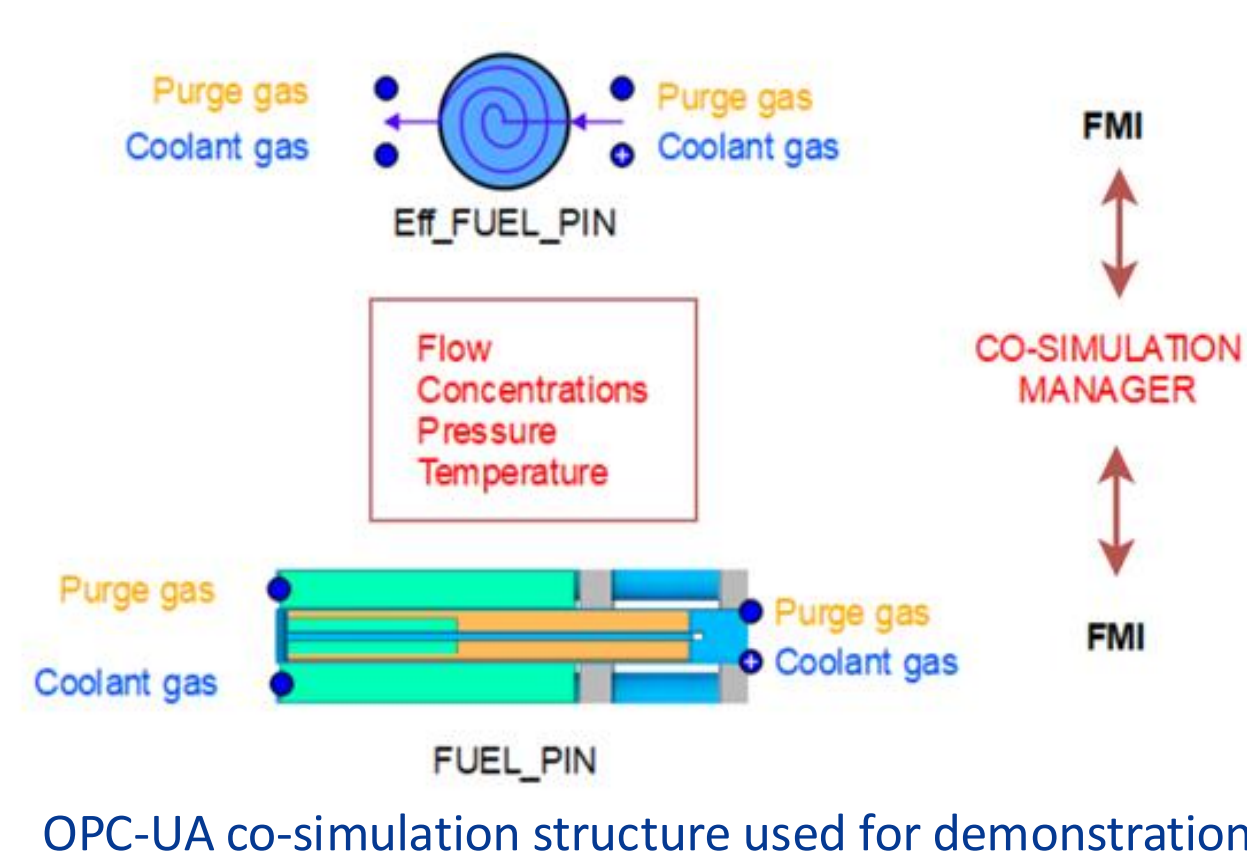
The 2025 project (AC-DTE.DT.CIEMAT-T001) successfully laid the groundwork for developing a Digital Twin of the Breeding Blanket (BB) and its ancillary systems:

##### Exchanged Variables Identification:

- Tritium Extraction System (TES) → Inner fuel cycle
- Coolant Purification System (CPS) → Inner fuel cycle
- First Wall → Plasma scrape-off layer (SOLPS/EIRENE)
- Pipe forest → Exhaust detritiation system
- Steam generators → Environmental impact systems

