

# IMPACT: a Comprehensive Numerical Platform for Advanced Thermal Protection of Tokamaks

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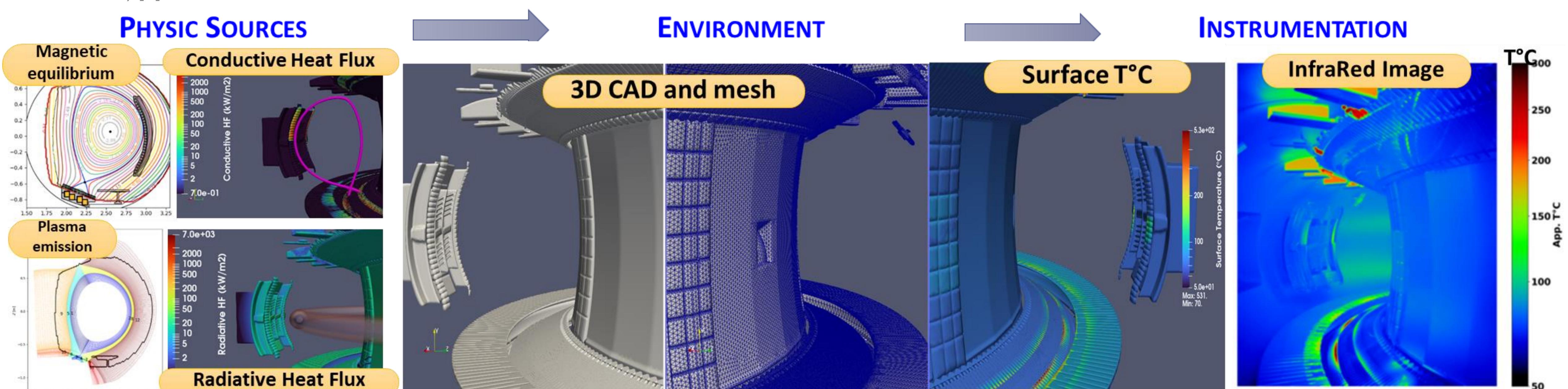
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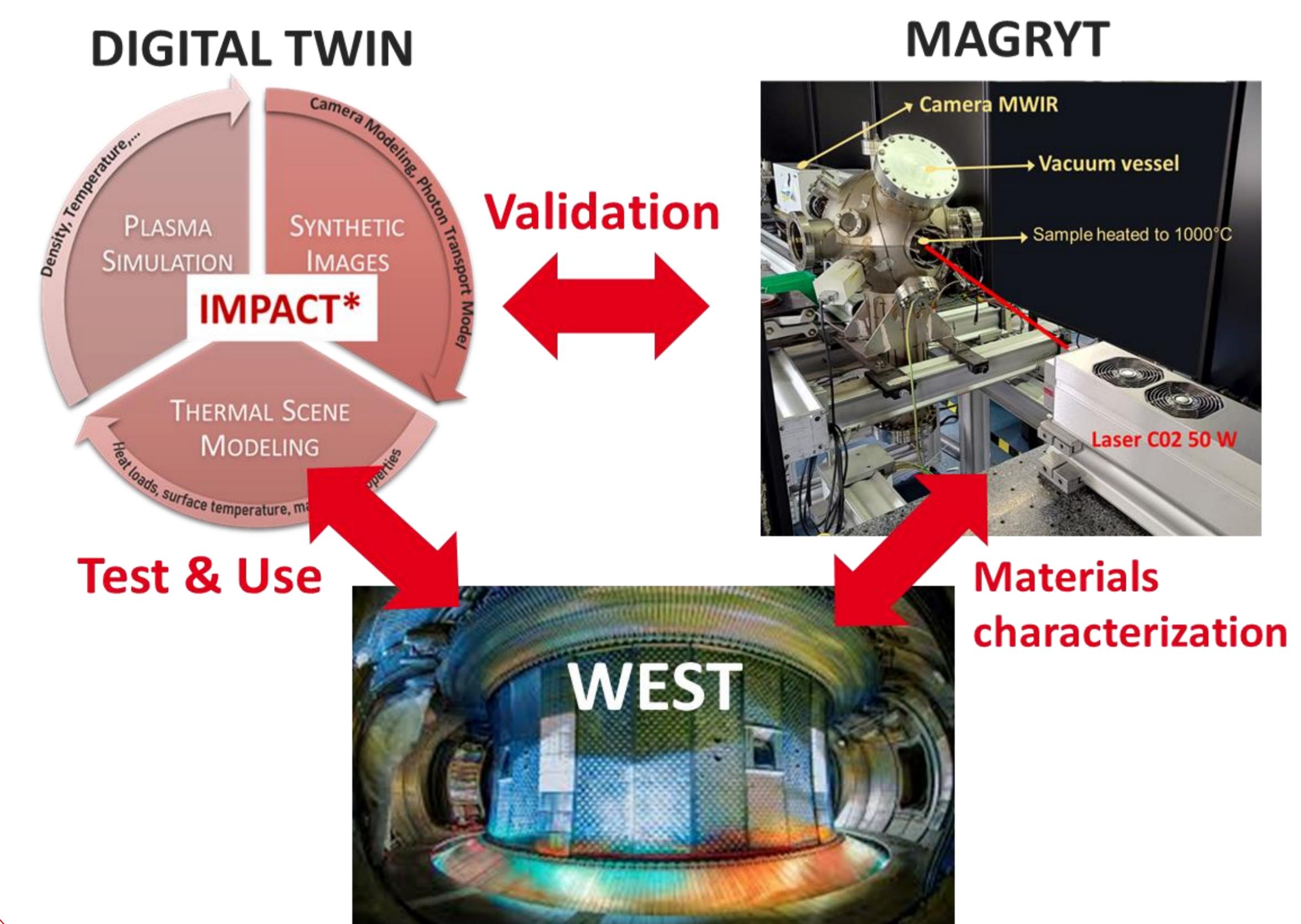
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## An InfraRed digital twin for Wall Thermal Protection and Analysis

