

FUSION For Energy

JT-60SA – EU activities A Brief Overview E. Di Pietro (F4E)

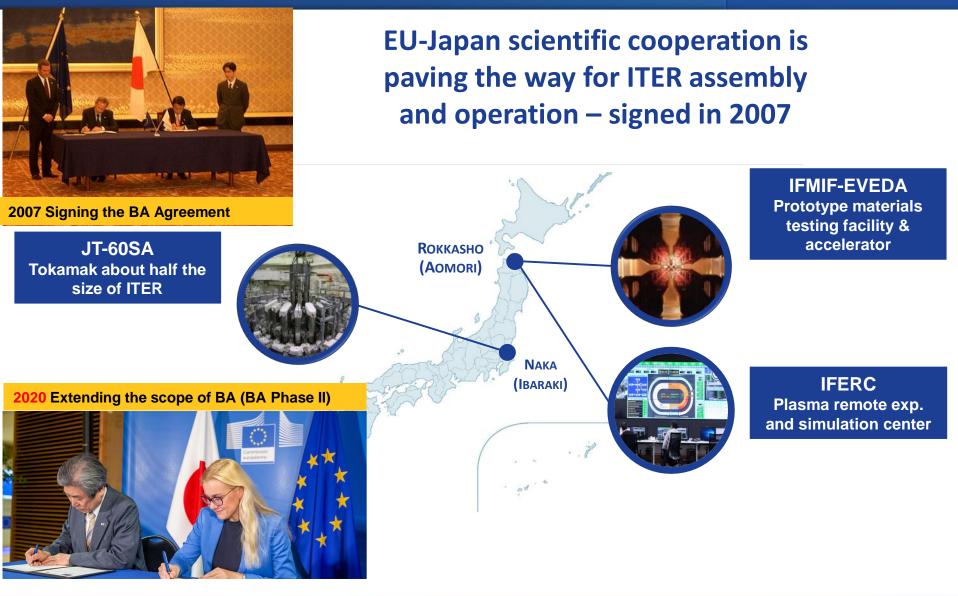
EUROfusion WPSA Planning Meeting

15 March 2021

BRINGING THE **POWER** OF THE **SUN** TO **EARTH**

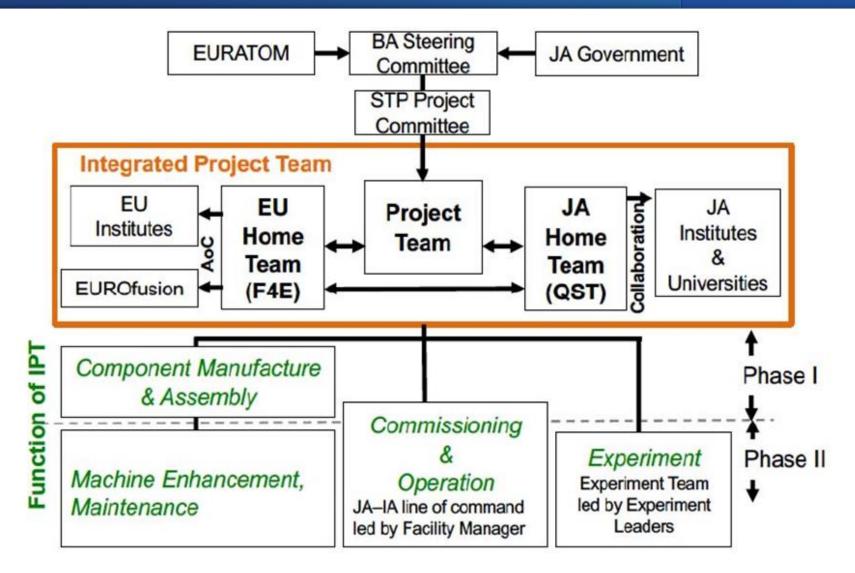