##### Mathematical interfaces defined:

- Heat transport models (RELAP5)
- Hydraulics models
- Balance of Plant models



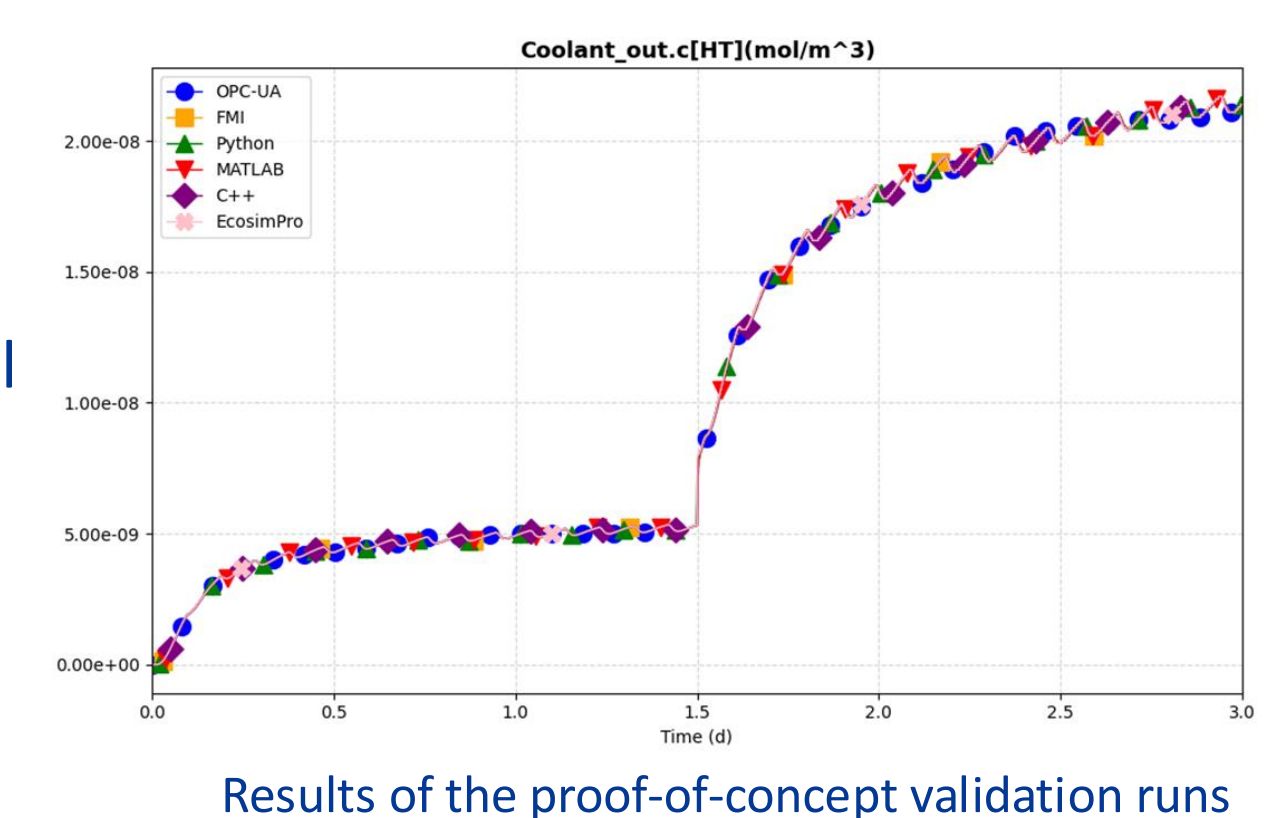
#### COMMUNICATION PROTOCOLS DEMONSTRATED

Five standardized communication interfaces successfully validated between EcosimPro® models:

- **OPC-UA** (Open Platform Communications - Unified Architecture)
- **FMI** (Functional Mock-up Interface)
- **Python-based** communication scripts
- **MATLAB** integration
- **C++ program** interfaces

##### Proof of Concept Validation

- Coupled fuel pin model with simplified TES/CPS model
- All protocols showed excellent numerical consistency
- Real-time data exchange demonstrated via UA
- Expert OPC-UA client
- Dynamic modification of extraction efficiencies (TES: 80%→50%, CPS: 90%→60%) validated



### DIGITAL TWIN FRAMEWORK FOR BREEDING BLANKET SYSTEMS (2026-2027)

#### OBJECTIVES

##### Main Objective

Develop a dynamic, integrated simulation framework for tritium transport, coupling EcosimPro® models with fuel cycle and incorporating thermal-hydraulic temperature profiles from RELAP5/mod3.3, while preparing the plasma-edge interface.