- Context: First Wall Protection is challenging in metallic environment with changing surface state as the plasma operation progress [1]
- A simulation-assisted IR measurement tool designed to support the **design phase** and **InfraRed analysis during the operations** of Plasma facing Components
- Based on 3D models, an unique multi-physics platform capable of integrating and coupling physical and engineering simulations involved in the observed thermal scene up to its measurement process
  - Heat loads** : Derived from given plasma scenarios (PFCFLUX [2] +RADIATIX)
  - Thermal models**: For given materials & cooling systems
  - Photonic and optics models**: For given environment & camera specifications (SPECULOS/RAYMOND) [3]



## IMPACT development and benchmarking



### Digital Twin development (IMPACT)

- All primary codes for integration into IMPACT are available, with varying degrees of optimization (developed at CEA).
- Standardized input and output data, ensuring compatibility with IMAS.
- Automatic code coupling for seamless integration.
- Dedicated tools for experimental comparison (camera alignment, 2D-3D mapping, post-processing, iso-curves, plotting)

### MAGRYT benchmarking

- An experimental test bed that provides precise and controlled laboratory conditions to evaluate the thermal models and IR measurements predicted by IMPACT, within a vacuum chamber and at high temperatures up to 1000°C [4].
- Utilized for comprehensive characterization of material properties -reflectance and emissivity wrt ( $\lambda$  T, angles, roughness), complemented by equipment at Basel University (such as goniometer, AFM, and confocal microscopy [5]