The Broader Approach Agreement





JT-60SA Organisation

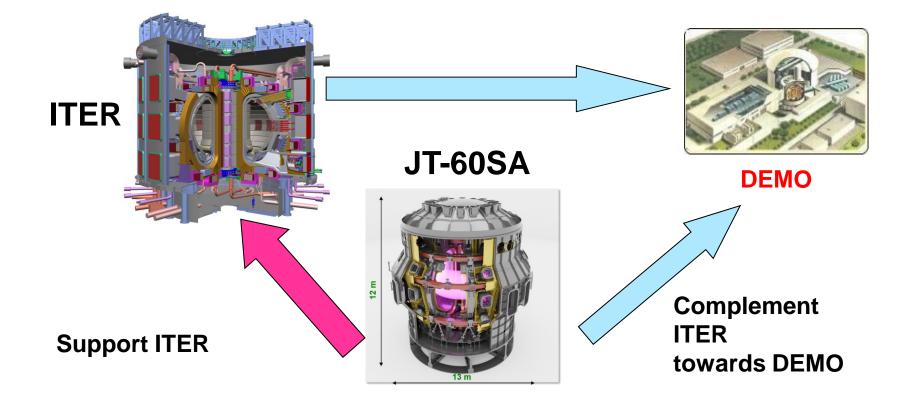


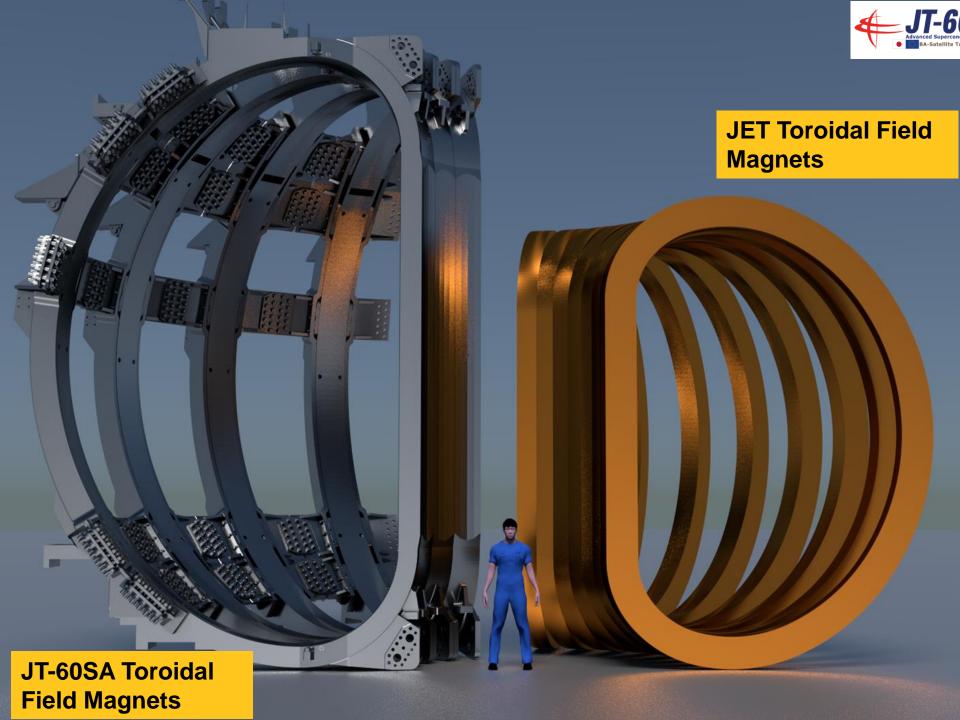






•Contribute to the early realization of fusion energy by its exploitation to support the exploitation of ITER and research towards DEMO.