##### Specific Objectives

| Domain                     | Objective  |
|----------------------------|--|
| Fuel Cycle Integration     | Develop dynamic interface between EcosimPro® and fuel cycle simulators (Julia-based TFV code or ASPEN); exchange tritium partial pressures and extraction fluxes at every simulation timestep                    |
| Thermal Integration        | Implement two-way coupling between EcosimPro® and RELAP5/mod3.3; enable dynamic feedback of temperature distributions to update tritium transport parameters (diffusion coefficients, solubility, release rates) |
| Plasma-Edge Interface      | Consolidate and validate exchange variables at plasma-facing first wall; ensure compatibility with plasma-edge codes (TRIM, SOLPS)   |
| Validation & Demonstration | Apply framework to realistic DEMO breeding blanket scenarios; benchmark against standalone simulations   |
| AI/ML Enhancement          | Explore surrogate modelling approaches; develop reference surrogate model for system element; establish computational/accuracy criteria for surrogate model usability  |

##### Parallel AI/ML PHASE

- Study surrogate model types applicable to tritium transport
- Define selection criteria between surrogate and first-principles models
- Export datasets from EcosimPro® models
- Train and validate surrogate models for specific system elements
- Benchmark computational performance vs. accuracy

#### METHODOLOGY

##### PHASE 1:

##### Interface Specification & Protocol Definition:

- Review BB, fuel cycle, and thermal system interfaces
- Consolidate variable exchange requirements
- Define data exchange protocols and synchronization strategy

##### PHASE 2:

##### Fuel Cycle Integration

- Develop modular interface (EcosimPro® ↔ Julia/ASPEN)
- Implement timestep-based exchange (co-simulation)
- Test with simplified extraction/purification loop models

##### PHASE 3:

##### Thermal Integration

- Establish coupling routines (EcosimPro® ↔ RELAP5/mod3.3)
- RELAP5 provides temperatures → EcosimPro® updates
- Validate with simplified BB geometries under transient heat loads

##### PHASE 4:

##### Plasma-Edge Interface Preparation

- Define exchange variables at first wall
- Ensure TRIM/SOLPS compatibility
- Test data exchange with synthetic inputs

##### PHASE 5:

##### Integrated Demonstration & Validation

- Execute co-simulations for representative DEMO pulses
- Compare integrated vs. standalone simulation results
- Analyse multi-physics coupling impact

### EXPECTED OUTCOMES

#### TECHNICAL DELIVERABLES

| Year | Deliverable   |
|------|---|
| 2026 | <b>D1:</b> Interface Specification Report – Analysis of exchanged variables between tritium implantation (plasma) ↔ tritium transport ↔ fuel cycle ↔ thermal systems  |
| 2027 | <b>D2:</b> Prototype Systems Integration: Fuel cycle (EcosimPro® ↔ Julia/ASPEN), Plasma-edge (EcosimPro® ↔ TRIM/SOLPS), Thermal profiles (EcosimPro® ↔ RELAP5/mod3.3) |
| 2027 | <b>D3:</b> AI/ML Exploration Report – Surrogate model development for specific system element with selection criteria and results analysis                            |

#### SCIENTIFIC & TECHNICAL IMPACT

- Working prototype of integrated framework allowing dynamic co-simulation between tritium transport, fuel cycle, and thermal profiles
- Improved predictive accuracy for tritium inventories and permeation
- First demonstration of integrated Pulse Design Tool (PDT)–plasma–BB workflow
- Foundation for future extensions to plasma-edge interactions and predictive operational tools for DEMO
- Preliminary surrogate models embedded in EcosimPro® or FMUs for real-time execution