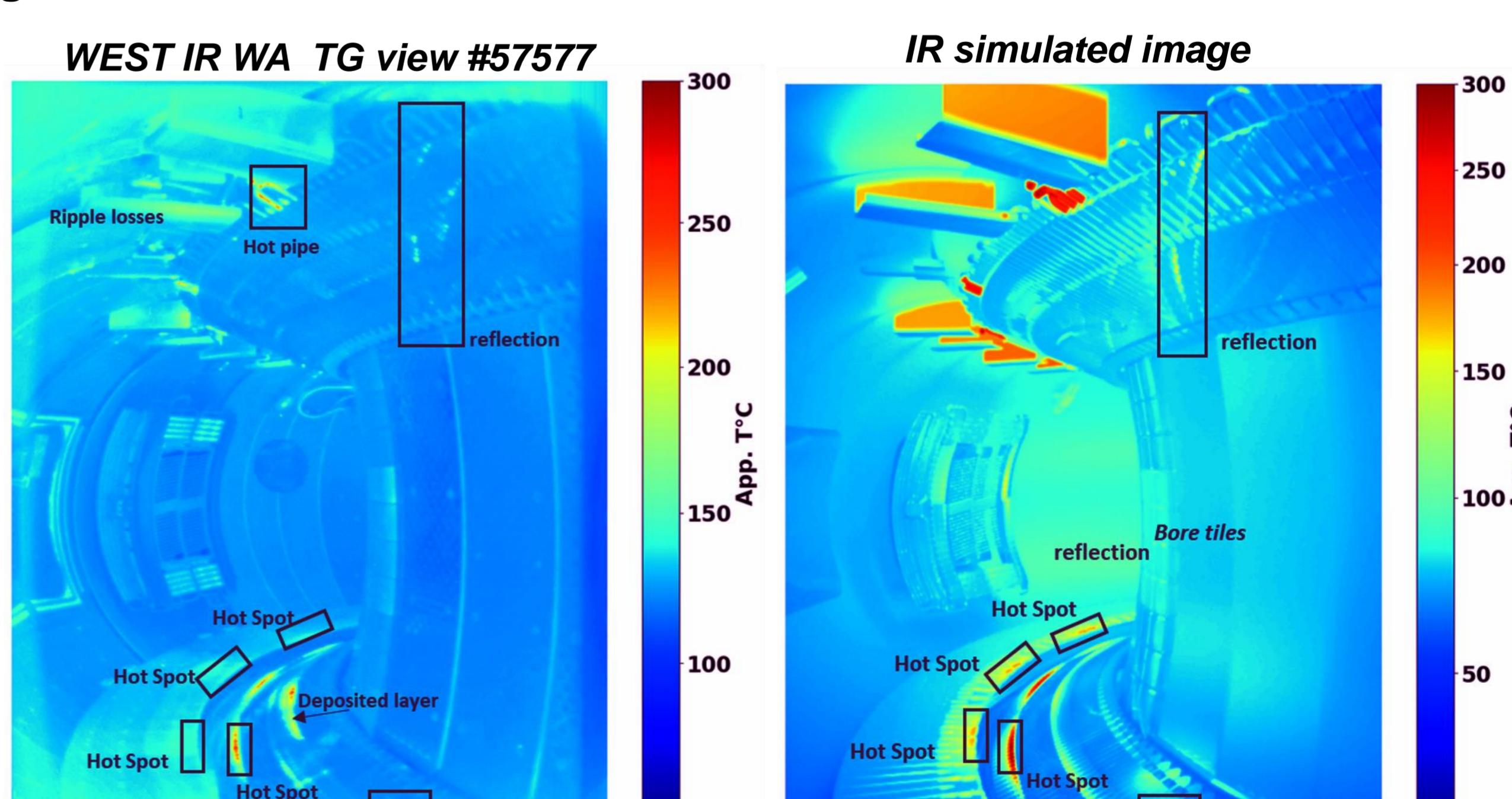
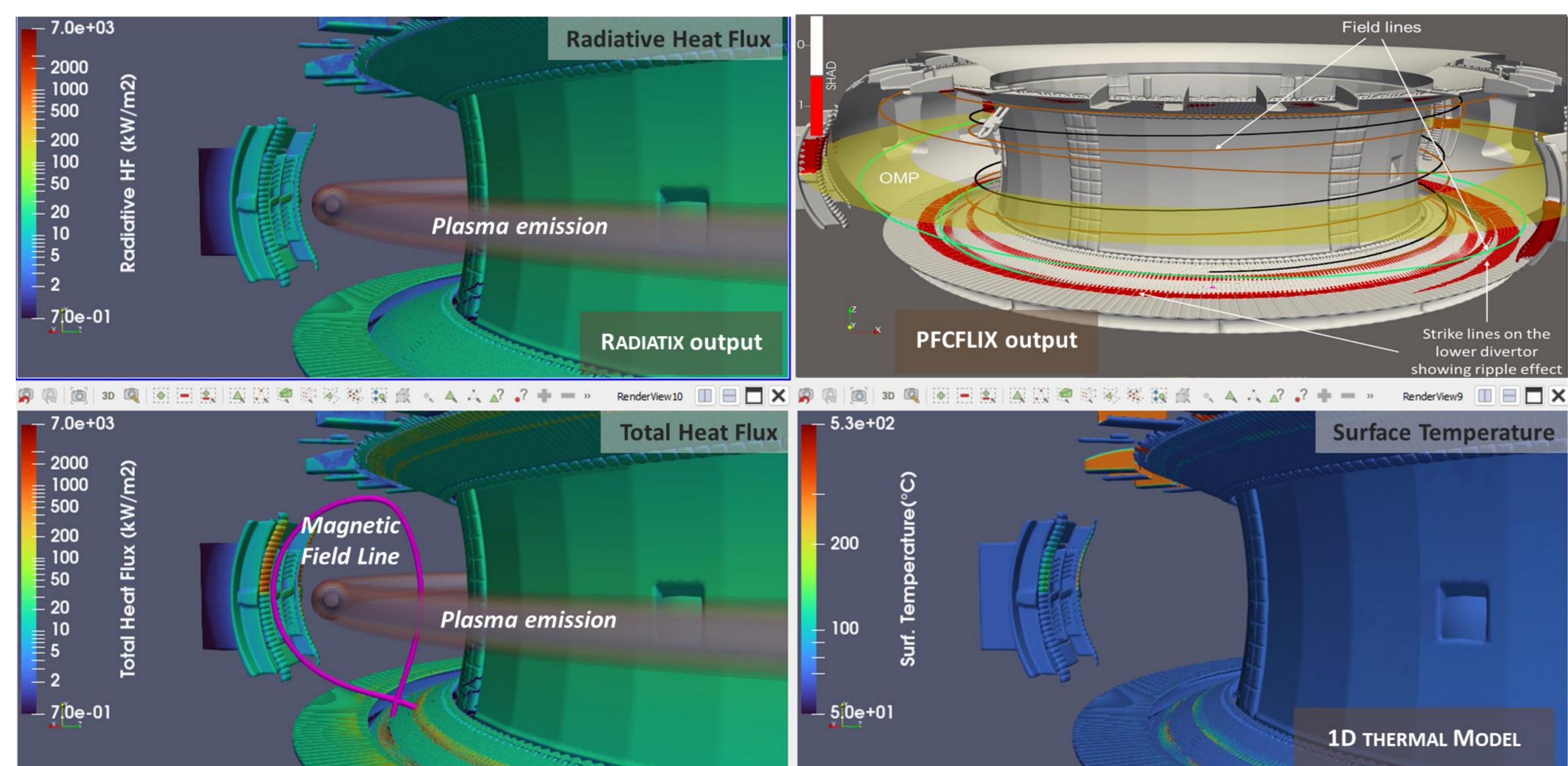
### WEST benchmarking