JT-60SA Assembly timeline





March 2013 – March 2020

JT-60SA Status





- Final hydraulic/electrical/instrumentation connections completed in Sept 2020
- In vessel Components: first wall completed, upper divertor installed, basic diagnostics installed
- Control System: Integrated linkage tests completed
- Vacuum Pumping System: baking 150C/ operation vacuum reached in VV and cryostat
- Cryoplant: cool down started on 10 October 2020
- Magnets superconductive 26 November 2020
- Power Supplies: 'Combination Tests' and safety checks completed 10 Jan 2021
- Coil energisation from 13 Jan 2021
- <u>02.03.2021 JT-60SA successfully reaches its full</u> <u>design toroidal field</u>

For more info please visit https://www.jt60sa.org/wp/



09.03.2021 - Incident



- Three days ago we had an **incident involving the poloidal field coil EF1 and the cryogenic system** which has resulted in a significant interruption to the Integrated Commissioning.
- During **planned tests at 5kV on EF1**, **the current supplied unexpectedly increased**, **very suddenly**, and was eventually interrupted, at 5 kA by the PS safety interlock.
- Almost immediately, the cryostat pressure (helium, from spectrometer measurements) increased rapidly and reached 7000 Pa, resulting in a large increase of the heat conducted to the cold masses. The pressure in the cooling circuit, rapidly, reached values at which the safety devices (rupture disks), located on the cryolines outside the cryostat, opened and released the gaseous helium to the atmosphere in the Tokamak Hall.
- The structures inside the cryostat are now rapidly warming up. The latest measurement indicates that the **TF coils are at about 200 K.** Unfortunately , due to a planned power disconnection on Saturday 13 , Sunday 14 and Monday 15, no power was available, neither for measurement nor for any operation of the cryoplant or power supplies. QST put in place battery operated measurements which provided info on coils temperatures and cryostat vacuum. Energy was resumed on Monday 15th at evening .
- At present, the root cause of a series of incident is being examined.
- While a leak on the helium lines inside the cryostat vacuum is certain, the nature and size of any damage to EF1 or other components is still unknown. Identification the he loop where the leak is located has been performed. Actual analyses of the nature and location of the damage requires access to the cryostat.
- Therefore, as soon as power is again available on Monday 15th , the cold mass will be warmed up to ambient temperature and the cryostat will be vented to atmospheric pressure.
- At the moment we don't have elements to provide reasonable information on the damage and estimate on the possibilities and time required for repair.
- Naturally, we will naturally need to find out the **root cause**, also to make sure it does not happen again and to transfer this experience to our ITER colleagues.
- For sure this is a setback we would have happily avoided, but we are also aware that such events happen during commissioning. **We will fix it and move on**.

EU - Phase II Main Contributions



Operation/Maintenance/Commissioning

- On-site support for IC and Preparation for Scientific Exploitation
- Cryogenic Spare Parts and On-Site Support
- Spare Parts and for the On-site Support for Magnetic Power Supply
- EU cash contribution

Machine Enhancements

- Pellet Launching System
- Massive Gas Injection (MGI)
- Actively Cooled Divertor
- Divertor Cryopumps
- Error Field Correction Coil (EFCC) PS
- Additional LN2 Storage
- ECRF Transmission Line (TL)
- PS for ECRF System
- Thomson Scattering
- VUV Divertor Spectrometer
- Fast Ion Loss Detector (FILD)
- JT-60SA Simulator
- TF coil strain and displacements transducer
- EDICAM (ownership transfer)

Residual Phase I activities

- RWM PS
- ECRH PS

On-site support for IC and Preparation for Scientific Exploitation

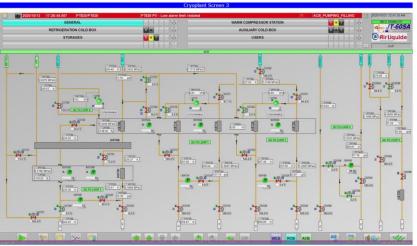


F4E and EUROFusion Experts \rightarrow support to the Integrated Commissioning

- PS `operation (QPC, Pyrobreakers, firmware etc..)
- Magnet and Cryoplant operation (cooldown, quench simulation, cryodisconnection, fast discharges etc.)
- Plasma working group



Eventually we managed to be present on site!





Working together for IC and Preparation for Scientific Exploitation







EUROfusion support for the JT-60SA integrated commissioning and first plasma operation with 44 EU experts (14 long-term visit, 15 short-term visit, 15 support without visit). Due to travel restrictions, only 2 EU experts travelled to Japan.

Collaboration topics:

EDICAM (first EU diagnostic) Cryogenics and Superconducting Magnets Plasma Operation Plasma Breakdown Scientific Exploitation Wall conditioning MHD and disruptions Equilibrium control Remote participation

Collaboration moved online:

Regular topic meetings with QST and EU colleagues Joint QST-EU Plasma Team Meeting every 1-2 weeks with all topics Weekly Integrated Commissioning Status meeting with QST, F4E, EU and ITER Daily F4E meetings Dedicated meetings on the future disruption programme (Shattered Pellet Injection - SPI, Runaways Electrons, Massive Gas Injection - MGI)

Strong motivation to join QST staff in Naka once the travel restrictions are lifted.

Collaboration on Wall Conditioning



Collaboration started on the Electron Cyclotron Wall Conditioning (ECWC) technique that was further extended to include other techniques such as Glow Discharge Cleaning (GDC), baking and Electron Cyclotron (EC) plasmas.

Preparation:

Regular topic meetings to share EU experience on ECWC and GDC from W7-X, MAST-U, Tore Supra/WEST and JET and share QST experience on JT-60U and KSTAR.

QST strategy on wall conditioning with feedback from Japanese University professors and EU colleagues.

During wall conditioning experiments:

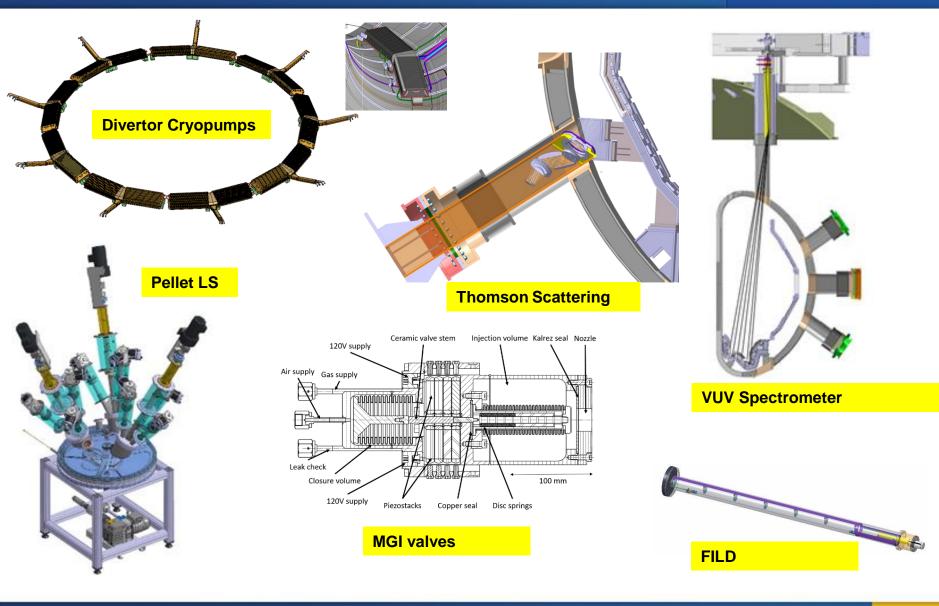
- Daily QST-EU meeting (10-20 minutes) on wall conditioning from 1-9 March 2021 with direct input into next steps in the control room.
- Use of Japanese night as extra analysis time by EU to support QST colleagues.





EF/F4E Collaboration for Phase II





Actively Cooled Divertor (ACD)



EU HT is preparing for the procurement of the Actively Cooled Divertor for high heating power and long pulse for installation after 2025.

- Procurement ready to start
- Procurement Strategy developed
- EUROFusion support starting (design, testing, NDE..)
- Target : delivery to site mid 2025



Conclusion



- JT-60SA as an example of collaboration between EU and Japan and, even more, among F4E, EU laboratories and EUROFusion
- Important and appreciated contributions from EF and F4E, in spite of COVID 19 difficulties
- 9th March incident produce immediate delays and consequences can not be quantified at the moment
- Integrating Commissioning will be completed in spite of present difficulties
- First Scientific Exploitation foreseeably delayed
- But Machine Enhancement activities are progressing well (with a fundamental contribution of EUROFusion and the EU laboratories