- Utilizes local temperature measurements (thermocouples, Bragg fibers).
- Employs special scenarios, such as baking-like scenarios with spatially uniform temperature.
- Coupled with inverse models (using machine learning or matrix inversion) for estimating thermal scene parameters [6,7] (2025 EEG of A. Juven)

## First Demonstration on WEST

### First codes coupling for simulating realistic IR images and benchmarking with WEST IR images

- Simulation of WEST pulse #57577 -  $P_{TOT}=3$  MW - ( $P_{SOL}=1.4$  MW &  $P_{RAD}=1.6$  MW)
- Significant improvement in computing time, reduced from 10 hours to 2 minutes on an NVIDIA A40 GPU for heat flux computations and a few seconds for simulating IR images (with 5 millions nodes, 2 millions magnetic field lines and 2 billion photons rays)



Multiphysics codes coupling improves the consistency of simulated images  
But the simulation fidelity will depend on the quality of the the input data

- Some physics data and models remains missing or inaccurate (antenna heat loads, e- losses, 3D thermal model, etc)
- contribution/expertise are welcome
- Here manual adjustment of wall properties
- on going activities on inverse models to automate and improve the process

[1] M.-H. Aumeunier *et al*, 2021, *Nucl. Mat. & Ener.*, **26**, 100879

[2] J. Gerardin *et al*, 2019, *Nucl. Mat. & Ener.*, **20**, 100568

[3] A.Juven *et al*, 2024, *Nucl. Mat. & Ener.*, **38**, 101562

[4] F. Retailleau *et al*, Measuring the directional emissivity of Plasma facing Components at high temperature, *Journal of Quantitative Spectroscopy and Radiative Transfer*, under review

[5] F. Retailleau *et al*, *Optik - International Journal for Light and Electron Optics* (2025), **338** (2025) 172476

[6] M.-H. Aumeunier *et al*, 2022, *Nucl. Mat. & Ener.*, **33**, 101231

[7] A.Juven *et al*, 2024, *IEEE International Workshop on Machine Learning for Signal Processing*.

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